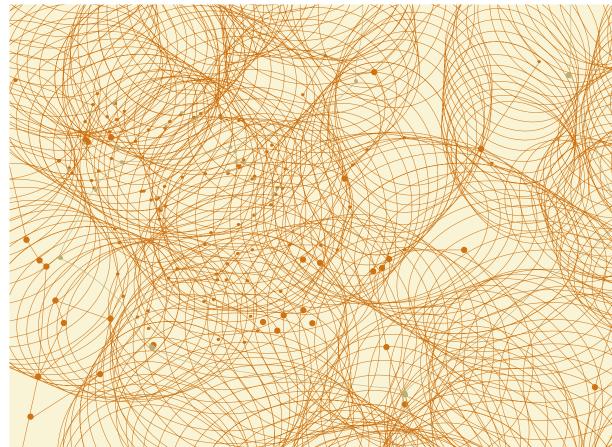
SLOSH

Swedish Longitudinal Occupational Survey of Health
– a nationally representative psychosocial survey of the Swedish working population

Anna Kinsten, Linda Magnusson Hanson, Martin Hyde, Gabriel Oxenstierna, Hugo Westerlund and Töres Theorell



SLOSH

Swedish Longitudinal Occupational Survey of Health

– a nationally representative psychosocial survey of

the Swedish working population

Anna Kinsten, Linda Magnusson Hanson, Martin Hyde,
Gabriel Oxenstierna, Hugo Westerlund and Töres Theorell
Stress Research Institute

Stressforskningsinstitutet vid Stockholms universitet är ett nationellt kunskapscentrum inom området stressreaktioner och hälsa.

Stress Research Institute at Stockholm University is a national knowledge centre focusing on stress reactions and health.

Ansvarig utgivare: Torbjörn Åkerstedt Grafisk form: Carina Oscarsson ISBN 978-91-975603-7-5 ISSN 0280-2783 Tryck: INTELLECTA AB, 2007

E-post: info@stressforskning, Telefon: 08-16 20 00

Hemsida: www.stressforskning.su.se

Stress Research Institute

Responsible for the survey is the research group Work Organization and Health at Stress Research Institute. Questions may be sent by e-mail to slosh-studie@stressforskning.su.se or with regular mail to slosh, Work Organization and Health, Stress Research Institute, Stockholm University, SE–106 91 Stockholm, Sweden.

You may also contact researchers separately according the following list:

Professor Töres Theorell, M.D., Ph.D., Project leader tores.theorell@stressforskning.su.se +46-8-5537 8925

Hugo Westerlund, Ph.D., Research group leader hugo.westerlund@stressforskning.su.se +46-8-5537 8926

Gabriel Oxenstierna, Ph.D., Researcher gabriel.oxenstierna@stressforskning. su.se +46-8-5537 8921

Martin Hyde, M.Sc., Senior lecturer Sheffield Hallam University, Great Britain m.hyde@snu.ac.uk +44-114-225 5574

Anna Kinsten, Master of Stress Prevention, Research assistant anna.kinsten.516@student.ki.se

Linda Magnusson Hanson, Ph.D., Researcher linda.hanson@stressforskning.su.se +46-8-5537 8916

©2007 Stress Research Institute and the authors.

All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, transmitted or utilised in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording or otherwise, without permission in writing from the Publisher.

Some of the questions that are presented in the report are protected by copyright. Therefore, anyone planning to use questions from the report should contact the authors to clarify possible issues about copyright.

Content

1.		Summary	13
	1.1	Background and aim	13
	1.2	Material and method	13
	1.3	Results	14
2.		Description of SLOSH	17
	2.1	Background and aim	17
	2.2	Material and method	17
	2.3	Strengths and limitations of the study	20
3.		Results	23
	3.1	Demand, control, support	24
		3.1.1 Demand	25
		3.1.2 Control	26
		3.1.3 Support	27
	3.2	Effort and reward	27
		3.2.1 Effort and reward	27
		3.2.2 Overcomittment and performance-based self-esteem	28
	3.3	Organizational factors	29
		3.3.1 Employer	30
		3.3.2 Organizational justice	31
		3.3.3 Leadership	31
		3.3.4 Conflict	32
		3.3.5 Type of employment	34
		3.3.6 The characteristics of work	34
		3.3.7 Changes in the characteristics of work	35
		3.3.8 Physical work environment	35
	3.4	Miscellaneous work-related questions	36
	3.5	Consequences of not being gainfully employed	37
		3.5.1 Negative aspects	39
		3.5.2 Positive aspects	41
		3.5.3 Participation in labour market programmes,	42
		employment training or rehabilitation	

	3.6	Social situation and lifestyle	42
		3.6.1 Lifestyle factors	43
	3.7	Health	44
		3.7.1 Burnout	46
		3.7.2 Depressive symptoms	47
		3.7.3 Sleep and recuperation	48
		3.7.4 Satisfaction with life	49
4.		Appendix 1 Tables	51
	4.1	Demand, control, support	1
		4.1.1 Demand	1
		4.1.2 Control	9
		4.1.3 Support	16
	4.2	Effort and reward	19
		4.2.1 Effort and reward	19
		4.2.2 Overcomittment and performance-based self-esteem	23
	4.3	Organizational factors	28
		4.3.1 Organizational justice	28
		4.3.2 Leadership	32
		4.3.3 Conflict	43
		4.3.4 Security of employment	49
		4.3.5 Type of employment	52
		4.3.6 The characteristics of work	54
		4.3.7 Changes in the characteristics of work	58
		4.3.8 Physical work environment	60
	4.4	Miscellaneous work-related questions	66
	4.5	Consequences of not being gainfully employed	71
		4.5.1 Negative aspects	71
		4.5.2 Positive aspects	75
		4.5.3 Support	77
		4.5.4 Participation in labour market programmes	79
		employment training or rehabilitation	
	4.6	Social situation och lifestyle	85
		4.6.1 Marital status	85
		4.6.2 Family of origin	86
		4.6.3 Present social situation, outside work	89

6.	Appendix 3 Standard questionnaires	133
5.	Appendix 2 Sources	131
	4.7.9 Obstacles	130
	4.7.8 Satisfaction with life	124
	4.7.7 Sickness absence/inability to work	120
	4.7.6 Sleep and recuperation	112
	4.7.5 Cognitive symptoms	111
	4.7.4 Depressive symptoms	108
	4.7.3 Burnout	106
	4.7.2 Physical ill-health	101
	4.7.1 Health assessment	99
4.7	Health	99
	4.6.6 Lifestyle factors	97
	4.6.5 Background	93
	4.6.4 Present social situation	92

Summary

Background and aim

SLOSH – Swedish Longitudinal Occupational Survey of Health – is a new nationally representative longitudinal cohort survey focusing on the relationships between work organization, work environment and health. In 2006, Stress Research Institute commissioned a first follow-up of the Swedish Work Environment Survey (swes) of 2003, which was carried out by Statistics Sweden (scb) during March – May 2006. A second follow-up is planned for Mars 2008. In this report, the responses to the questions in the first follow-up are referred to as slosh 2006.

SLOSH is financed by the Swedish Council for Working Life and Social Research (FAS) and was approved by the Regional Research Ethics Board in Stockholm. The main aim of SLOSH is to investigate the relationships, over time, between work environment factors and health.

October 1st 2007 IPM was transferred to the Faculty of Social Sciences at Stockholm University, and at the same time the institute has also change its name to Stress Research Institute.

Material and method

SLOSH is conducted in the form of self-completion questionnaires that are sent by mail to the participants. There are two versions of the questionnaire, one for respondents who are gainfully employed and one for those who are not gainfully employed at the time of the survey. The questionnaire for gainfully employed consists of questions about work organization, work environment, lifestyle, health and social situation outside work. The questionnaire for those who are not gainfully employed resembles the one for the gainfully employed, but instead of questions about work, it includes questions considered relevant for old-age pensioners, full-time early retirees, full-time disability pensioners, unemployed, students, long-term sick-listed, people on parental leave, homemakers and others who temporarily or permanently have left gainful employment.

The 2006 follow-up constitutes the beginning of a large longitudinal cohort study, in which a sample of about 9,000 people from the working population (in 2003) are followed over time with repeated measurements. SLOSH 2006 was answered by 5,985 people, of whom 5,141 answered the questionnaire for gainfully employed and 844 the one for those not currently in gainful employment. The next follow-up is planned for Mars 2008 and thereafter the intention is to send out new questionnaires every second year within the foreseeable future.

Compared to the SWES, SLOSH 2006 contains considerably more, and more detailed, questions about work organization, leadership, workplace conflicts and conflict solving. The questions about health were also essentially increased and comprise, among other things, self-rated health, chronic illness, psychosomatic symptoms, burnout and depressive symptoms. Moreover, there is a relative large number of questions about private life, and health related behaviours (e.g. excersise, alcohol and smoking).

The results of the survey are expected to serve as a basis for more effective work environment management and to contribute to the scientific knowledge about how working life factors, in combination with the private life factors, influence peoples' health.

In the present report, the responses to all individual items in SLOSH 2006 are presented divided by sex as well as age groups. Some questions are presented separately for gainfully employed and not gainfully employed (old-age pensioners, unemployed etc.) people. For comparison we also report how the participants in SLOSH 2006 answered the questions in SWES 2003.

Results

In the results part of the report only a limited number of questions are presented and discussed. These have been selected because they may be of interest. Some of these results are summarized below. However, in the tables at the end of the report, the answers to all questions are presented.

The portion of respondents who stated that they, at least once during the last two years before the questionnaire was completed, had experienced essentially increased work tasks, amounted to 47.4% (50.2% of the women and 44.4% of the men). This may be both a stressful and a stimulating factor, depending on context.

About 30% of the respondents answered that they felt stressed to a high extent or very high extent by demands to give immediate answers to e-mails and telephone calls that require a lot of work. A higher proportion of women (38.8%) than men (27.2%), stated that they to a high or very high extent were stressed by computers and other equipment that failed to work properly.

It was on the other hand more common among male participants (23.0%) than among female (18.1%), to feel stressed to a high, or very high extent by the demands to always be available on work-related issues both at work and during leisure time.

Leadership has in a number of surveys, both at Stress Research Institute and internationally, been shown to be of importance for the health of the participants. Concerning the question Does your manager listen to you and pay attention to what you say? A total of 70.4% stated that this was true to a high or very high extent. Among the respondents, 74.8% stated that their

manager sometimes or more often acted as a team builder, whereas 23.7% of the participants considered that their manager sometimes or more often was dictatorial.

Conflicts were rated to be relatively common at the workplaces. A somewhat larger portion of women (33.6%) than men (30.9%) answered that they in the last two years had been involved in any kind of conflict at work. However, there were no significant gender difference with regard to main strategies for solving differences of view at the work unit. More than 75.0% answered that differences of view were mainly settled by discussing and negotiating. About 12.0% reported that differences of view at their work unit were mainly settled by using status, authority or by orders. About one tenth of the respondents stated that no attempt was made to resolve them.

How people deal with conflicts and differences in opinions has also shown strong associations with health in earlier studies. In SLOSH there are thus questions about coping. This can be seen as a personality factor, but can probably also be affected by the work climate. The proportion of men who stated that they mostly or always had made clear immediately and clearly shown their feelings, when they during the last two years felt steamrollered or unfairly treated by their manager/managers totalled 66.9%. In contrast, 64.0% of the female participants stated the same. A larger part of the women (27.9%) than men (18.0%) stated that when during the last two years they had felt steamrollered or unfairly treated by their manager/managers, they mostly or always, had kept quiet and brooded over it. Women (20.6%) also stated to a much higher extent than men (5.9%) that in this type of situation they mostly or always took it out on their family/those closest to them.

Effort does not have to be unhealthy, if there are opportunities for recovery, biologically as well as psychologically. The percentage that stated that they, in the last three months had been troubled by disturbed/restless sleep at least once a week, totalled 24.4% for women and 18.2% for men. However long-term sick-listed people reported sleep disturbances more often, as did women on parental leave or disability pension. Sleep disturbances were least common among old-age pensioners.

With respect to the question "Does your work leave time for reflection?", a total of 32.9% responded seldom or hardly ever/never. A slight gender difference was observed, 30.6% men and 35.5% women replied accordingly.

So far, the data have been discussed based upon the answers from one occasion—SLOSH 2006. The main advantage of the SLOSH survey, however, is that it is longitudinal. This gives us possibilities to analyze "what comes first" and approach questions about causality. Such analyses will be published in regularily scientific papers in the future, and are not included in the present report. We refer the interested reader to coming scientific publications, cf. http://www.stressresearch.su.se/slosh-study

Description of SLOSH

2.1 Background and aim

In this report the results of the first follow-up of the Swedish Work Environment Survey (SWES) of 2003 are reported.

The name of the survey is *Swedish Longitudinal Occupational Survey of Health* (SLOSH). The official Swedish name is *Riksrepresentativ longitudinell arbetsmiljöundersökning*. Commissioned by the Institute for Psychosocial Medicine Stress Research Institute, the follow-up was carried out by Statistics Sweden (SCB) from March to May 2006.

The main aim of the survey is to investigate the relationships, over time, between work environment factors and health. The 2006 follow-up constitutes the beginning of a nationally representative longitudinal survey, in which a relatively large selection of the working population in the year 2003 are followed over time with repetitive measurements. The next follow-up is planned for Mars 2008 and thereafter the intention is to send out new questionnaires every second year in the foreseeable future.

The results of the survey are expected to serve as a basis for more effective work environment management and to contribute to the scientific knowledge about how working life, in combination with factors outside work, influence peoples' health.

2.2 Material and method

SLOSH is based on swes 2003. The sampling frame of SWES consisted of all gainfully employed persons, aged 16–64 years, who lived in Sweden in 2003. The SLOSH cohort comprises all 9,214 people who answered swes 2003. SWES is conducted by the Swedish Work Environment Authority (AV) and SCB. SWES is based on the *Labour Force Survey* (LFS) that is carried out every year. In this, randomly chosen individuals of working age are asked about employment. Among the respondents in LFS who reply that they are working, a stratified selection is drawn to SWES every second year. The stratification aims at a balanced selection from different occupational groups.

A circular with two different self-completion questionnaires and a letter of invitation was sent out on March 16th 2006, by SCB to a total of 9,154 people¹. After this, a combined reminder and a thank you card was mailed on March 24th. On April 6th, reminder number two was mailed together with new sets of questionnaires. Out of 9,154 persons, 5,985 replied, i.e. 65.4 % of the total study sample (cohort). The data collection was concluded on March 19th, 2006.

 $^{^1}$ 50 people had been excluded due to death, emigration, unknown address and participation in IPM's Stress Research Institute's pilot survey.

One of the questionnaires was directed to people who had been working in gainful employment on average 30 % or more during the last three months. The other was directed to people who had worked less, were not working at all at the time of the survey or were homemakers. The participants were instructed to answer only the questionnaire that was best suited for their situation. The questionnaire intended for people who were gainfully employed, consisted of 292 questions about occupation, work organization, psychosocial work environment, health and social background. The questionnaire that was directed to not gainfully employed comprised 146 questions about private life, participation in labour market/rehabilitation programmes, consequences of having quit work, health and social background.

The items in the questionnaires consist partly of questions from SWES 2003 and partly of new ones. The new questions were mainly focused on post-industrial work organization and working conditions, private life, and more detailed questions about health and well-being. In addition, established scales of job strain, effort-reward imbalance, organizational justice and similar constructs were included in SLOSH 2006 to increase comparability with other studies.

The Swedish Council for Working Life and Social Research (FAS), has financed the study. It has also been approved by the Regional Research Ethics Board in Stockholm.

Table 1. Number of gainfully employed and not gainfully employed respondents in SLOSH 2006.

	М	w	M+W	Men			Women		
				16–29	30–49	50+	16–29	30–49	50+
Gainfully employed	2405	2736	5141	144	1131	1130	159	1283	1294
Not gainfully employed	315	529	844	34	56	225	110	186	233

ATTRITION

The attrition is divided into object drop-out and partial drop-out. Object drop-out comprises subjects who did not return the questionnaire at all or sent back a blank questionnaire. Partial drop-out is when only some questions in the questionnaire were answered, or when answers to some questions were impossible to interpret, e.g. when more than one option was indicated.

Object drop-out was more common among men than among women. Participants over 50 years had a higher response rate compared with younger. The drop-out diminished clearly with increasing income. Regarding marital status, the attrition was highest for unmarried subjects and lowest for widows/widowers. In cities the drop-out was higher than in the countryside. In table 2 the object drop-out is broken down in categories.

Table 2. Object drop-out

Number	Percent
3019	33.0
18	0.2
2	-
2	-
6	0.1
69	0.8
35	0.4
13	0.1
3164	34,6
	3019 18 2 2 6 6 69 35

^a No information about the reason for drop-out.

PRIVACY

The data were de-identified by SCB before they were delivered to Stress Research Institute. All participants were informed in writing about the background and aim of the survey, and who carried it out. The participants were additionally informed that participation was voluntary and that information is protected by law. Stress Research Institute and SCB also have signed an agreement regarding the management of the de-identified material.

DEFINITIONS

In the questionnaires the following definitions were described as follows:

Work/Job	Your work/job is the salaried work you do for your employer.
	It is generally performed at your workplace.
Workgroup	The workgroup is made up of the people with whom you
	regularly work and with whom you usually share a manager.
Workplace	In this survey, your workplace is the place where you work, e.g. the
	bank office or hospital clinic where you work. If you have several
	workplaces, please consider the one where you spend most time.
	If you recently have changed jobs, please consider your new

workplace when responding.

Management With the management, we mean the people who manage the workplace, the entire company/organization.

b SCB was informed that the participants were prevented to participate in the survey, e.g. for health reasons.

^c SCB was informed that the participants were prevented to participate or that they did not want to participate in the survey.

2.3 Strengths and limitations of the study

One of the most important advantages of SLOSH is that it is based on a largely representative national sample of the working population. This means that the data presented in the report should give a relatively accurate picture of the work environment, health and social situation of the population that was working in 2003.

At the same time there are reasons to caution against over-interpretations. The aim of the survey is not mainly to investigate the prevalence of different phenomena within the working population, but to study prospective associations between different phenomena. Since the SLOSH cohort is based on a sample of the working population in 2003, answers to the 2006 follow-up are not fully representative of the working population in 2006. Rather, the answers reflect how a selection of the respondents, which was representative in 2003, answered in 2006.

A part of the SLOSH cohort had, in 2006, temporarily or permanently left the labour market (which is reflected in the separate questionnaire for non-working respondents), whereas those who entered the labour market between 2003 and 2006 are not represented in the cohort. Over time, the representativity of the SLOSH cohort will decline in relation to the current working population in Sweden. Compared with SWES, which is a cross sectional survey where a new sample is drawn each time, SLOSH is less representative of the total population because the drop-out from SLOSH 2006 is added to the attrition from SWES in 2003. To the extent a question is present in SWES 2005, it is thus better to use the responses from SWES if the aim is to reflect the current situation in the working population.

However, SLOSH still has an important value as a descriptive survey since the SLOSH questionnaires contain a relatively large number og questions about areas which have not been extensively investigated before in the literature. In the text of this report, we have illuminated some of the most interesting results in the survey-matters that are not generally known and that sometimes may be surprising. In that way, we hope that this report will trigger interest and reflection.

The real value of SLOSH, however, is the longitudinal design, where a cohort is followed with similar questions over time, which gives possibilities to analyze not only associations, but also approach questions about causality, which cannot be done in cross-sectional studies such as the SWES. In this report we have chosen not to show any results where we have made full use of this possibility for prospective analyzes, since they demand more of space in order to be correctly presented. We refer the interested reader to future scientific publications, which also will be summarized on the survey website, cf.http://www.stressresearch.su.se/slosh-study

The longitudinal design has another very important advantage—it will be possible to study the consequences of *changes*. To which extent does health tend to worsen or improve when people retire, become unemployed, sick-listed or continue their education? In the volatile, flexible working life of today, where few people can expect to have the same work throughout life, these changes may have far-reaching consequences. Bearing the aging population in mind questions about retirement and possibilities for a prolonged working life will also become particularly interesting to explore in SLOSH.

The possibilities to study changes also have a technical side. If it can be shown that an improvement or deterioration in working conditions is prospectively associated with a change in health, this strongly suggests a casual relationship.

A more basic use of the longitudinal design is to, as in this report, compare the answers from the same groups of individuals at different points in time. In this case, the comparison is based on swes 2003 (turn of the year 2003/2004) and SLOSH 2006 (spring 2006). If the comparisons are statistically significant a change has most likely occured. However, one cannot know the cause of that change with certainty. There are mainly three possible reasons for changes. 1) Changes in working life or the external society, e.g. increased work pace or improved control; 2) The fact that the respondents have become older and therefore are exposed to different environments and have different biological and psychological conditions. People can for instance get a higher position, better economy and have the time to find a better job, but on the other hand get a worse health and fewer possibilities to change work; 3) Effects of selection – since some questions only are answered by those who continue to work, the change may reflect what happened to those who were exposed to a development which was favourable enough for them to continue working. Changes must therefore be interpreted with caution. Questions about the first type of change may be best answered by a comparison of swes 2003 and 2005. However, unlike SLOSH there is one further source of error in comparisons between swes surveys, namely that the working force at different points of time has different compositions and for that reason react differently to the external conditions.

Many of the questions that are presented in the report are part of an index. These indices will be used in future scientific publications. However, in this report we have chosen to show every item (with all the response options), since we believe it to be of general interest to show how gainfully employed and not gainfully employed reply.

Women and men are shown separately in the tables and we have also pointed out some differences in the division between men and women in the text. However, this should not automatically be interpreted as gender differences. The reader should keep in mind that the Swedish labour market is quite gender segregated. The differences that can be seen in the tables could in many cases be explained by the fact that women and men tend to work in different occupations and different sectors of the labour market. This will be analyzed more in the future, but interested readers may study the questions in swes, which are shown divided by occupation in the swes report (*Work environment survey 2005*, see www.av.se).

The questions about health and social situation have mostly been directed to both gainfully employed and not gainfully employed in SLOSH 2006. The responses to these questions are presented together for both gainfully employed and not gainfully employed in the tables. A separate presentation of the answers from the respondents who continued working could lead to circular reasoning, i.e. the health development would be presented for those who are already known to have stayed healthy enough to continue working. However, this means that the results about health are not totally representative of the working part of the cohort. Likewise the non-working group consists of subgroups with very different conditions: old-age pensioners, students, unemployed, long-term sick-listed, etc. These groups respond differently due to differences in health status, age and life situation. However, splitting into subgroups would have given uncertain results, since many of the subgroups are small. It would also take a lot of space. Therefore, we have chosen to present these groups together in the tables for questions directed to the not gainfully employed. However, in the chapter Consequences of not being gainfully employed, a selection of some results are presented separately for different subgroups in order to illuminate the differences more in detail.

Results

In this report the responses to all questions, in SLOSH 2006, are presented. The tabels show the percentage of the respondents who have chosen the different response options in the questionnaires² unless otherwise is indicated. Under the heading M+W, the answers for men and women are presented together. Furthermore, the distributions of responses are split by gender and age group.

As a comparison, we have also included statistics on how the individuals who answered SLOSH 2006 replied to the correspondingly questions in SWES 2003. This gives an opportunity for comparisons over time. Note that the data that are presented under the heading "2003" are not representative for all respondents in SWES, it only concern the individuals, who replied to SLOSH 2006.

²The percentages indicates the proportion of the respectative questions, who chose the respective response options, i.e. valid percentage. Individuals who have skipped one question or answered in a way that is not possible to interpret, are ignored in the result calculation for that question. This means that the sum should always be 100.0%. Because of problems to round off, the sum of percentages for the different response options can sometimes be a few decimals over or under 100.0%

3.1 Demand, Control, Support

This section treats questions about job demand, control and support. Demand, control and support are all included the demand-control-support model, introduced by Robert Karasek and later on developed in collaboration with Töres Theorell and Jeffrey Johnson (Karasek R & Theorell T. *Healthy Work - stress, productivity and the reconstruction of working life.* New York: Basic Books, 1990.). On the basis of this model four extreme situations can be defined, relaxed (i.e. no high demands and high decision latitude), active (high demands, high decision latitude), high strain (high demands and low decision latitude). These four situations can in turn be subdivided into groups with good and bad support respectively.

Below, some examples of the results are presented. These results are also shown in Appendix 1. The differences between 2003 and 2006 that are mentioned in the text are statistically significant, if nothing else is indicated. The same applies to the 2006 data, where the differences between men and women and age groups are reported.

The results in this chapter only concern participants who had been gainfully employed on avarage 30% or more, during the last three months (when the questionnaires were sent out).

CHANGES BETWEEN 2003 AND 2006

Between 2003 and 2006, several changes had taken place concerning different types of demands. Compared to 2003, there were a greater proportion of participants that, in 2006, stated that they had had to skip lunch, work late or take work home. Totally, 33.2% of the participants stated that they at least one day a week had had to do this in 2003, whereas 41.1% stated the same in 2006.

In 2006, compared to 2003 a somewhat lower proportion of individuals experienced that they were generally able (within reasonable limits) to determine the hours they worked. In 2003, 66.7% of the participants stated that they had flextime or otherwise relatively free working hours. This can be compared to 63.3% in 2006. Women stated to a greater extent in 2003, than in 2006, that they could take short breaks at any time in order to talk. In 2003 the percentage of women, who could take short breaks more than half of the time, totalled 49.7%, compared to 37.2% in 2006.

In 2006 a reduced proportion of men and women reported that they always had possibility to receive support and encouragement from their fellow workers when their work became troublesome. In 2003, 35.4% in total responded that they always had a possibility to receive support and encouragement from their fellow workers when their work became troublesome. In 2006, this percentage had dropped to 27.0%.

Among men a somewhat higher proportion in 2006, compared to 2003, experienced that they did nothing at work but waited and remained prepared in case something might happen. In 2003, this amounted to 5.6 %, while it had increased to 6.4 % in 2006.

Some selected questions from the survey of 2006

3.1.1 Demand

In 2006, a greater proportion of women than men, 18.6% compared to 13.6%, indicated that their work often demanded too much effort. The proportion also increased significantly with age among women. Among younger women (16–29 years), 12.2% responded that work often demanded too much effort, whereas 19.3% of the older (50+) participants experienced the same. A considerably greater percentage share of women than men, 73.0% compared to 47.1%, also stated that work often required considerable social skills.

Moreover, considerably larger percentage of women than men stated that their job put them in emotionally disturbing situations. Of the female participants there were 60.9 % who stated that they experienced this situation sometimes or more often. In comparison, 38.0% of the male participants reported the same.

About 30% of the respondents answered that they to a high or a very high extent felt stressed by demands to give immediate answers to e-mails and telephone calls that require a lot of work, of too many telephone calls and e-mails and constantly being interrupted by the telephone and e-mail (p.26). In these respects no clear differences were observed between men and women. Compared to the female participants (18.1%) it was also more common that men (23.0%) felt, to a high or very high extent stressed by the demands to always be available on work-related issues both at work and during leisure time. On the other hand, a higher proportion of women (38.8%), than men (27.2%), felt stressed by computers and other equipment that failed to work properly to a high or a very high extent.

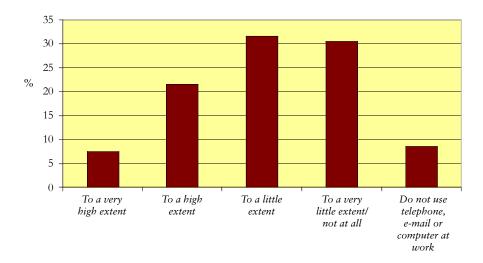


Figure 1. The response distribution for men and women combined to the question: "Estimate the extent to which you are stressed by constantly being interrupted by the telephone and e-mail?".

Women experienced to a somewhat greater extent than men that the demands at work often or always interfered with their home- and family life. The proportion of women who experienced that totalled 9.9%, compared to 8.1% of the men. A higher proportion of younger than older participants, also reported this problem.

3.1.2 Control

Concerning the possibilities for control in 2006, men (56.9%) answered to a higher extent than women (47.9%), that they often had a choice in deciding how they did their work. At the same time 12.2% of the men and 15.6% of the women answered that they seldom or never had a choice in deciding how they did their work.

Concerning the statement at my workplace, we are informed well in advance of important decisions, 35.2% stated that they strongly disagreed. The proportion of participants who strongly agreed with that, was 11.8%. A slight gender difference was noted, since a somewhat higher fraction of women than men agreed. The proportion of respondents that strongly agreed with this statement, increased with age.

3.1.3 Support

The proportion of participants who stated that they strongly or somewhat agreed with the statement that there is a good spirit of unity at their work place, amounted to 83.6%. Concerning how well people collaborate at their workplace, 89.8% considered that it worked quite or very well.

3.2 Effort and reward

A fundamental aspect of social interaction is that people strive for reciprocity, which among strangers often means a tit-for-tat exchange of favours and goods. The relationship between employer and employee, especially in a modern society, is more complex than that, but a growing body of research indicates that significant stress often results when employees experiences an imbalance between their own efforts and the rewards—both material (e.g. salary) and non-material (e.g. career prospects)—they get from the employer.

Effort Reward Imbalance (ERI), is not necessarily about objective injustice, but about the subjective experience that one's own efforts are not enough rewarded. It is the subjective interpretation, not the objective reality, that creates individual reactions which can lead to ill-health. For that reason, the scale "overcomittment" is added to the model. An employee who tries harder than what is expected of him/her, maybe more than what is needed, has a harder time to get a reward that corresponds to the experienced effort.

On the next page some examples of the results are presented. These results are also shown in Appendix 1. The differences between 2003 and 2006 mentioned in the text are statistically significant, if nothing else is indicated. The same applies to the 2006 data, where the differences between men end women and age groups are reported.

The results in this chapter only concern participants who had been gainfully employed on avarage 30 % or more, during the last three months.

Some selected questions from the survey of 2006

3.2.1 Effort and reward

It was comparatively common that the gainfully employed participants agreed with the statement: "Considering all my efforts and achievements, I do not receive the acknowledgement I deserve at work". That was somewhat more common among women; 14.0% agreed that they felt distressed or very distressed. The corresponding proportion among men was 12.8%. The proportion of respondents, who stated that their prospects of promotion were small and that they felt distressed or very distressed, amounted to 19.9%. A larger proportion of women than men agreed with that.

3.2.2 Overcomittment and performance-based self-esteem

In 2006 about one tenth (10.6% men and 11.7% women) of the gainfully employed strongly agreed that their closest ones claimed that they sacrificed too much for their job (Fig. 2). Regarding if the respondents sometimes tried to prove their worth through work, the proportion of female participants who strongly agreed with that (15.2%), was somewhat larger than it was for the male (13.4%). A somewhat larger proportion of women (16.1%) than men (13.4%) stated that they strongly agreed with the statement that, as soon as they got up in the morning, they started thinking about work problems.

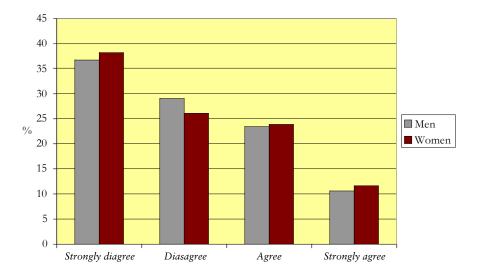


Figure 2. People close to me say that I sacrifice too much for my job.

3.3 Organizational factors

This chapter focuses on questions about organizational justice, leadership, conflicts, employment, employment situation, type of employment, the characteristics of the employment, physical work environment and plans for the future.

There are no simple causal relationships between work and health. A lot of research has shown that work has a protecting effect on health, at least compared to unemployment. On the other hand it has been consistently shown that a number of health risks exists in working life, physical as well as psychosocial. How a given work situation affects a person, positively or negatively, likely also depends to a high extent on the interaction between working life, private life and physical and mental condition of the individuals. In SLOSH there is a major focus on work organizational factors. This is not because they necessarily have a stronger relationship with health than other types of factors have. Rather, the focus depends on the fact that work organization factors are possible to affect through changes within companies and organizations and to some extent through agreements and political decisions.

In the international research, as well as in studies carried out by the research group Work Organization and Health at Stress Research Institute, leadership, organizational justice, downsizing, expansions and conflicts/solving of conflicts have shown strong associations with the health outcomes. Job security is more disputed but is likely to be associated with health.

Some examples of the results are presented below. These results are also shown in Appendix 1. The differences between 2003 and 2006 mentioned in the text are statistically significant, if nothing else is indicated. The same applies to the 2006 data, where the differences between men and women and age groups are reported.

The results in this chapter only concern participants who had been gainfully employed on avarage 30% or more, during the last three months (when the questionnaires were sent out).

CHANGES BETWEEN 2003 AND 2006

A somewhat higher proportion stated in 2006 (2.3%) compared to 2003 (1.6%) that they had been subject to personal persecution in the form of unkind words or behaviour from their superiors or fellow workers a couple of days a month or more. In 2003, 91.7% stated that they not at all had been exposed to this, compared with 85.7% in 2006.

Plans for downsizing were more common in 2003 than 2006. In 2003, 16.5% responded that there were plans for downsizing. In 2006, 12.6% stated

the same. At the same time there was a lower proportion who stated that there were plans for expanding the workplace in 2003 (18.9%), compared with 26.3% in 2006. For men an increase of the volume of the workplaces seemed to have occurred between 2003 and 2006. Both men and women experienced, to a higher extent, a risk of being involuntarily transferred to new duties against their will. Of the participants in 2003, 13.2% experienced a risk that should happen, compared to 21.8% in 2006. A higher proportion stated in 2003, compared to 2006, that it would be easy to get another, similar job without having to change housing. In total, there were 42.5% in 2003, and 29.6% in 2006, who thought that it would be easy to get another, similar job without having to move. Also concerning threat of temporary or permanent dismissal there was an increase from 2003 to 2006. In 2003, 10.1% stated that such a threat existed, whereas 15.3% answered yes to that question in 2006. A somewhat larger proportion of men (17.6%) than women (13.3%) felt threatened by that 2006.

In 2003 a lower proportion, compared to 2006, stated that they some part of their regular working week normally spend working from home. In 2003 a total of 21.1% stated that they at some time during the week were working from home. In 2006, 26.8% of the respondents reported the same.

The proportion of participants, who in their work sometimes worked solely physically, had increased from year 2003 to 2006. In 2003, 16.8% of the women and 23.5% of the men stated that they worked physically more than half of the time. In 2006, 19.2% of the women and 23.5% of the men agreed to that. An increase, from 2003 to 2006, was also seen regarding vibrations at work. In 2003, 0.4% of the women and 4.3% of the men stated that they were exposed to vibrations more than half of the time. In 2006 there were 1.5% women and 8.8% men who stated the same.

SELECTED QUESTIONS FROM THE SURVEY OF 2006

3.3.1 Employer

The most common principal employer was a private company for men and local government (district) for women. The proportion of male participants who were privately employed totalled 66.0%, while 36.4% of the women were employed by the local government (district) (Fig. 3).

In the diagram below the proportion of gainfully employed women and men are presented by employer category

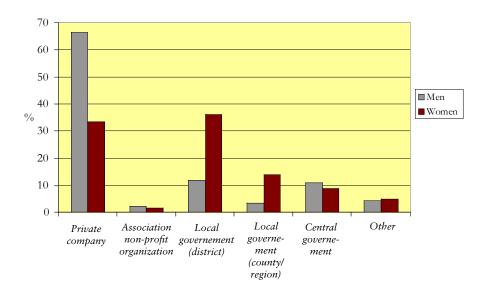


Figure 3. The proportion gainfully employed women and men by principal employer.

3.3.2 Organizational justice

The proportion of respondents who agreed strongly or somewhat with the statement that all sides affected by the decision were represented concerning organizations, totalled 43.5 %.

In all 50.4% of the respondents strongly or somewhat agreed with the statement that the decisions taken were consistent. The proportion participants who strongly or somewhat agreed with the assertion that everyone was entitled to give their opinion in matters of immediate personal concern, amounted to 68.0%.

3.3.3 Leadership

A total of 70.4% of the participants agreed to a high or a very high extent to the question Does your manager listen to you and pay attention to what you say? (Fig. 4).

Concerning the question "Do you tell your manager what you really think, feel and want?", 77.4% responded that they sometimes or more often told their manager what they really thought, felt and wanted. A somewhat larger proportion of women than men agreed with that.

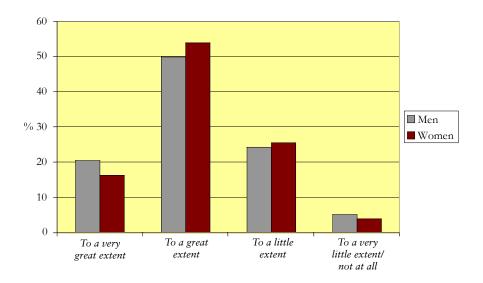


Figure 4. The response distribution for men and women combined to the question: "Does your manager listen to you and pay attention to what you say?".

The proportion of participants who experienced that their manager was just, sometimes or more often, amounted to 75.2%. Of the respondents 74.8% stated that their manager sometimes or more often acted as a team builder and 23.7% stated that their manager sometimes or more often behaved in a dictatorial way. The proportion of participants who stated that they during the last two years had changed line manager at least one time or more totalled 45.7%. A higher proportion of women than men, age 16–29 years, stated that.

3.3.4 Conflict

A somewhat higher proportion of female participants (33.6%) than male (30.9%) responded that they during the last two years had been involved in any kind of conflict. However, there were no significant difference between men and women considering how differences of view mainly were settled in the work unit. A majority, 76.3% of the women and 77.5% of the men, answered that the differences of view were principally solved through discussing and negotiating. A smaller amount, 12.4% of the women and 12.5% of the men, stated that differences of view instead were solved by using status, authority, or by orders. About one tenth (11.3% of the women and 9.9% of the men) of all respondents stated that no attempt were made to resolve them (Fig. 5).

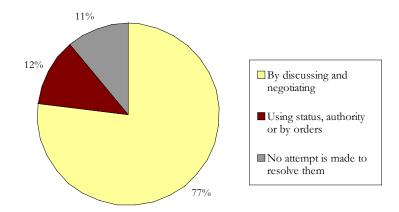


Figure 5. "How are differences of view mainly settled in your work unit?" The diagram shows men and women combined.

Some of the most common causes of conflicts for both men and women were collegues and work tasks/duties. In total 36.8 % of the participants who had been involved in a conflict at work reported that the conflicts concerned collegues and 32.0 % stated that they were about work tasks/duties. The women (40.4 %) stated that it concerned colleagues to a greater extent than the men (32.4 %).

A somewhat larger proportion men (35.8%) reported that the conflicts were about work tasks/duties Of the women there were 28.9% who stated the same. A larger proportion men (38.0%) than women (23.3%) stated that the conflicts were about job conditions, e.g. pay or working hours. Men (10.2%) stated to a higher extent, five or more reasons for conflicts, compared with women (6.2%). Concerning the question From your point of view, what was the results of these conflicts?, 72.3% responded that the outcome had been quite well or very well.

The percentage of men who stated that they "mostly" or "always" made clear immediately and clearly showed their feelings, when they during the last two years felt steamrollered or unfairly treated by their manager/managers amounted to 66.9%. Of the women there were 64.0% who answered the same. A greater percentage of women (27.9%) than men (18.0%) stated that when they during the last two years had felt steamrollered or unfairly treated by their manager/managers, mostly or always had reacted by keeping quiet and brooding over it. Women stated to a higher extent (20.6%) than men (5.9%) that they, in this type of situation, mostly or always had taken it out on their family/those closest to them (Fig.6). Compared to the above question, men above all, stated that they to a higher extent (74.2% men and 62.6% women) mostly or always made clear immediately and clearly

shown their feelings, when they during the last two years felt steamrollered or unfairly treated by their colleagues. There was also a smaller percentage of men (11.3%) and women (23.7%) who coped with unjust treatment by their colleagues by mostly or always keeping quiet or brooding over it and taking it out on their family/closest to them (4.5% men and 18.1% women).

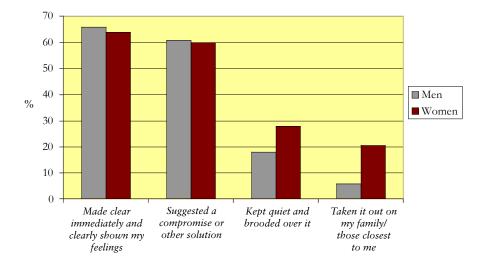


Figure 6. The response distribution for men and women combined to the question: "During the last two years, when you have felt steamrollered or unfairly treated by your manager/managers, how have you reacted?" The table only shows the reply frequency of mostly or always.

3.3.5 Type of employment

A majority of the gainfully employed, 85.3% of the men and 89.7% of the women, had an employment with conditional tenure or permanent job, and 9.2% men and 3.0% women respectively were self-employed.

3.3.6 The characteristics of work

Concerning their own workplace, 40.1% stated that they did not work at an office at all, 27.0% that they had an office of their own, 10.5% that they shared an office with others.

The percentage share of respondents who stated that they worked in an open-plan office with four people or more amounted to 11.4%.

3.3.7 Changes in the characteristics of work

The percentage who stated that they had experienced significantly increased tasks, one or more times in the last two years, amounted to 47.4%. The proportion of women who agreed with that was 50.2%, whereas 44.4% of the men stated the same. For 4.6% of the women and 6.5% of the men, the question was not applicable (Fig.7).

A higher proportion of women $(50.2\,\%)$ than men $(44.4\,\%)$ stated that they, one time or more, had got significantly increased responsibilities the last two years. Concerning decreased responsibilities, there were no significant gender difference or age trend. Among the women, $5.6\,\%$ answered that they had got essentially decreased responsibilities one or more times in the last two years. For $10.3\,\%$ of the women and $10.2\,\%$ of the men, the question was not applicable.

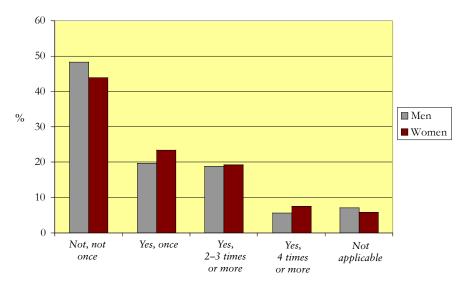


Figure 7. The response distribution for men and women combined to the question: "Have your tasks increased significantly?"

3.3.8 Physical work environment

A somewhat greater percentage of men (17.4%) than women (14.7%) stated that their work was such, that they more than half of the time, had to work in bent, twisted or otherwise unsuitable positions. A total of 30.8% of the participants reported that they were exposed to disturbing or tiresome noise more than half of the time and only 27.1% stated that they had not been exposed to that at all. Work at a computer keyboard was more common

for women, of whom 33.8% reported that they more than half of the time worked at a computer keyboard. The corresponding percentage of men who stated the same was 25.6%.

3.4 Miscellaneous work-related questions

In this chapter a number of work related factors are presented, that do not fit naturally into the other chapters. Here, questions about time for reflection and consideration as well as about cultural activities at the workplace, are to be found.

Some examples of the results are presented below. These results are also shown in Appendix 1. The differences between 2003 and 2006 mentioned in the text are statistically significant, if nothing else is indicated. The same applies to the 2006 data, where the differences between men and women and age trends are reported.

The results in this chapter only concern participants who had been gainfully employed on avarage 30% or more, during the last three months (when the questionnaires were sent out).

About one fifth of the participants, 20.0% of the women and 21.4% of the men, stated that they were dissatisfied with their contracted working hours per week and that they would have liked to work fewer hours a week. A greater proportion of women (5.9%) than men (1.8%) stated that they would have liked to work more hours a week. For women this was most common within the age group 16–29 years.

Regarding the question "Do you feel that your full potential is not utilised in your job?" totally 54.9% answered yes to that question. The proportion of men who agreed amounted to 58.0%, whereas 52.0% of the female participants answered the same.

The percentage of participants who stated that cultural events (films, plays, concerts, exhibitions) were offered to the employees at their workplaces sometimes a month or more, totalled 5.1%.

Regarding the question "Does your work leave time for reflection?", a total of 32.9% answered that it seldom or hardly ever/never occured. A difference was noted to a certain extent. The proportion of men who stated that, was 30.6%, whereas 35.5% of the female participants answered the same (Fig. 8).

About the same proportion women as men (82.5% of women and 83.8% of men) experienced in 2006 that they had enough resources to manage their job.

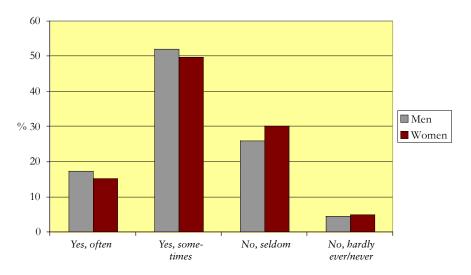


Figure 8. The response distribution for men and women combined to the question: "Does your work leave time for reflection?"

3.5 Consequences of not being gainfully employed

This chapter treats questions about negative and positive consequences of not being gainfully employed and also questions specifically aimed at those respondents who participate in labour market programmes, employment training or rehabilitation.

The labour market has become much more flexible during the last two decades than it was during the greater part of the 20th century. Nowadays it is a rule rather than an exception that people not only change workplace, but also occupation several times during a life time. Periods with different jobs are interspersed with studies, parental leave and spells of unemployment. A relatively large part of the workforce is moreover sick-listed during longer periods of time and many people stop working before the intended retirement because of ill-health or through contractual retirement. This means that studies that focus on work environment and health give an incomplete picture of the influences of work-life on health.

Moreover, retirement is an increasingly important social question, because of the aging population. How do the pensioners feel? What affects their health? What kind of effect does retirement have on health and quality of life? What does it take for people to have the strength and will to work until the age of 65? What does it take for someone being able to continue to work after the formal age of retirement? Today there are not many studies that follow people from working life into retirement and investigate factors which affect health.

Because of the increasing flexibility of the labour market and the increased importance of retirement, there are two versions of the SLOSH-questionnaire, one for the gainfully employed and one for people currently not in gainful employment. Included in the group that were out of gainful employment, are people who by choosing the questionnaire for not gainfully employed have stated that they, during the last three months before completing the questionnaire, on average had a gainful employment less than 30% of normal full-time.

In the tables in Appendix 1 all answers are presented for the participants who responded to the questionnaire for non-workers. Since some subgroups are too small to give reliable figures and because of lack of space, we present this group as a whole, without splitting it into subgroups. However, it is important to interpret the results with great caution. The consequences of being on parental leave may be very different from the consequences of being on long-term sickness absence or old-age pension.

However, in the text below we present the answers for some of the subgroups of the not gainfully employed.

Some examples of the results are presented below. These results are also shown in Appendix 1. The differences between 2003 and 2006 mentioned in the text are statistically significant, if nothing else is indicated. The same applies to the 2006 data, where the differences between men and women and age trends are reported.

The results in this chapter only concern participants who, when the questionnaires were sent out, were old-age pensioners, full-time early retirees, full-time disability pensioners, students, unemployed, long-term sick-listed, persons on parental leave, homemakers and others who temporarily or permanently had left gainful employment.

Some selected questions from the survey of 2006

3.5.1 Negative aspects

It was more common among women than men to suffer from stress after they stopped working. About one tenth of the male participants (12.5%) and about one fifth of the female (18.9%) agreed or strongly agreed with that.

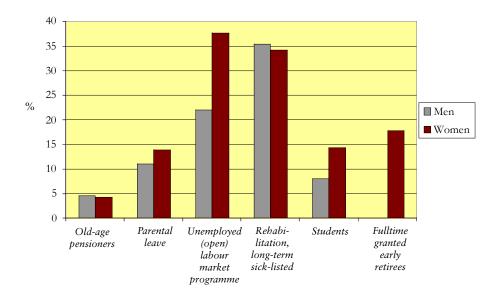


Figure 9. The proportion men/women who agreed or strongly agreed with the statement that leaving work was stressful. The respondents were split into different subgroups based on their current situation. The subgroup "parental leave" also includes homemakers. "Unemployed" includes open unemployment, employment training, work experience scheme and other labour market programmes. "Long-term sick-listed" also includes those who were in rehabilitation/occupational rehabilitation, those who were unemployed and sick, students during illness or unemployment.

In total 15.3% of the participants stated the same concerning the question if they had lost their purpose in life due to not being gainfully employed.

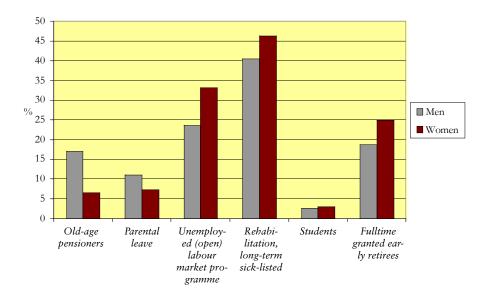
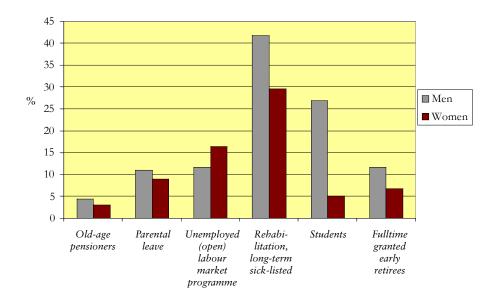


Figure 10. The proportion men/women who agreed or strongly agreed with the statement that they had lost their purpose in life due to not being gainfully employed. The respondents were divided into different subgroups based on their current situation³.

The amount of participants who agreed or strongly agreed with the statement that their health had deteriorated since they stopped working, totalled 10.7%. A total of 3.1% of the respondents stated that they sometimes or more had experienced that people avoided them because they were out of work. The total amount of respondents who stated that others sometimes or more looked at them as less intelligent because they were not employed, totalled 5.5%.

³For more detailed explenation, please see figure 9.



Figur 11. The proportion men/women who agreed or strongly agreed with the statement that their health had deteriorated since they stopped working. The respondents were split up into different subgroups based on current situation⁴.

3.5.2 Positive aspects

The total amount of respondents who stated that they felt more relaxed since they stopped working, was 55.0%. A somewhat smaller amount women (24.2%) than men (18.7%) strongly agreed with that. A larger amount of women (35.2%) than men (28.0%) stated that their health had improved since they stopped working.

⁴For more detailed explenation, please see figure 9.

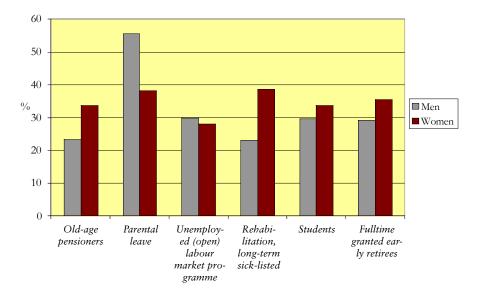


Figure 12. The proportion men and women who agreed or strongly agreed with the statement that their health had improved since they stopped working. The respondents were split up into different subgroups based on current situation.

3.5.3 Participation in labour market programmes, employment training or rehabilitation

The proportion of the unemployed who stated that they at present participated in some kind of labour market programme, employment training or rehabilitation was 15.8% for men and 13.0% for women. In the group long-term sick-listed, including people in occupational rehabilitation, 14.7% of unemployed men and 36.2% of unemployed women responded that they participated in some of these measures

3.6 Social situation and lifestyle

This chapter concerns questions about marital status, family of origin, present situation in private life, background and lifestyle factors.

SLOSH is first and foremost a study about associations between psychosocial factors in working life and health. To say that there are associations between work environment and health is, however, not the same as to state that there are direct, causal relationships between a certain work environment factors and disease.

⁵ For more detailed explenation, please see figur 9.

A large part of the debate concerning work environment and health today, is about to what extent it really is work that causes ill-health (e.g. sickness absenteism) or if there are, behind the observed associations, causes in private life. At the same time it is also of substantial interest to study out how working life affects private life and the general quality of life.

In this chapter we have collected the responses to questions about different aspects of the social situation of the respondents plus questions about lifestyle. The answers may be of interest in themselves, since they reflect the social situation and lifestyle in the working population. However, the principal reason to include them in the questionnaires was to make it possible to statistically adjust for confounders outside of work when associations between work environment and health are analyzed.

Some examples of the results are presented below. These results are also shown in Appendix 1. The differences between 2003 and 2006 mentioned in the text are statistically significant, if nothing else is indicated. The same applies to the 2006 data, where the differences between men and women and age groups are reported.

The results in this chapter concern the participants who had been gainfully employed 30% or more, during the last three months (when the questionnaires were sent out). The results also concern the participants, who, when the questionnaires were sent out, were old-age pensioners, full-time early retirees, full-time disability pensioners, students, unemployed, long-term sick-listed persons, persons on parental leave, homemakers and others who temporarily or permanently had left gainful employment.

Some selected questions from the survey of 2006

Gainfully employed women stated to a higher degree than men that they quite seldom or very seldom had enough time to do the things they needed to do at home. Among men the percentage totalled 20.3 %, while 24.3 % of the female participants stated this to be the case. This was most common among women in the age group 30–49 years, of which a total of 30.0 % experienced that they quite seldom or very seldom had enough time to do the things they needed to do at home. On the other hand, 93.8 % stated that their housing worked quite or very good.

3.6.1 Lifestyle factors

The amount of respondents (wheather gainfully employed or not) who stated that they at present smoked daily, was 10.1% of the male respondents and 12.8% of the female. In all 46.6% of the respondents stated that they exercised on a regular basis.

3.7 Health

This chapter concerns questions about self-rated health, physical ill-health, lifestyle factors, burnout, emotional exhaustion, depressive symptoms, cognitive symptoms, sleep and restitution, sickness absence and satisfaction with life. These questions are included in the questionnaires principally in order to make it possible to relate different conditions of work environment to health.

The questions about health are designed to capture a fairly broad spectrum of health and ill-health, of a lot of reasons. Since SLOSH is mostly about the relationship between working life and health, questions about health are needed as outcome measures, i.e. measurements of the consequences of work environment and other work related exposures. Such consequences can include serious diseases – such as myocardial infarction or cancer – but also less severe symptoms. The latter are of course a problems in themselves, since they decrease quality of life, but they are also of interest as possible markers of more serious ill-health. A long time may pass before serious diseases fully develop.

When the relationships between working life and health are studied it is of importance to take into account health status prior to exposure. This is an additional rationale for questions about health in this longitudinal study. Among the health questions there are also some questions about parents, if they have died and in that case when that happened. The reason for this is that some diseases, e.g. myocardial infarction, are strongly hereditary.

Some examples of the results are presented on the next page. These results are also shown in Appendix 1. The differences between 2003 and 2006 mentioned in the text are statistically significant, if nothing else is indicated. The same applies to the 2006 data, where the differences between men and women and age groups are reported.

The results in this chapter concern the participants who had been gainfully employed 30% or more, during the last three months (when the questionnaires were filled out). The results also concern the participants, who, when the questionnaires were filled out, were old-age pensioners, full-time early retirees, full-time disability pensioners, students, unemployed, long-term sick-listed, on parental leave, homemakers and others who temporarily or permanently had left gainful employment. These subgroups, consolidated, are called "not gainfully employed". In those cases where the same question is included in both questionnaires, these data are presented together for both groups.

The reader should keep in mind that some of the changes between 2003 and 2006 may depend on the fact that the respondents have become about two years older during this period.

CHANGES BETWEEN 2003 AND 2006

The results in this section only concern participants who had been gainfully employed 30% or more, during the last three months (when the questionnaires were filled out).

In total, 44.9 % of the gainfully employed (30 % or more) stated, in 2003, that it happened that they could not dismiss their job from their thoughts when they were off work one day of five or more. In SLOSH 2006 a clear improvement could be seen, only 29.9 % reported this problem.

In the same group of participants a somewhat higher amount reported, in 2003, that they during the last three months had heartburn, acid burping, a burn in the pit of your stomach or upset stomach. In 2003, 23.6 % reported that they at least one day per week, had had such problems. In 2006 21.1 % stated the same. The same trend could be seen for headache at least one day a week, in the last three months. The amount decreased from 23.9 % (in 2003) to 21.6 % (in 2006).

However, a number of deteriorations could also be noted. It was somewhat more common that women and men responded that they were physically exhausted when they got home from work. On average 9.6% were physically exhausted every day when they got home from work 2003, whereas 11.6% stated the same in 2006. In addition, men experienced that they, in addition to sleep, to a lower extent got adequate time for resting/and relaxation between working days. The amount who responded that they definitively got this decreased from 15.6% in 2003 to 12.9% in 2006.

A somewhat larger amount of women stated, in 2006, compared with 2003, that they during the last 3 months had had difficulties sleeping because thoughts about their work had kept them awake. The amount who had had such sleeping problems every day, had increased somewhat from 2.6% in 2003 to 2.8% in 2006. For men the corresponding proportion increased from 1.2% in 2003, to 1.6% in 2006. The results in this section concern all participants in the survey.

Low-back pain was also more common among both genders in 2006. On average, 7.4% stated that they had had pain in the lower parts of their back every day in the 2003 survey. In 2006 the corresponding figure had increased to 9.9%. A larger part also stated, in the survey of 2006, that they after work had had pain in the shoulders or arms. In 2003, 11.8% of the women and 8.6% of the men responded that they suffered from such pain whereas 15.8% of the women and 11.0% of the men stated the same in 2006.

Some selected questions from the 2006 study

3.7.1 Burnout

The results in this section only concern participants who had been gainfully employed 30 % or more, during the last three months (when the questionnaires were filled out).

Regarding burnout symptoms or emotional exhaustion there was a fairly clear gender difference. It was e.g. more common among women than men, 6.2% of the women compared to 4.5% of the men, to state that they had felt burned out by work, every day or more often. Likewise, 20.7% of the women and 11.9% of the men reported that they every day or a few times a week felt completely worn out at the end of the working day. Among the men this was more common in younger age groups whereas the tendency was the opposite among women.

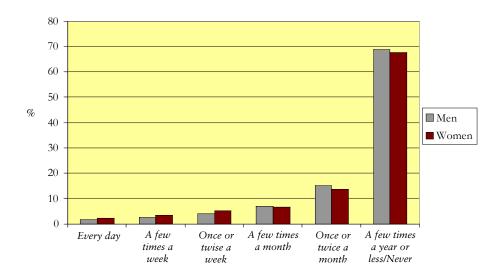


Figure 13. The response distribution for men and women to the question: "I feel burned out by work."

3.7.2. Depressive symptoms

The results in this section concern all participants in the survey. A greater proportion of women than men experienced that they during the last week had felt blue. The amount women who stated this was 12.2%, whereas 7.2% men responded the same. Among both men and women it was somewhat more common to report depressive symptoms in younger age groups.

The proportion of gainfully employed who reported that they during the last week had been troubled quite a lot or a great deal by feeling blue, totalled 12.4% among the female participants and 7.2% among the male.

Fig. 14 shows the proportion of gainfully employed and not gainfully employed who reported depressive symptoms. The group "not gainfully employed" is divided into a number of subgroups based on current situation.

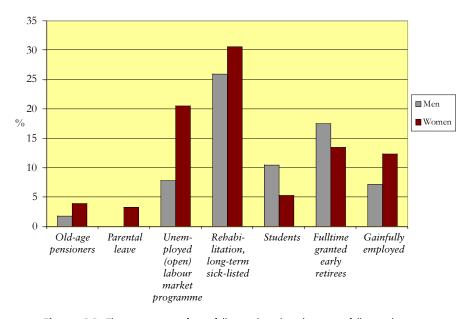


Figure 14. The proportion of gainfully employed and not gainfully employed who during the last week had been troubled quite a lot or a great deal by feeling blue.

The results in this section only concern the group "not gainfully employed" Of the not gainfully employed, 9.6% of the men and 9.0% of the women answered that they during the last weeks had felt quite or very much depressed or very unhappy.

3.7.3 Sleep and recuperation

The results in this section concern all participants in the survey. A larger proportion of women than men, 25.7% compared to 18.1%, stated that they often had had disturbed/restless sleep during the last three months.

The proportion of gainfully employed respondents who stated that they, during the last three months had had disturbed/restless sleep one or more times a week, totalled 24.4% for women and 18.2% for men.

Fig. 15 presents these results divided by subgroup based on current situation.

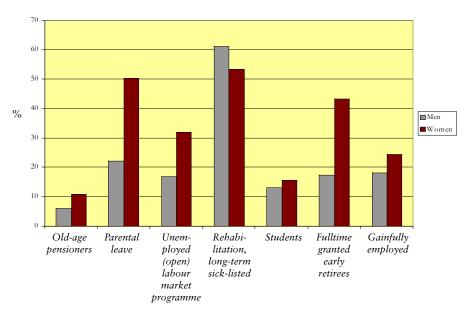


Figure 15. The proportion gainfully employed and not gainfully employed who during the past three months had disturbed/restless sleep one or more times a week.

It was more common in 2006 to feel too tired, or to not have enough time for family, friends or leisure activities. In 2003, $6.1\,\%$ women and $3.7\,\%$ of the men reported that they every day had experienced that problem. In 2006 the corresponding amount increased to $8.6\,\%$ and $5.3\,\%$ respectively.

3.7.4 Satisfaction with life

The results in this section concern all participants in the survey. The proportion of gainfully employed respondents who stated that they all things considered felt a little to very satisfied with their life as a whole, totalled 87.1 % for women and 84.7 % for men.

Figure. 16 presents these results divided by subgroup based on current situation.

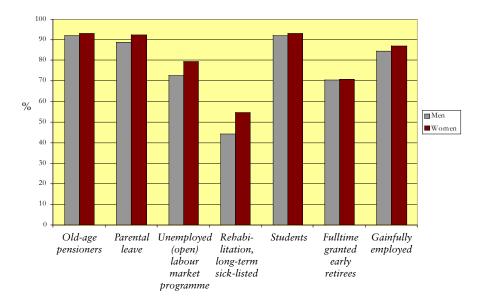


Figure 16. The proportion gainfully employed and not gainfully employed who felt a little to very satisfied with their life as a whole.

Appendix 1, Tables

Appendix 2, Sources

Appendix 3, Standard Questionnairs

4. APPENDIX 1 Tabels

4.1 Demand, Control, Support

Data concerning participants, who during the last three months, on avarage, have worked gainfully 30 % or more. Data indicated as per cent.

					2006						2003		
	Μ	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
Do you have to work very fast?8													DCQ
Often	30,5	32,8	31,7	33,6	34, 0	26,5	27,7	33,7	32,6	-	-	-	
Sometimes	57,7	54,5	56,0	52,4	56,8	59,2	62,9	54,7	53,4	-	-	-	
Seldom	10,3	9,6	10,0	13,3	7,7	12,6	8,8	9,3	10,1	-	-	-	
Never/almost never	1,5	3,0	2,3	,7	1,5	1,6	,6	2,4	3,9	-	-	-	
Do you have to work very													DCQ
intensively?8													
Often	18,9	21,1	20,1	21,1	20,4	17,1	16,4	21,0	21,9	-	-	-	
Sometimes	55,5	53,4	54,4	55,6	56,1	54,8	56,0	53,7	52,8	-	-	-	
Seldom	22,4	21,5	22,0	21,8	20,1	24,8	27,0	22,0	20,4	-	-	-	
Never/almost never	3,2	3,9	3,6	1,4	3,4	3,3	,6	3,2	5,0	-	-	-	
Does your work demand too													DCQ
much effort?8													
Often	13,6	18,6	16,3	11,3	13,4	14,1	12,2	18,7	19,3	-	-	-	
Sometimes	46,2	46,4	46,3	40,4	47,9	45,2	42,9	45,7	47,6	-	-	-	
Seldom	35,6	29,2	32,2	41,8	33,9	36,5	37,2	30,0	27,3	-	-	-	
Never/almost never	4,5	5,8	5,2	6,4	4,7	4,1	7,7	5,7	5,7	-	-	-	
Does your work often involve													DCQ
conflicting demands?8													
Often	10,5	8,9	9,6	5,6	12,2	9,3	5,1	9,5	8,7	-	-	-	
Sometimes	43,3	43,5	43,4	38,7	45, 0	42,3	37,2	45,7	42,2	-	-	-	
Seldom	38,4	38,9	38,7	45,8	35,6	40,3	42,9	37,7	39,5	-	-	-	
Never/almost never	7,8	8,7	8,3	9,9	7,2	8,1	14,7	7,1	9,6	-	-	-	

⁸The standard Swedish DCQ questions used in SLOSH were translated into English by an authorized translator. This translation is used here. In appendix 3 the Standard English version of DCQ is presented.

					2006						2003	3	
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
Does your job require													NA ⁹
considerable social skills?													
Often	47,1	73,0	60,9	43, 0	48,6	46,1	67,7	73,7	73,0	-	-	-	
Sometimes	32,9	19,2	25,6	35,9	31,9	33,4	24,1	19,0	18,8	-	-	-	
Seldom	16,6	6,0	11,0	15,5	15,8	17,6	5,7	5,5	6,6	-	-	-	
Never/almost never	3,4	1,7	2,5	5,6	3,7	2,9	2,5	1,8	1,6	-	-	-	
Does your work require you to													NA ⁹
invent your own tasks?													
Often	20,3	16,9	18,5	13,3	20,0	21,6	13,9	15,8	18,4	-	-	-	
Sometimes	36,1	33,8	34,9	28,0	34,6	38,6	32,3	35,0	32,7	-	-	-	
Seldom	27,8	33,6	30,9	35,7	27,8	26,8	34,8	35,3	31,9	-	-	-	
Never/almost never	15,7	15,7	15,7	23,1	17,6	13,0	19,0	13,9	17,1	-	-	-	
Do you in work, have to enter													NA ⁹
into other peoples situation?													
Often	28,7	54,1	42,2	21,8	28,1	30,1	44,9	54,6	54,6	-	-	-	
Sometimes	28,3	21,2	24,5	29,6	28,5	28,0	19,2	20,7	22,0	-	-	-	
Seldom	27,1	14,8	20,5	21,8	26,1	28,8	21,8	15,3	13,5	-	-	-	
Never/almost never	15,9	9,9	12,7	26,8	17,4	13,1	14,1	9,4	10,0	-	-	-	
Do you have to keep yourself													NA ⁹
updated in your work, e.g. by													
constantly learning new things													
and regularly seeking new													
information?													
Yes	82,7	85,3	84,1	81,1	84,8	80,8	79,0	86,7	84,8	-	-	-	
No	17,3	14,7	15,9	18,9	15,2	19,2	21,0	13,3	15,2	-	-	-	

⁹References: Gabriel Oxenstierna and Maria Widmark.

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
Technology can be a great help,													NEW
but can also lead to new kinds													
of stress. Estimate the extent to													
which you are stressed by													
demands to always be													NEW
available on work-related issues													
both at work and during leisure													
time?													
To a very high extent	4,7	4, 0	4,3	2,1	5,0	4,7	3,8	3,9	4,1	-	-	-	
To a high extent	18,3	14,1	16,0	15,4	19,5	17,4	12,8	14,5	13,8	-	-	-	
To a little extent	36,0	34,8	35,4	36,4	33,5	38,5	26,9	35,1	35,4	-	-	-	
To a very little extent/not at all	36,7	43,8	40,5	38,5	38,0	35,2	52,6	44,6	42,0	-	-	-	
Do not use telephone, e-mail or	4,3	3,3	3,8	7,7	3,9	4,2	3,8	1,9	4,7	-	-	-	
computer at work													
demands to give immediate													NEW
answers to e-mails and													
telephone calls that require a lot													
of work?													
To a very high extent	6,3	6,8	6,6	3,5	7,1	6, 0	5,8	7,3	6,4	-	-	-	
To a high extent	23,0	23,7	23,4	20,3	23,5	22,9	18,7	22,2	25,8	-	-	-	
To a little extent	31,8	31,8	31,8	28,7	32,1	31,9	27,1	32,5	31,6	-	-	-	
To a very little extent/not at all	28,7	29,5	29,1	35,0	28,3	28,3	36,1	30,9	27,3	-	-	-	
Do not use telephone, e-mail or computer at work	10,1	8,2	9,1	12,6	9,0	10,9	12,3	7,0	8,9	-	-	-	

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
Technology can be a great help,													NEW
but can also lead to new kinds													
of stress. Estimate the extent to													
which you are stressed by													
too many telephone calls and													NEW
e-mails?													
To a very high extent	6,3	6,7	6,5	3,5	6,9	6,2	3,9	7,2	6,5	-	-	-	
To a high extent	23,1	22,6	22,8	18,3	23,3	23,5	17,4	22,6	23,3	-	-	-	
To a little extent	36,9	37,4	37,2	33,8	37,3	37,0	39,4	36,4	38,1	-	-	-	
To a very little extent/not at all	26,1	26,5	26,3	33,8	25,8	25,5	30,3	27,9	24,7	-	-	-	
Do not use telephone, e-mail or	7,5	6,8	7,1	10,6	6,7	7,9	9,0	5,9	7,5	-	-	-	
computer at work													
constantly being interrupted													NEW
by the telephone and e-mail?													
To a very high extent	6,8	8,1	7,5	5,6	7,3	6,5	7,1	8,6	7,7	-	-	-	
To a high extent	22,0	21,2	21,6	14, 0	23,9	21,2	16,1	21,5	21,6	-	-	-	
To a little extent	30,6	32,5	31,6	28,0	30,2	31,4	27,7	31,7	33,8	-	-	-	
To a very little extent/not at all	30,8	30,5	30,6	38,5	29,9	30,6	36,8	32,0	28,2	-	-	-	
Do not use telephone, e-mail or computer at work	9,7	7,7	8,7	14,0	8,7	10,2	12,3	6,2	8,7	-	-	-	

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
Technology can be a great help,													NEW
but can also lead to new kinds													
of stress. Estimate the extent to													
which you're stressed by													
computers and other													NEW
equipment that fail to work													
properly?													
To a very high extent	9,2	13,8	11,6	8,4	9,6	9,0	11,5	13,7	14,1	-	-	-	
To a high extent	18,0	25,0	21,7	15,4	18,9	17,4	19,7	26,5	24,1	-	-	-	
To a little extent	35,4	31,3	33,2	31,5	36,1	35,1	30,6	30,6	32,1	-	-	-	
To a very little extent/not at all	28,2	22,5	25,1	32,9	28,0	27,7	28,0	23,0	21,2	-	-	-	
Do not use telephone, e-mail or	9,2	7,5	8,3	11,9	7,4	10,7	10,2	6,2	8,5	-	-	-	
computer at work													
Does your work require your													SWES
undivided attention and													
concentration?													
Nearly all the time	37,9	47,0	42,7	31,2	34,9	41,8	43,4	43,4	50,9	38,3	48,9	44,0	
Roughly 3/4 of the time	29,1	26,9	27,9	34,0	30,9	26,7	23,3	28,0	26,1	27,4	25,5	26,4	
Half of the time	20,6	17,2	18,8	22,0	21,3	19,7	23,3	18,3	15,3	19,3	15,4	17,2	
Roughly 1/4 of the time	6,0	4,4	5,1	5,7	6,9	5,2	5,0	5,3	3,4	8,2	4,8	6,4	
Some perhaps 1/10 of the time	4,2	2,8	3,5	4,3	3,9	4,5	3,8	3,2	2,3	4,7	4,1	4,4	
No, not at all	2,1	1,8	1,9	2,8	2,1	2,1	1,3	1,7	1,9	2,0	1,3	1,6	

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
		•		16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
In your job, do you ever come									•				AMU
into contact with people who													
are seriously ill or people with													
serious problems?													
Every day	7,4	25,0	16,8	6,4	6,7	8,2	23,9	24,4	25,8	7,1	25,9	17,1	
A couple of days a week (1 day of	3,9	8,7	6,5	3,5	3,8	4, 0	3,8	8,6	9,5	3,4	6,4	5,0	
2)													
One day a week (1 day of 5)	3,7	4,5	4,1	3,5	3,5	3,9	3,8	4,7	4,4	3,2	5,0	4,2	
A couple of days a month (1 day	7,7	10,0	8,9	9,2	7,4	7,8	4,4	9,7	11,0	9,1	10,7	9,9	
of 10)													
Not at all/Seldom in the past 3	77,4	51,7	63,7	77,3	78,6	76,1	64,2	52,7	49,3	77,2	52, 0	63,8	
months													
Do the demands placed on you													WOLFF
at work, interfere with your													
home- and family life in a													
negative way?													
Very seldom	40,6	37,0	38,7	36,8	35,7	45,9	39,9	32,3	41,3	-	-	-	
Quite seldom	21,0	19,7	20,3	22,9	20,0	21,7	19,0	19,4	20,1	-	-	-	
Sometimes	30,4	33,4	32, 0	33,3	34,9	25,4	29,7	37,8	29,6	-	-	-	
Very often	7,4	8,9	8,2	5,6	8,5	6,5	10,8	9,8	7,7	-	-	-	
Always	,7	1,0	,9	1,4	,8	,5	,6	,7	1,3	-	-	-	
Do the demands placed on you													WOLFF
at home/your family, interfere													
with your work in a negative													
way?													
Very seldom	55,3	60,5	58,1	61,1	47,7	62,2	70,3	51,8	68,0	-	-	-	
Quite seldom	26,8	22,3	24,4	24,3	28,4	25,4	17,1	25,3	19,8	-	-	-	
Sometimes	15,8	15,3	15,5	13,9	21,0	10,8	10,1	19,9	11,2	-	-	-	
Very often	1,8	1,7	1,7	,7	2,7	1,1	1,9	2,7	,6	-	-	-	
Always	,3	,3	,3	,0	,3	,4	,6	,2	,3	-	-	-	

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
	<u> </u>			16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
Does your job put you in													COPSOQ
emotionally disturbing													
situations?													
Often	6,9	19,7	13,7	4,2	6,5	7,6	11,9	18,5	21,8	-	-	-	
Sometimes	31,1	41,2	36,5	22,5	30,5	32,8	37,7	41,4	41,5	-	-	-	
Seldom	42, 0	27,3	34,2	48,6	40,7	42,5	36,5	28,0	25,6	-	-	-	
Never/hardly ever	20,0	11,7	15,6	24,6	22,3	17,1	13,8	12,1	11,1	-	-	-	
Is your work sometimes so													SWES
stressful that you do not have													
time to talk or even think about													
anything other than work?													
Nearly all the time	4,7	7,4	6,1	4,2	4,9	4,5	6,4	5,9	9,0	4,7	7,9	6,4	
About 3/4 of the time	11,9	16,6	14,4	13,4	11,6	12,0	15,3	14,7	18,5	11,7	15,6	13,8	
Half of the time	18,1	21,3	19,8	19,0	18,2	17,8	20,4	21,8	20,8	16,7	17,1	16,9	
About 1/4 of the time	19,8	17,6	18,7	22,5	21,1	18,2	17,8	19,6	15,6	16,9	16,4	16,7	
Some (perhaps 1/10 of the time)	28,2	23,1	25,5	27,5	28,1	28,3	21,0	24,8	21,7	32, 0	28,4	30,1	
No, not at all	17,4	14,1	15,6	13,4	15,9	19,3	19,1	13,1	14,4	17,9	14,5	16,1	
Is there any part of your work													SWES
day when you do nothing at													
work but wait and remain													
prepared in case something													
might happen?													
Nearly all the time	3,0	2,4	2,7	2,8	3,3	2,7	3,2	3,2	1,6	2,7	3,1	3, 0	
About 3/4 of the time	3,4	2,0	2,7	6,3	3,5	2,9	3,2	2,4	1,6	2,9	2,1	2,5	
Half of the time	5,9	4,2	5,0	9,1	6,2	5,2	8,9	5,0	2,9	4,0	3,4	3,7	
About 1/4 of the time	7,6	6,7	7,1	11,9	7,0	7,6	7,6	7,0	6,3	6,8	5,1	5,9	
Some (perhaps 1/10 of the time)	23,5	20,7	22,0	28,0	26,0	20,5	25,3	21,3	19,5	24,0	20,7	22,3	
No, not at all	56,6	63,9	60,5	42, 0	54,1	61,1	51,9	61,1	68,1	59,5	65,6	62,8	

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
Do you sometimes have so													SWES
much to do that you have to													
skip lunch, work late, or take													
work home with you?													
Every day	5,5	5,1	5,3	3,5	6,6	4,7	1,9	5,3	5,1	4,1	4,1	4,1	
A couple of days a week (1 day of	20,8	16,5	18,5	23,1	22,9	18,3	18,5	16,6	16,2	14,0	12,6	13,2	
2)													
One day a week (1 day of 5)	17,6	17,1	17,3	23,1	17,9	16,7	14,6	19,1	15,4	15,8	14,1	14,9	
A couple of days a month (1 day	23,2	26,3	24,9	20,3	23,0	23,8	26,1	27,6	25,0	27,9	28,4	28,1	
of 10)													
Not at all/Seldom in the past 3	32,8	35,0	34, 0	30,1	29,6	36,4	38,9	31,4	38,2	38,3	40,9	39,7	
months													
Do you have enough time to													DCQ
complete your job?10													
Often	39,0	36,7	37,8	35,9	36,0	42,3	44,9	35,1	37,2	-	-	-	
Sometimes	39,2	40,1	39,7	48,6	40,8	36,3	33,5	41,1	40,0	-	-	-	
Seldom	19,0	19,7	19,4	11,3	20,5	18,4	20,9	20,5	18,8	-	-	-	
Never/almost never	2,9	3,5	3,2	4,2	2,7	3,0	,6	3,3	4,0	-	-	-	

¹⁰ The standard Swedish DCQ questions used in SLOSH were translated into English by an authorized translator. This translation is used here. In appendix 3 the Standard English version of DCQ is presented.

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
Do you have the possibility to													DCQ
learn new things through													
your job? ¹⁰													
Often	31,5	36,3	34,1	35,7	34,2	28,3	36,5	38,8	33,9	-	-	-	
Sometimes	53,5	52,4	52,9	45,5	50,9	57,1	50,3	50,5	54,6	-	-	-	
Seldom	12,4	9,5	10,9	14,7	12,8	11,6	12,6	8,6	10,1	-	-	-	
Never/almost never	2,6	1,7	2,1	4,2	2,1	3,0	,6	2,1	1,5	-	-	-	
Do you have to do the same													DCQ
thing over and over again?10													
Often	28,4	37,9	33,5	39,9	27,3	28,1	47,5	35,2	39,4	-	-	-	
Sometimes	40,1	37,6	38,8	37,1	41,0	39,6	34,2	38,9	36,7	-	-	-	
Seldom	25,7	20,1	22,7	18,9	26,8	25,6	15,2	21,3	19,6	-	-	-	
Never/almost never	5,7	4,4	5,0	4,2	4,9	6,7	3,2	4,6	4,4	-	-	-	
Do you have a choice in													DCQ
deciding how you do your													
work? ¹⁰													
Often	56,9	47,9	52,1	42,3	51,7	63,9	28,3	46,9	51,2	-	-	-	
Sometimes	30,8	36,6	33,9	40,8	34,4	26,0	45,3	38,4	33,7	-	-	-	
Seldom	9,9	12,4	11,2	14,8	10,9	8,4	22,0	11,6	11,9	-	-	-	
Never/almost never	2,3	3,2	2,8	2,1	2,9	1,8	4,4	3,1	3,1	-	-	-	
Do you have a choice in													DCQ
deciding what you do at work?10													
Often	32,5	24,8	28,4	18,2	27,3	39,5	11,4	23,4	27,8	-	-	-	
Sometimes	37,2	38,6	37,9	35,7	39,2	35,4	36,7	40,8	36,6	-	-	-	
Seldom	23,1	28,5	26,0	32,9	25,1	20,0	38,0	28,3	27,4	-	-	-	
Never/almost never	7,2	8,2	7,7	13,3	8,5	5,1	13,9	7,6	8,1	-	-	-	

¹⁰The standard Swedish DCQ questions used in SLOSH were translated into English by an authorized translator. This translation is used here. In appendix 3 the Standard English version of DCQ is presented.

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
Are you generally able (within													LFS
reasonable limits) to determine													
the hours you work?													
Yes, I work flextime (i.e. working	36,6	36,7	36,7	25,0	37,4	37,3	23,4	36,1	39,0	38,6	40,8	39,7	
hours that do not start or end at a													
specific time)													
Yes, I have otherwise relatively	28,3	25,1	26,6	33,3	28,4	27,5	29,7	27,9	21,7	30,3	24,2	27,0	
free working hours													
No, I generally cannot	35,1	38,2	36,8	41,7	34,1	35,2	46,8	36,1	39,4	31,1	35,1	33,2	
determine my working hours													
Is it possible for you to decide													SWES
on your own when various tasks													
are to be done (e.g. by choosing													
to work a bit faster some days													
and taking it easier other days)?													
Always	13,6	9,2	11,3	11,8	13,7	13,8	9,6	8,7	9,7	19,2	13,1	16,0	
Mostly	54,0	47,2	50,4	53,5	52,6	55,6	43,3	50,4	44,5	46,4	40,5	43,3	
Mostly not	22,9	26,9	25,1	27,1	23,3	22,1	24,8	25,5	28,6	22,4	27,6	25,2	
Never	9,4	16,7	13,3	7,6	10,5	8,5	22,3	15,4	17,2	11,9	18,8	15,6	
Are you involved in planning													SWES
your work (e.g. what is to be													
done, how it is to be done, or													
who is to work with you)?													
Always	28,6	24,3	26,4	19,4	27,9	30,6	18,4	24,7	24,7	33,1	28,3	30,5	
Mostly	51,5	53,6	52,6	56,3	52,0	50,4	53,8	55,4	51,8	44,1	47,8	46, 0	
Mostly not	15,4	16,8	16,1	19,4	16,0	14,3	24,1	15,0	17,6	14,5	16,9	15,8	
Never	4,4	5,2	4,9	4,9	4,1	4,7	3,8	4,8	5,9	8,4	7,0	7,7	

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
Is it possible for you to take													NA^{11}
time off when you need to?													
Always	18,7	13,2	15,8	13,2	15,9	22,2	8,2	12,9	14,1	-	-	-	
Often	51,3	51,4	51,3	51,4	54,7	47,8	51,3	53,9	48,9	-	-	-	
Sometimes	20,9	24,1	22,6	22,9	21,0	20,5	28,5	23,6	24,2	-	-	-	
Seldom	7,7	9,0	8,4	10,4	7,3	7,7	10,1	8,2	9,7	-	-	-	
Never	1,5	2,2	1,9	2,1	1,2	1,8	1,9	1,4	3,1	-	-	-	
Is it possible for you to set your													SWES
own work tempo?													
Nearly all the time	38,4	26,0	31,8	29,4	33,5	44,4	21,5	23,1	29,4	42,1	30,6	36,0	
Roughly 3/4 of the time	19,7	16,3	17,9	20,3	18,5	20,8	13,3	17,3	15,6	17,0	14,1	15,5	
Half of the time	19,7	22,0	20,9	24,5	22,8	15,9	22,8	23,2	20,7	15,9	16,7	16,3	
Roughly 1/4 of the time	9,0	13,7	11,5	11,9	10,3	7,3	18,4	16,9	10,0	10,1	12,6	11,4	
Some (perhaps 1/10 of the time)	7,6	13,8	10,9	11,2	8,2	6,6	15,2	12,4	15,0	8,7	16,9	13,1	
No, not at all	5,6	8,3	7,0	2,8	6,7	4,9	8,9	7,2	9,3	6,2	9,1	7,7	
In the mains can you take short													SWES
breaks at any time in order to													
talk?													
Nearly all the time	40,5	24,0	31,8	42,3	42,1	38,8	22,6	26,4	21,9	42,2	30,0	35,7	
Roughly 3/4 of the time	15,9	13,2	14,4	17,6	15,8	15,6	14,5	15,4	10,9	15,7	12,5	14,0	
Half of the time	13,5	14,8	14,2	14,8	12,6	14,2	19,5	15,9	13,1	12,8	11,3	12,0	
Roughly 1/4 of the time	9,5	12,5	11,1	10,6	10,7	8,1	10,7	12,7	12,5	7,9	9,4	8,7	
Some (perhaps 1/10 of the time)	14,6	23,9	19,6	10,6	14,1	15,5	18,2	20,3	28,2	15,6	24,2	20,2	
No, not at all	6,1	11,6	9,0	4,2	4,7	7,7	14,5	9,3	13,4	5,9	12,6	9,4	

¹¹References: Gabriel Oxenstierna and Maria Widmark.

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
The management allows us to													NA ¹¹
make our own decisions													
Strongly agree	21,4	18,9	20,0	24,6	20,5	21,8	20,3	18,6	18,9	-	-	-	
Somewhat agree	54,1	52,8	53,4	54,2	52,7	55,4	50,6	54,5	51,5	-	-	-	
Somewhat disagree	19,5	22,0	20,8	14,8	20,6	19,0	22,8	20,4	23,4	-	-	-	
Strongly disagree	5,1	6,3	5,7	6,3	6,2	3,8	6,3	6,5	6,2	-	-	-	
To what extent are you involved													NA ¹¹
in decision-making in your													
organisation?													
To a very great extent	16,1	6,0	10,7	9,8	15,5	17,5	2,5	5,9	6,5	-	-	-	
To a great extent	21,1	16,1	18,4	16,8	22,3	20,3	13,4	16,2	16,4	-	-	-	
To a slight extent	36,8	38,9	38,0	37,8	36,6	36,9	41,4	40,9	36,7	-	-	-	
To a very small extent /not at all	18,4	26,5	22,7	23,8	18,0	18,1	34,4	25,6	26,5	-	-	-	
Not applicable	7,6	12,5	10,2	11,9	7,5	7,2	8,3	11,4	14,1	-	-	-	
To what extent are you involved													NA^{11}
in decision-making at your													
workplace?													
To a very great extent	21,5	12,7	16,8	14,1	20,6	23,3	5,1	12,6	13,9	-	-	-	
To a great extent	33,8	35,2	34,6	34,5	35,1	32,4	34,2	37,9	32,6	-	-	-	
To a slight extent	30,0	34,3	32,3	35,2	30,3	29,0	42,4	33,8	33,9	-	-	-	
To a very small extent /not at all	11,1	12,9	12,1	10,6	10,9	11,4	16,5	11,5	14,0	-	-	-	
Not applicable	3,6	4,7	4,2	5,6	3,1	3,8	1,9	4,2	5,6	-	-	-	
Do you have sufficient													NA^{11}
authorization to take the													
decisions required by your job?													
Yes	86,5	86,0	86,2	92,4	84,7	87,7	89,7	84,6	86,9	-	-	-	
No	13,5	14, 0	13,8	7,6	15,3	12,3	10,3	15,4	13,1	-	-	-	

¹¹References: Gabriel Oxenstierna and Maria Widmark.

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
I am expected to make, and be													NA^{11}
accountable for, my own													
decisions.													
Strongly agree	52,6	50,0	51,3	44,1	55,5	50,9	42,1	51,3	49,8	-	-	-	
Somewhat agree	41,3	42,4	41,9	47,6	37,3	44,5	48,4	41, 0	43, 0	-	-	-	
Somewhat disagree	4,7	6,3	5,6	7,7	5,4	3,5	8,8	6,9	5,5	-	-	-	
Strongly disagree	1,4	1,3	1,3	, 7	1,8	1,2	,6	,9	1,7	-	-	-	
At my workplace we get the													NA ¹¹
information we need to be													
involved.													
Strongly agree	26,9	24,8	25,7	25,0	24,5	29,5	22,4	22,7	27,1	-	-	-	
Somewhat agree	58,1	60,6	59,4	60,0	58,8	57,1	66,0	62,0	58,5	-	-	-	
Strongly disagree	15,0	14,6	14,8	15,0	16,7	13,4	11,5	15,3	14,3	-	-	-	
At my workplace everybody													NA ¹¹
takes part in discussions about													
the future.													
Strongly agree	21,2	21,8	21,5	18,4	20,5	22,3	25,5	19,7	23,5	-	-	-	
Somewhat agree	49,2	51,9	50,6	48,2	47,8	50,7	49,0	54,2	50,0	-	-	-	
Strongly disagree	29,6	26,3	27,8	33,3	31,6	27,0	25,5	26,1	26,5	-	-	-	
At my workplace everybody has													NA ¹¹
his/her say.													
Strongly agree	18,6	17,8	18,2	17,7	18,7	18,7	20,4	16,3	19,1	-	-	-	
Somewhat agree	49,8	53,9	52,0	47,5	46,9	52,9	53,5	55,0	52,8	-	-	-	
Strongly disagree	31,6	28,3	29,8	34,8	34,4	28,4	26,1	28,7	28,1	-	-	-	

¹¹References: Gabriel Oxenstierna and Maria Widmark.

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
At my workplace we are													NA^{11}
informed well in advance of													
important decisions.													
Strongly agree	12,6	11,1	11,8	10,6	11,0	14,5	7,1	9,7	13,0	-	-	-	
Somewhat agree	50,8	55,0	53,0	48,9	47,8	54,0	56,4	54,4	55,5	-	-	-	
Strongly disagree	36,7	33,9	35,2	40,4	41,2	31,6	36,5	35,9	31,5	-	-	-	
At my workplace we can all help													NA ¹¹
to direct the changes.													
Strongly agree	15,9	12,7	14,2	14,2	15,9	16,2	13,5	12,0	13,3	-	-	-	
Somewhat agree	55,4	57,8	56,7	59,6	55,8	54,4	62,6	58,4	56,7	-	-	-	
Strongly disagree	28,7	29,5	29,1	26,2	28,3	29,4	23,9	29,7	30,0	-	-	-	
Does your work demand													DCQ
dexterity? ¹²													
Often	63,2	64,2	63,8	58,0	65,3	61,8	48,7	63,6	66,7	-	-	-	
Sometimes	33,2	30,9	32, 0	36,4	30,8	35,1	41,1	31,8	28,8	-	-	-	
Seldom	3,1	4,3	3,7	4,2	3,2	2,9	8,9	4, 0	4, 0	-	-	-	
Never/almost never	,5	,6	,5	1,4	, 7	,2	1,3	,6	,4	-	-	-	
Does your work require													DCQ
creativity? ¹²													
Often	53,4	54,5	53,9	46,2	53,6	54, 0	45,6	56,0	54,1	-	-	-	
Sometimes	39,3	36,7	37,9	41,3	39,1	39,2	38,6	36,1	37,1	-	-	-	
Seldom	6,2	7,8	7,0	10,5	5,4	6,4	13,3	6,9	8,0	-	-	-	
Never/almost never	1,2	1,1	1,1	2,1	1,9	,4	2,5	1,1	,9	-	-	-	

¹¹References: Gabriel Oxenstierna and Maria Widmark.

¹²The standard Swedish DCQ questions used in SLOSH were translated into English by an authorized translator. This translation is used here. In appendix 3 the Standard English version of DCQ is presented.

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
It is clear who does what at my													NA^{13}
workplace.													
Strongly agree	21,1	21,4	21,3	19,6	18,8	23,6	16,5	18,7	24,7	-	-	-	
Somewhat agree	55,2	55,5	55,3	48,3	54,8	56,5	58,2	56,5	54,1	-	-	-	
Somewhat disagree	20,8	19,6	20,1	28,7	22,6	17,9	22,8	20,6	18,1	-	-	-	
Strongly disagree	3,0	3,6	3,3	3,5	3,9	2,0	2,5	4,3	3,0	-	-	-	

¹³References: Gabriel Oxenstierna and Maria Widmark.

4.1.3 Support

					2006						2003	3	
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
	,			16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
There is a calm and pleasant													DCQ
atmosphere where I work. ¹⁴													
Strongly agree	16,7	16,4	16,5	14, 0	14,6	19,1	15,7	14,7	18,1	-	-	-	
Mildly agree	56,7	54,1	55,3	55,9	56,7	56,8	57,2	55,9	51,8	-	-	-	
Mildly disagree	21,8	24,4	23,2	25,9	22,5	20,6	21,4	24,2	24,8	-	-	-	
Strongly disagree	4,7	5,2	5,0	4,2	6,1	3,4	5,7	5,1	5,3	-	-	-	
There is a good spirit of unity. ¹⁴													DCQ
Strongly agree	28,0	28,1	28,0	30,1	25,9	29,9	32,9	26,4	29,1	-	-	-	
Mildly agree	56,3	55,0	55,6	57,3	58,3	54,1	52,5	57,6	52,6	-	-	-	
Mildly disagree	13,7	14,4	14,1	10,5	13,6	14,3	13,9	13,0	15,8	-	-	-	
Strongly disagree	2,0	2,6	2,3	2,1	2,2	1,7	,6	3,0	2,4	-	-	-	
My collegues are there for me. ¹⁴													DCQ
Strongly agree	28,4	33,5	31,1	37,1	28,0	27,7	34,2	35,0	31,9	-	-	-	
Mildly agree	60,9	55,4	58,0	58,0	61,4	60,8	58,2	54,4	56,1	-	-	-	
Mildly disagree	9,1	9,1	9,1	4,9	9,1	9,6	7,0	9,0	9,5	-	-	-	
Strongly disagree	1,6	2,0	1,8	,0	1,4	1,9	,6	1,7	2,5	-	-	-	
People understand that I can													DCQ
have a bad day. ¹⁴													
Strongly agree	22,6	30,2	26,6	30,1	21,5	22,7	31,0	32,2	28,0	-	-	-	
Mildly agree	62,5	57,1	59,6	57,3	62,3	63,4	56,3	55,5	58,9	-	-	-	
Mildly disagree	12,7	10,5	11,5	11,2	13,9	11,6	9,5	10,5	10,7	-	-	-	
Strongly disagree	2,3	2,2	2,2	1,4	2,3	2,3	3,2	1,7	2,5	-	-	-	
I get on well with my													DCQ
collegues. ¹⁴													
Strongly agree	45,7	47,8	46,8	49,7	43,6	47,3	51,6	47,7	47,3	-	-	-	
Mildly agree	49,4	45,6	47,3	43,4	51,3	48,2	41,5	46,1	45,6	-	-	-	
Mildly disagree	4,3	5,7	5,0	5,6	4,5	3,8	5,7	5,1	6,3	-	-	-	
Strongly disagree	,7	1,0	,8	1,4	,6	,6	1,3	1,1	,8	-	-	-	

¹⁴The standard Swedish DCQ questions used in SLOSH were translated into English by an authorized translator. This translation is used here. In appendix 3 the Standard English version of DCQ is presented.

4.1.3 Support

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
At my workplace we care about													NA^{15}
eachother.													
Strongly agree	25,0	34,6	30,1	26,6	24,1	25,7	39,0	34,1	34,6	-	-	-	
Somewhat agree	59,4	53,1	56,0	62,9	59,9	58,4	52,2	54,6	51,7	-	-	-	
Somewhat disagree	14,1	10,8	12,3	9,8	14,6	14,1	8,2	9,6	12,4	-	-	-	
Strongly disagree	1,5	1,5	1,5	, 7	1,4	1,8	,6	1,7	1,3	-	-	-	
Does your workgroup usually													NA^{15}
have coffee together?													
Yes, often	61,0	60,7	60,8	63,1	57,6	64,1	53,5	59,7	62,7	-	-	-	
Yes, sometimes	24,7	25,9	25,3	19,1	27,3	22,8	27,7	26,5	25,0	-	-	-	
No, seldom	9,1	8,9	9,0	11,3	9,5	8,3	11,9	9,1	8,2	-	-	-	
No, hardly ever/never	5,2	4,5	4,8	6,4	5,6	4,7	6,9	4,7	4,1	-	-	-	
How well do people collaborate													NA^{15}
at your workplace?													
Very well	35,2	35,0	35,1	30,1	32,2	39,0	30,2	32,1	38,6	-	-	-	
Quite well	54,7	54,8	54,7	58,0	56,4	52,5	57,2	56,5	52,7	-	-	-	
Quite poor	8,9	8,8	8,8	11,2	10,0	7,4	11,3	9,7	7,6	-	-	-	
Very poor	1,2	1,4	1,3	, 7	1,4	1,1	1,3	1,7	1,1	-	-	-	
How many colleagues do you													NA^{15}
generally meet, each working													
day?													
0	3,8	2,5	3,1	2,8	4,5	3,3	3,2	2,0	2,9	-	-	-	
1-5	24,6	21,6	23,0	25,9	23,9	25,2	29,1	20,9	21,3	-	-	-	
6-10	24,3	25,1	24,7	25,2	20,9	27,6	24,7	25,4	24,9	-	-	-	
11-25	32,0	34,2	33,2	30,8	33,6	30,6	26,6	33,7	35,7	-	-	-	
More than 25	15,2	16,6	16,0	15,4	17,2	13,2	16,5	18,1	15,2	-	-	-	

¹⁵References: Gabriel Oxenstierna and Maria Widmark.

4.1.3 Support

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
To what extent do you feel a													NA^{15}
sense of affinity with your													
workplace?													
To a very great extent	27,2	27,9	27,5	19,7	26,2	29,1	24,2	27,9	28,3	-	-	-	
To a great extent	53,7	55,8	54,8	60,6	53,4	53,2	57,3	57,4	54, 0	-	-	-	
To a slight extent	15,3	13,3	14,2	12,0	16,1	14,8	15,9	11,9	14,5	-	-	-	
To a very small extent /not at all	3,0	2,1	2,5	7,0	3,3	2,1	2,5	1,9	2,3	-	-	-	
Not applicable	,9	,8	,8	,7	1,0	,7	,0	,9	,9	-	-	-	
Can you receive support and													SWES
encouragement from your													
superiors when your work													
becomes troublesome?													
Always	14,3	18,3	16,4	21,5	14,2	13,5	21,0	18,3	18,0	19,1	21,4	20,3	
Mostly	48,0	53,7	51,1	43,8	47,5	49,0	59,2	54,5	52,3	43,3	47,8	45,7	
Mostly not	27,6	23,2	25,2	23,6	28,7	27,0	16,6	22,6	24,6	23,9	22,2	23,0	
Never	10,1	4,8	7,3	11,1	9,6	10,6	3,2	4,6	5,2	13,6	8,6	10,9	
Can you receive support and													SWES
encouragement from your fellow													
workers when your work													
becomes troublesome?													
Always	21,0	32,2	27,0	29,9	22,0	18,9	40,1	35,5	28,0	28,9	41,2	35,4	
Mostly	58,7	55,4	57, 0	60,4	58,8	58,4	54,8	53,7	57,2	52,9	46,5	49,5	
Mostly not	15,9	9,9	12,7	7,6	15,6	17,4	4,5	8,8	11,5	13,5	8,8	11,0	
Never	4,4	2,5	3,4	2,1	3,7	5,3	,6	2,0	3,2	4,7	3,5	4, 0	

¹⁵References: Gabriel Oxenstierna and Maria Widmark.

4.2 Effort and reward
Data concerning participants, who during the last three months, on avarage, have worked gainfully 30 % or more.
Data indicated as per cent.

		_			2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
How eager are you to advance													NA ¹⁵
to a higher position?													
Not at all	33,0	34,9	34, 0	14,2	23,0	45,5	21,7	26,8	44,7	-	-	-	
To a small extent	42,0	41,8	41,9	30,5	42,2	43,2	29,3	43,6	41,5	-	-	-	
To a certain extent	13,1	13,6	13,4	24,1	18,0	6,7	26,8	16,9	8,7	-	-	-	
To a large extent	7,8	6,6	7,1	17,7	10,6	3,6	11,5	9,0	3,6	-	-	-	
To a very large extent	4,2	3,1	3,6	13,5	6,2	1,0	10,8	3,7	1,5	-	-		
Have you been promoted or													NA^{15}
moved up in the past two years?													
Yes	15,4	13,1	14,2	30,6	21,3	7,5	22,9	16,7	8,4	-	-	-	
No	84,6	86,9	85,8	69,4	78,7	92,5	77,1	83,3	91,6	-	-	-	
How much was your raise in													NA^{15}
comparison with that given to													
the other employees at your													
workplace in the past year?													
Much higher	4,3	3,0	3,6	9,0	5,0	3,1	1,9	4,0	2,2	-	-	-	
A bit higher	16,3	17,6	17,0	17,4	17,6	14,9	10,9	20,1	15,9	-	-	-	
About avarage	52,6	49,5	50,9	43,1	50,1	56,3	53,2	48,7	49,9	-	-	-	
A bit lower	6,9	6,4	6,6	5,6	6,3	7,7	5,8	6,5	6,3	-	-	-	
Much lower	4,1	4,0	4,1	3,5	4, 0	4,3	,6	3,1	5,4	-	-	-	
Don't know	15,7	19,5	17,7	21,5	17,0	13,7	27,6	17,7	20,3	-	-	-	

¹⁵References: Gabriel Oxenstierna and Maria Widmark.

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
I do not get the													ERI
acknowledgement I deserve													
from my superiors. ¹⁶													
Disagree	41,5	44, 0	42,8	46,1	38,4	44, 0	46,8	43,7	44, 0	-	-	-	
Agree, and I am not at all distressed	23,6	18,8	21,0	17,7	22,4	25,6	16,0	16,3	21,7	-	-	-	
Agree, and I am somewhat distressed	20,2	22,2	21,3	22,7	21,5	18,4	23,7	23,6	20,6	-	-	-	
Agree, and I am distressed	10,1	9,5	9,8	9,9	12,7	7,5	10,9	10,1	8,6	_	_	_	
Agree, and I am very distressed	4,7	5,5	5,1	3,5	5,0	4,5	2,6	6,3	5,0	-	-	-	
My job promotion prospects are													ERI
poor.													
Disagree	19,7	15,7	17,6	28,0	22,1	16,2	22,7	17,8	12,7	-	-	-	
Agree, and I am not at all distressed	44,8	45,2	45,0	32,2	38,9	52,5	31,2	40,8	51,3	-	-	-	
Agree, and I am somewhat distressed	16,9	18,0	17,5	14,7	19,9	14,2	18,8	20,7	15,2	-	-	-	
Agree, and I am distressed	9,4	9,3	9,3	15,4	9,4	8,5	13,0	8,7	9,4	-	_	_	
Agree, and I am very distressed	9,2	11,8	10,6	9,8	9,8	8,5	14,3	12,0	11,3	-	-	-	

¹⁶Standard English version: "I receive the support I deserve from my superiors." Response options (Agree; Disagree, and I am not at all distressed; Agree, and I am somewhat distressed; Agree, and I am very distressed.)

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+	,			
Considering all my efforts and													ERI
achivements, I do not receive													
the acknowledgement I deserve													
at work.													
Disagree	44,9	48,1	46,6	49,3	42,4	46,8	52,2	48,4	47,2	-	-	-	
Agree, and I am not at all	22,3	16,8	19,4	19,7	19,7	25,2	8,9	13,5	21,2	-	-	-	
distressed													
Agree, and I am somewhat	20,0	21,0	20,6	18,3	22,9	17,4	25,5	22,4	19,1	-	-	-	
distressed													
Agree, and I am distressed	7,8	7,6	7,7	11,3	8,7	6,5	6,4	8,8	6,5	-	-	-	
Agree, and I am very distressed	5,0	6,4	5,8	1,4	6,3	4,1	7,0	6,8	6,0	-	-	-	
Do you think you deserve a													NEW
promotion?													
Not at all	26,6	31,2	29,0	14,9	19,4	35,4	20,9	25,4	38,2	-	-	-	
To a small extent	34,3	34,3	34,3	30,5	32,7	36,5	26,8	33,7	35,8	-	-	-	
To a certain extent	21,6	19,4	20,4	24,8	24,6	18,1	23,5	22,7	15,6	-	-	-	
To a large extent	11,8	9,9	10,8	18,4	15,4	7,3	13,1	12,4	7,0	-	-	-	
To a very large extent	5,7	5,2	5,4	11,3	7,8	2,8	15,7	5,7	3,3	-	-	-	
Do you think you will get													NEW
opportunities for promotion in													
two years?													
Not at all	44,5	51,4	48,2	22,0	33,5	58,6	34,4	41,3	63,6	-	-	-	
To a small extent	33,2	31,5	32,3	32,6	34,8	31,7	29,2	36,0	27,1	-	-	-	
To a certain extent	12,2	10,0	11,0	25,5	17,0	5,5	19,5	13,0	5,7	-	-	-	
To a large extent	6,6	4,4	5,5	12,1	9,6	2,9	12,3	5,7	2,2	-	-	-	
To a very large extent	3,5	2,7	3,1	7,8	5,1	1,3	4,5	3,9	1,4	-	-	-	

					2006						2003	3	
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
			•	16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
How satisfied or dissatisfied are								•	•				NA ¹⁷
you with your current tasks?													
Very satisfied	7,1	6,2	6,6	3,5	6,7	8,0	10,3	6,8	5,2	-	-	-	
Quite satisfied	54,3	45,5	49,6	62,7	53,3	54,1	42,3	43,4	48,1	-	-	-	
Quite dissatisfied	27,9	31,1	29,6	22,5	28,9	27,6	32,1	31,8	30,2	-	-	-	
Very dissatisfied	10,7	17,2	14,1	11,3	11,0	10,3	15,4	18,0	16,5	-	-	-	

¹⁷References: Gabriel Oxenstierna and Maria Widmark.

4.2.2 Overcomittment and performance-based self-esteem

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
Due to the heavy workload, I													ERI
have constant time pressure. ¹⁸													
Disagree	21,3	22,3	21,8	16,7	19,2	23,9	24,7	21,9	22,3	-	-	-	
Agree, and I am not at all distressed	27,4	22,5	24,8	28,5	23,6	31,0	19,0	19,8	25,5	-	-	-	
Agree, and I am somewhat distressed	36,8	37,7	37,3	41,0	40,0	33, 0	40,5	39,0	36,1	-	-	-	
Agree, and I am distressed	10,6	11,9	11,3	11,8	12,1	9,1	12,7	13,3	10,5	-	-	-	
Agree, and I am very distressed	4, 0	5,6	4,8	2,1	5,1	3, 0	3,2	6,0	5,5	-	-	-	
I have many interruptions and													ERI
disturbances in my job.													
Disagree	23,1	19,2	21,1	26,4	21,6	24,3	24,7	18,7	19,0	-	-	-	
Agree, and I am not at all distressed	30,2	28,1	29,1	27,8	27,6	33,2	32,3	25,3	30,3	-	-	-	
Agree, and I am somewhat distressed	30,3	33,6	32,1	37,5	31,7	28,0	25,9	36,0	32,2	-	-	-	
Agree, and I am distressed	11,6	13,2	12,5	5,6	14,3	9,7	10,8	14,1	12,7	-	-	-	
Agree, and I am very distressed	4,7	5,9	5,3	2,8	4,9	4,8	6,3	5,9	5,8	-	-	-	

¹⁸Standard English version: "I have constant time pressure due to a heavy work load."

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
My workload has increased over													ERI
the past few years. ¹⁹													
Disagree	23,6	20,3	21,9	16,7	20,5	27,5	24,8	19,7	20,5	-	-	-	
Agree, and I am not at all	29,0	27,0	28,0	28,5	26,3	31,7	32,5	26,4	27,1	-	-	-	
distressed													
Agree, and I am somewhat	26,5	29,3	28,0	35,4	29,5	22,4	29,3	29,6	29,1	-	-	-	
distressed													
Agree, and I am distressed	13,6	14,0	13,8	12,5	15,0	12,2	8,3	14,6	14,2	-	-	-	
Agree, and I am very distressed	7,4	9,3	8,4	6,9	8,7	6,1	5,1	9,8	9,2	-	-	-	
People close to me say that I													ERI
sacrifice too much for my job.													
Strongly disagree	36,8	38,3	37,6	37,3	38,7	34,8	42, 0	38,9	37,3	-	-	-	
Disagree	29,1	26,1	27,5	23,9	28,8	30,1	25,5	27,4	25,0	-	-	-	
Agree	23,5	23,9	23,7	26,1	22,5	24,1	21,0	23,5	24,6	-	-	-	
Strongly agree	10,6	11,7	11,2	12,7	10,0	11,0	11,5	10,2	13,1	-	-	-	
I get easily overwhelmed by													ERI
time pressures at work.													
Strongly disagree	14,8	17,3	16,2	9,7	11,0	19,3	15,2	14, 0	20,9	-	-	-	
Disagree	38,3	33,9	36,0	39,6	35,3	41,2	35,4	32,3	35,4	-	-	-	
Agree	37,2	36,6	36,9	39,6	41,4	32,8	33,5	40,5	33,1	-	-	-	
Strongly agree	9,6	12,1	10,9	11,1	12,3	6,7	15,8	13,2	10,6	-	-	-	

¹⁹Standard English version: "Over the past few years, my job has become more and more demanding."

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
As soon as I get up in the													ERI
morning I start thinking about													
work problems.													
Strongly disagree	26,1	25,9	26,0	26,8	24,2	28,0	19,0	24,8	27,8	-	-	-	
Disagree	27,6	26,3	26,9	24,6	28,6	27,0	32,3	27,4	24,5	-	-	-	
Agree	32,9	31,7	32,3	34,5	32,6	33,0	30,4	31,5	32,1	-	-	-	
Strongly agree	13,4	16,1	14,8	14,1	14,5	12,1	18,4	16,3	15,6	-	-	-	
When I get home, I can easily													ERI
relax and "swith off" work.													
Strongly disagree	8,1	10,7	9,5	6,3	9,3	7,2	10,8	10,3	11,1	-	-	-	
Disagree	20,4	20,8	20,6	24,6	21,4	18,9	24,8	22,8	18,3	-	-	-	
Agree	41,6	45, 0	43,4	37,3	41,7	42,1	45,2	44,1	45,8	-	-	-	
Strongly agree	29,8	23,5	26,5	31,7	27,6	31,8	19,1	22,8	24,7	-	-	-	
Work rarely lets me go, I even													ERI
think about it in the evenings. ²⁰													
Strongly disagree	34,6	32,6	33,5	35,2	33,9	35,2	32,9	31,4	33,7	-	-	-	
Disagree	28,4	29,6	29,1	28,2	27,8	29,0	33,5	30,1	28,7	-	-	-	
Agree	28,0	26,6	27,3	25,4	28,4	27,9	22,8	28,0	25,7	-	-	-	
Strongly agree	9,0	11,2	10,2	11,3	9,9	7,9	10,8	10,5	11,8	-	-	-	

²⁰Standard English version: "Work rarely lets me go, it is still on my mind when I go to bed."

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
How true is this for you?													Hallsten
I've felt that I have to achive													Hallsten
something of value in my job. ²¹													
Fully disagree	37,2	38,5	37,9	29,9	35,1	40,3	25,9	36,5	42,1	-	-	-	
	20,5	18,4	19,4	18,8	21,8	19,5	19,0	18,4	18,4	-	-	-	
	21,0	19,3	20,1	23,6	20,4	21,2	23,4	18,6	19,6	-	-	-	
	15,7	15,5	15,6	18,8	16,5	14,4	22,2	17,9	12,4	-	-	-	
Fully agree	5,7	8,2	7,0	9,0	6,2	4,7	9,5	8,7	7,5	-	-	-	
I think that I sometimes try to													Hallsten
prove my worth through my													
work. ²¹													
Fully disagree	13,9	13,6	13,7	13,2	13,4	14,6	9,5	13, 0	14,6	-	-	-	
	14,4	15,0	14,7	9,7	14,4	15,1	12,0	16,0	14,4	-	-	-	
	25,9	25,2	25,5	28,5	23,2	28,2	28,5	22,9	27,0	-	-	-	
	32,4	31,0	31,7	36,1	35,4	28,8	32,9	32,4	29,5	-	-	-	
Fully agree	13,4	15,2	14,4	12,5	13,6	13,3	17,1	15,7	14,5	-	-	-	
My self-esteem is far too													Hallsten
dependent on my work													
achivements. ²¹													
Fully disagree	20,6	20,3	20,4	18,1	21,7	19,8	17,7	19,2	21,7	-	-	-	
	24,4	22,3	23,3	30,6	25,3	22,7	22,8	22,9	21,6	-	-	-	
	26,6	23,9	25,2	25,0	27,1	26,3	27,8	23,9	23,5	-	-	-	
	22,1	24,1	23,2	21,5	20,3	24,1	23,4	25,5	22,7	-	-	-	
Fully agree	6,3	9,4	8,0	4,9	5,6	7,2	8,2	8,4	10,6	-	-	-	

²¹Of the five response options only the two extremities were stated in the questionnaires.

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
How true is this for you?													Hallsten
I sometimes feel that I have to													Hallsten
be slightly better than others to													
prove to myself that I'm good													
enough. ²¹													
Fully disagree	32,3	31,1	31,7	22,4	31,1	34,8	22,0	29,6	33,8	-	-	-	
	20,0	17,1	18,4	19,6	19,4	20,6	13,8	15,8	18,7	-	-	-	
	19,6	17,2	18,3	19,6	17,5	21,8	19,5	15,3	18,8	-	-	-	
	21,1	23,4	22,3	28,7	23,2	18,0	32,7	26,6	19,0	-	-	-	
Fully agree	7,0	11,3	9,3	9,8	8,8	4,9	11,9	12,7	9,7	-	-	-	
If I postpone something that I													ERI
was supposed to do today I'll													
have trouble sleeping at night.													
Strongly disagree	55,1	40,7	47,5	61,7	56,9	52,6	38,0	41,2	40,6	-	-	-	
Disagree	27,0	28,8	27,9	26,2	26,0	28,2	31,6	29,6	27,5	-	-	-	
Agree	15,5	23,8	19,9	10,6	14,9	16,6	22,8	22,9	24,9	-	-	-	
Strongly agree	2,4	6,7	4,7	1,4	2,2	2,7	7,6	6,3	6,9	-	-	-	

²¹Of the five response options only the two extremities were stated in the questionnaires.

4.3 Organizational factors

Data concerning participants, who during the last three months, on avarage, have worked gainfully 30 % or more. Data indicated as per cent.

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
The following statements relate													Moorman
to the organisation's decision-													
making process.													
Decisions are taken on the													Moorman
basis of the correct													
information. ²²													
Strongly agree	18,7	16,7	17,7	13,1	15,2	23,1	17,3	14,6	18,9	-	-	-	
Somewhat agree	43,7	40,4	41,9	47,4	44,2	42,6	40,0	40,0	40,8	-	-	-	
Neither agree nor disagree	22,7	27,5	25,3	28,5	23,4	21,3	30,7	28,2	26,4	-	-	-	
Somewhat disagree	12,2	12,9	12,6	9,5	13,1	11,6	10,0	14,0	12,2	-	-	-	
Strongly disagree	2,7	2,4	2,5	1,5	4,0	1,4	2,0	3,1	1,7	-	-	-	
Bad decisions can be revoked													Moorman
or changed. ²²													
Strongly agree	21,2	15,3	18,1	13,1	18,7	24,8	14,9	14,9	15,7	-	-	-	
Somewhat agree	37,3	39,4	38,4	43,1	36,9	37,1	38,5	39,9	38,9	-	-	-	
Neither agree nor disagree	22,2	24,8	23,6	29,9	23,2	20,2	27,0	24,1	25,3	-	-	-	
Somewhat disagree	14,3	15,4	14,9	10,9	15,2	13,8	14,2	15,7	15,2	-	-	-	
Strongly disagree	5,0	5,2	5,1	2,9	6,0	4,1	5,4	5,4	4,9	-	-	-	

²²In the SLOSH questionnaire we used a Swedish translation of the Finnish version (Kivimaki et al 2003) of Moorman's original American organizational justice questionnaire (Moorman 1991). Since the items differ somewhat from the American version, we present an English translation of the Swedish items in this report. In appendix 3, the Moorman's standard version is presented.

					2006						2003		
	Μ	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
The following statements relate													Moorman
to the organisation's decision-													
making process.													
All sides affected by the													Moorman
decision are represented. ²²													
Strongly agree	14,1	13,1	13,5	6,6	11,3	18,0	11,4	10,8	15,7	-	-	-	
Somewhat agree	29,4	30,6	30,0	24,1	28,3	31,3	27,5	30,5	31,1	-	-	-	
Neither agree nor disagree	24,4	24,4	24,4	39,4	25,0	21,9	25,5	24,8	23,8	-	-	-	
Somewhat disagree	22,0	21,8	21,9	21,2	23,9	20,2	27,5	23,5	19,3	-	-	-	
Strongly disagree	10,1	10,1	10,1	8,8	11,6	8,7	8,1	10,4	10,1	-	-	-	
Decisions taken are													Moorman
consistent (the same rules apply													
to everyone). ²²													
Strongly agree	22,7	18,4	20,4	21,9	19,6	26,1	20,8	16,3	20,2	-	-	-	
Somewhat agree	30,4	29,6	30,0	29,9	28,3	32,7	24,2	28,3	31,7	-	-	-	
Neither agree nor disagree	20,0	20,4	20,2	27,0	19,0	20,1	23,5	20,4	20,1	-	-	-	
Somewhat disagree	19,7	22,7	21,3	14,6	23,7	16,2	26,2	24,7	20,1	-	-	-	
Strongly disagree	7,2	8,9	8,1	6,6	9,5	4,9	5,4	10,3	7,9	-	-	-	
Everyone is entitled to give													Moorman
their opinion in matters of													
immediate personal concern. ²²													
Strongly agree	37,9	33,4	35,5	38,0	34,9	41,1	33,6	30,6	36,4	-	-	-	
Somewhat agree	31,8	33,1	32,5	25,5	31,9	32,5	33,6	33,4	32,6	-	-	-	
Neither agree nor disagree	15,7	15,3	15,5	17,5	16,6	14,5	14,5	16,3	14,4	-	-	-	
Somewhat disagree	10,6	13,0	11,9	14,6	12,1	8,6	17,1	13,3	12,2	-	-	-	
Strongly disagree	4, 0	5,2	4,6	4,4	4,6	3,2	1,3	6,5	4,5	-	-	-	

²²In the SLOSH questionnaire we used a Swedish translation of the Finnish version (Kivimaki et al 2003) of Moorman's original American organizational justice questionnaire (Moorman 1991). Since the items differ somewhat from the American version, we present an English translation of the Swedish items in this report. In appendix 3, the Moorman's standard version is presented.

					2006						2003	3	
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
The following statements relate													Moorman
to the organisation's decision-													
making process.													
Feedback is provided													Moorman
regarding the consequenses of													
decisions and people are													
informed accordingly. ²²													
Strongly agree	14,7	13,7	14,2	9,4	12,1	18,2	15,9	11,5	15,6	-	-	-	
Somewhat agree	33,2	33,8	33,5	34,1	29,6	36,7	33,8	31,1	36,6	-	-	-	
Neither agree nor disagree	24,3	22,4	23,3	34,1	24,9	22,5	25,2	22,6	21,9	-	-	-	
Somewhat disagree	20,0	21,0	20,5	16,7	23,0	17,4	18,5	22,8	19,3	-	-	-	
Strongly disagree	7,8	9,1	8,5	5,8	10,4	5,3	6,6	12,0	6,4	-	-	-	
It is possible to obtain a more													Moorman
detailed account of the													
information that underlies													
decisions, if needed. ²²													
Strongly agree	22,1	20,8	21,4	14,5	19,4	26,0	21,7	18,3	23,2	-	-	-	
Somewhat agree	37,0	38,0	37,5	39,9	34,6	39,2	32,2	37,6	39,1	-	-	-	
Neither agree nor disagree	22,4	21,8	22,1	33,3	24,1	19,2	28,3	22,9	19,9	-	-	-	
Somewhat disagree	12,8	14,4	13,7	8,7	14,5	11,5	13,2	15,8	13,2	-	-	-	
Strongly disagree	5,7	5,0	5,3	3,6	7,3	4,2	4,6	5,3	4,6	-	-	-	

²²In the SLOSH questionnaire we used a Swedish translation of the Finnish version (Kivimaki et al 2003) of Moorman's original American organizational justice questionnaire (Moorman 1991). Since the items differ somewhat from the American version, we present an English translation of the Swedish items in this report. In appendix 3, the Moorman's standard version is presented.

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
	,			16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
Do you hesitate to present													SWES
criticism of your working													
conditions?													
Always	2,0	2,0	2,0	2,8	1,5	2,4	1,3	1,9	2,2	3,2	2,5	2,8	
Mostly	15,9	18,8	17,5	22,4	16,1	14,9	24,2	18,1	18,9	13,9	18,9	16,5	
Mostly not	50,1	59,8	55,3	49,0	50,3	50,1	55,4	61,6	58,6	46,0	54,1	50,3	
Never	31,9	19,3	25,2	25,9	32,1	32,6	19,1	18,4	20,3	36,8	24,6	30,3	
The departments at my													NA^{23}
company cooperate well.													
Strongly agree	12,3	11,0	11,6	11,3	11,3	13,5	14,0	8,5	13,2	-	-	-	
Somewhat agree	48,7	51,1	50,0	42,6	45,1	53,2	52,9	49,2	52,7	-	-	-	
Neither agree nor disagree	32,3	31,8	32, 0	38,3	35,3	28,4	26,1	35,3	28,9	-	-	-	
Somewhat disagree	6,7	6,1	6,4	7,8	8,3	4,9	7,0	7,0	5,1	-	-	-	
To what extent is your work													NA ²³
guided by your organisation's													
goals and subsidiary goals?													
To a very great extent	26,0	30,4	28,4	18,6	27,7	25,3	23,7	31,1	30,5	-	-	-	
To a great extent	49,2	50,7	50,0	53,6	49,2	48,7	53,8	50,0	51, 0	-	-	-	
To a slight extent	18,5	13,8	16,0	21,4	16,1	20,6	15,4	13,9	13,5	-	-	-	
To a very small extent /not at all	4,4	3,3	3,8	2,9	5,3	3,8	4,5	3,5	3,0	-	-	-	
Not applicable	1,8	1,8	1,8	3,6	1,7	1,7	2,6	1,5	2,1	-	-	-	

²³References: Gabriel Oxenstierna and Maria Widmark.

4.3.2 Leadership
Relation to director

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
Do you receive affirmation from													NA^{23}
your manager?													
Yes, often	17,6	23,7	20,9	16,4	14,9	20,5	20,4	23,2	24,6	-	-	-	
Yes, sometimes	48,1	49,0	48,6	53,6	48,1	47,5	53,5	48,3	49,2	-	-	-	
No, seldom	23,2	20,8	21,9	22,9	25,2	21,3	18,5	22,3	19,6	-	-	-	
No, hardly ever/never	11,0	6,5	8,6	7,1	11,8	10,8	7,6	6,2	6,6	-	-	-	
Do meetings at your workplace													NA^{23}
have an agenda and a													
chairman?													
Yes, often	51,4	64,8	58,6	43, 0	50,5	53,4	51,3	62,9	68,4	-	-	-	
Yes, sometimes	21,8	20,4	21,0	23,2	23,0	20,4	26,9	21,0	19,0	-	-	-	
No, seldom	12,8	7,7	10,1	21,1	11,8	12,8	10,3	9,2	5,9	-	-	-	
No, hardly ever/never	14,0	7,1	10,3	12,7	14,7	13,4	11,5	6,9	6,7	-	-	-	
Does your line manager know													NA^{23}
you personally?													
To a very high extent	24,0	17,2	20,4	19,1	21,1	27,5	14,2	15,1	19,8	-	-	-	
To a high extent	43,3	44,8	44,1	40,4	43,2	43,8	35,5	44,6	46,2	-	-	-	
To a small extent	26,9	30,8	29,0	31,9	29,1	23,9	42,6	33,1	27,1	-	-	-	
To a very small extent/not at all	5,9	7,1	6,5	8,5	6,5	4,8	7,7	7,1	6,9	-	-	-	
Does your manager show that													NA^{23}
he/she cares about you?													
To a very high extent	14, 0	13,1	13,5	12,2	12,1	16,1	13,6	13,1	13,0	-	-	-	
To a high extent	47,4	48,7	48,1	51,1	47,3	47,1	51,9	48,6	48,5	-	-	-	
To a small extent	30,7	31,8	31,3	30,9	32,7	28,8	31,2	31,7	31,9	-	-	-	
To a very small extent/not at all	7,9	6,4	7,1	5,8	7,9	8,1	3,2	6,5	6,6	-	-	-	

²³References: Gabriel Oxenstierna and Maria Widmark.

4.3.2 Leadership
Relation to director

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
Does your manager listen to you													NA^{23}
and pay attention to what you													
say?													
To a very high extent	20,5	16,4	18,3	15,9	20,2	21,4	16,9	15,9	16,9	-	-	-	
To a high extent	50,0	53,9	52,1	56,5	49,9	49,3	56,5	56,0	51,5	-	-	-	
To a small extent	24,4	25,6	25,1	23,2	24,5	24,6	26,0	24,0	27,2	-	-	-	
To a very small extent/not at all	5,1	4,0	4,5	4,3	5,4	4,8	,6	4,1	4,3	-	-	-	
Do you have confidence in the													NA^{23}
management?													
To a very high extent	15,9	11,3	13,4	17,7	14,5	17,1	13,2	10,3	12,0	-	-	-	
To a high extent	45,2	48,5	47,0	48,2	44,9	45,1	55,9	49,8	46,3	-	-	-	
To a small extent	28,7	30,5	29,7	26,2	29,4	28,2	24,3	30,1	31,8	-	-	-	
To a very small extent/not at all	10,2	9,7	9,9	7,8	11,1	9,5	6,6	9,8	10,0	-	-	-	
Do you tell your manager what													NA ²³
you really think, feel and want?													
Yes, often	30,7	29,5	30,1	31,9	29,5	31,8	25,9	29,1	30,3	-	-	-	
Yes, sometimes	43,9	50,2	47,3	39,7	45,9	42,5	44,9	49,7	51,4	-	-	-	
No, seldom	18,6	16,7	17,6	24,1	18,3	18,2	25,3	17,9	14,4	-	-	-	
No, hardly ever,never	6,8	3,6	5,1	4,3	6,3	7,6	3,8	3,2	3,9	-	-	-	
I get on well with my													DCQ
superiors. ²⁴													
Strongly agree	35,9	40,7	38,5	33,8	32,8	39,2	41,8	37,7	43,6	-	-	-	
Somewhat agree	53,4	50,7	52, 0	54,9	55,4	51,2	48,7	52,6	49,0	-	-	-	
Somewhat disagree	8,3	6,6	7,4	9,2	9,5	6,9	8,9	7,5	5,5	-	-	-	
Strongly disagree	2,5	1,9	2,2	2,1	2,3	2,7	,6	2,2	1,9	-	-	-	

²³References: Gabriel Oxenstierna and Maria Widmark.

²⁴The standard Swedish DCQ questions used in SLOSH were translated into English by an authorized translator. This translation is used here. In appendix 3 the Standard English version of DCQ is presented.

4.3.2 Leadership

Qualities of leadership

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
At every behaviour or													GLOBE
characteristic, tick each													
descriptor how often your													
immediate superior is or acts in													
this way:													
Honest (=speaks and acts													GLOBE
truthfully).													
Very seldom	2,1	1,5	1,8	2,1	2,5	1,6	1,3	1,6	1,5	-	-	-	
Seldom	3,7	3,8	3,8	2,1	3,9	3,8	3,8	4,4	3,2	-	-	-	
Sometimes	17,3	20,0	18,7	16,2	17,4	17,4	17,7	19,3	20,9	-	-	-	
Often	51,8	49,4	50,5	52,8	50,5	53,0	48,1	48,0	51,1	-	-	-	
Very often	25,1	25,3	25,2	26,8	25,8	24,2	29,1	26,7	23,3	-	-	-	
Positive (=generally optimistic													GLOBE
and confident).													
Very seldom	1,3	2,0	1,7	, 7	1,4	1,3	,6	2,5	1,3	-	-	-	
Seldom	7,2	5,0	6,0	7,7	7,8	6,5	3,2	5,3	7,2	-	-	-	
Sometimes	24,0	24,8	24,4	23,2	25,3	22,9	22,8	25,0	24,0	-	-	-	
Often	48,8	46,2	47,4	51,4	48,1	49,1	45,6	46, 0	48,8	-	-	-	
Very often	18,6	22,0	20,5	16,9	17,5	20,1	27,8	21,2	18,6	-	-	-	
Bossy (=tells subordinates what													GLOBE
to do in a commanding way).													
Very seldom	13,3	17,2	15,4	10,6	11,3	15,7	10,9	16,4	18,7	-	-	-	
Seldom	32,5	31,8	32,2	29,6	31,2	34,3	29,5	32,7	31,2	-	-	-	
Sometimes	34,1	33,3	33,7	30,3	36,2	32,4	42,3	33,2	32,4	-	-	-	
Often	16,1	13,6	14,8	22,5	17,2	14,1	13,5	13,1	14,1	-	-	-	
Very often	4,0	4,0	4,0	7,0	4,1	3,5	3,8	4,5	3,6	-	-	-	

4.3.2 Leadership

Qualities of leadership

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
At every behaviour or													GLOBE
characteristic, cross for each													
descriptor how often your													
immediate superior is or acts in													
this way:													
Just (=acts according to what is													GLOBE
right or fair).													
Very seldom	1,9	2,6	2,3	2,1	2,1	1,7	2,5	2,6	2,6	-	-	-	
Seldom	7,6	7,5	7,5	8,5	9,1	5,9	7,6	8,2	6,8	-	-	-	
Sometimes	27,1	29,4	28,3	27,0	26,8	27,5	28,5	30,0	28,9	-	-	-	
Often	48,3	45,7	46,9	51,8	47,0	49,1	44,9	45, 0	46,5	-	-	-	
Very often	15,0	14,8	14,9	10,6	14,9	15,7	16,5	14,2	15,2	-	-	-	
Self-interested (=pursues own													GLOBE
best interest).													
Very seldom	19,1	23,7	21,6	16,3	19,1	19,4	20,4	23,5	24,3	-	-	-	
Seldom	32,0	30,9	31,4	39,7	30,5	32,4	31,8	31,7	30,0	-	-	-	
Sometimes	27,8	26,7	27,2	31,9	28,6	26,4	32,5	25,4	27,3	-	-	-	
Often	14,7	13,6	14,1	7,8	15,3	15,0	10,2	13,7	13,9	-	-	-	
Very often	6,5	5,1	5,8	4,3	6,5	6,8	5,1	5,7	4,5	-	-	-	
Non-participative (=does not													GLOBE
participate with others).													
Very seldom	25,9	32,4	29,4	36,9	25,1	25,3	36,5	32,2	32,2	-	-	-	
Seldom	36,4	31,3	33,6	32,6	35,8	37,5	32,7	31,5	30,9	-	-	-	
Sometimes	22,7	21,4	22,0	16,3	22,8	23,3	19,2	20,4	22,8	-	-	-	
Often	10,6	10,3	10,4	11,3	10,7	10,5	7,1	10,8	10,1	-	-	-	
Very often	4,4	4,6	4,5	2,8	5,6	3,3	4,5	5,1	4,1	-	_	-	

4.3.2 Leadership

Qualities of leadership

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
		•	•	16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
At every behaviour or													GLOBE
characteristic, cross for each													
descriptor how often your													
immediate superior is or acts in													
this way:													
Elitist (=believes that a small													GLOBE
number of people with similar													
background are superior and													
should enjoy privileges).													
Very seldom	43,1	49,9	46,8	47,5	43,3	42,3	52, 0	51,9	47,7	-	-	-	
Seldom	30,1	26,1	28,0	28,8	29,3	31,1	25,7	25,2	27,1	-	-	-	
Sometimes	16,1	15,1	15,6	14,4	15,1	17,3	15,1	13,6	16,7	-	-	-	
Often	8,2	6,0	7,0	7,9	8,9	7,5	5,3	5,9	6,2	-	-	-	
Very often	2,5	2,9	2,7	1,4	3,3	1,7	2,0	3,5	2,4	-	-	-	
Team builder (=able to induce													GLOBE
group members to work													
together).													
Very seldom	7,2	7,1	7,1	4,2	8,7	6,0	3,2	8,0	6,6	-	-	-	
Seldom	19,2	17,2	18,1	19,0	22,3	16,1	16,6	18,1	16,3	-	-	-	
Sometimes	33,7	33,1	33,4	45,1	31,5	34,4	31,8	32,6	33,7	-	-	-	
Often	31,2	32,0	31,7	23,9	30,1	33,3	30,6	31,2	33,1	-	-	-	
Very often	8,7	10,7	9,7	7,7	7,3	10,2	17,8	10,1	10,3	-	-	-	OI ODE
Dictatorial (=forces his/her													GLOBE
values and opinions on others).		40.4	4.4	40.0		42.0	5 0.0	40.0	45.5				
Very seldom	44,5	48,1	46,4	49,3	44,5	43,9	50,0	48,3	47,7	-	-	-	
Seldom	30,6	29,2	29,8	27,5	30,8	30,8	27,8	28,9	29,6	-	-	-	
Sometimes	16,2	15,0	15,6	16,9	15,7	16,7	15,8	15,2	14,6	-	-	-	
Often	6,5	5,4	5,9	5,6	6,8	6,4	5,1	5,2	5,7	-	-	-	
Very often	2,2	2,3	2,2	,/	2,2	2,3	1,3	2,3	2,4	-	-	-	

4.3.2 Leadership

Qualities of leadership

					2006						2003	3	
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
At every behaviour or													GLOBE
characteristic, cross for each													
descriptor how often your													
immediate superior is or acts in													
this way:													
Sincere (=means what he/she													GLOBE
says, earnest).													
Very seldom	2,8	2,9	2,9	, 7	3,1	2,9	1,9	3,0	3, 0	-	-	-	
Seldom	8,6	6,7	7,6	9,2	8,7	8,3	7,0	6,6	6,8	-	-	-	
Sometimes	23,0	25,8	24,5	25,4	23,5	22,2	22,2	26,7	25,5	-	-	-	
Often	43,1	43,4	43,2	40,8	42,7	43,8	43,0	43,1	43,7	-	-	-	
Very often	22,6	21,1	21,8	23,9	22,0	22,9	25,9	20,6	21,0	-	-	-	
Integrator (=integrates people													GLOBE
or things into cohesive, working													
whole).													
Very seldom	6,3	7,1	6,8	5,0	6,2	6,6	7,0	7,8	6,5	-	-	-	
Seldom	19,5	16,0	17,6	17,9	21,0	18,1	14,6	17,5	14,7	-	-	-	
Sometimes	39,5	35,8	37,5	48,6	39,9	38,0	34,8	35,3	36,4	-	-	-	
Often	27,9	32,4	30,3	22,1	27,1	29,3	32,3	31,3	33,5	-	-	-	
Very often	6,9	8,7	7,8	6,4	5,8	8,0	11,4	8,1	8,9	-	-	-	
Trustworthy (deserves trust, can													GLOBE
be believed and relied upon to													
keep his/her word).													
Very seldom	3,0	3,6	3,3	2,1	3,8	2,4	3,2	4,3	2,8	-	-	-	
Seldom	9,4	8,6	9,0	11,3	10,4	8,2	10,8	9,1	7,8	-	-	-	
Sometimes	24,2	25,9	25,1	24,6	25,3	23,0	20,9	26,7	25,6	-	-	-	
Often	43,0	42, 0	42,5	40,8	42,8	43,5	48,7	40,5	42,6	-	-	-	
Very often	20,3	20,0	20,2	21,1	17,7	22,9	16,5	19,3	21,1	-	-	-	

4.3.2 Leadership

Qualities of leadership

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
At every behaviour or													GLOBE
characteristic, cross for each													
descriptor how often your													
immediate superior is or acts in													
this way:													
Morale booster (=increases													GLOBE
morale of subordinates by													
offering encouragement, praise													
and/or being confident).													
Very seldom	8,2	7,8	8,0	7,7	9,8	6,7	9,7	8,7	6,7	-	-	-	
Seldom	20,7	17,9	19,2	23,2	21,4	19,7	13,5	19,4	16,9	-	-	-	
Sometimes	35,7	35,1	35,4	36,6	35,8	35,5	32,9	34,7	35,8	-	-	-	
Often	27,6	28,1	27,8	26,8	26,6	28,7	29,0	26,2	29,8	-	-	-	
Very often	7,7	11,1	9,5	5,6	6,4	9,4	14,8	11,0	10,7	-	-	-	
Autocratic (=makes decisions in													GLOBE
a dictatorial way).													
Very seldom	30,6	35,2	33,1	29,1	29,2	32,3	32,9	34,6	36,0	-	-	-	
Seldom	32,3	29,3	30,7	33,3	31,4	33,1	33,5	29,6	28,5	-	-	-	
Sometimes	22,4	21,7	22,0	25,5	23,3	21,2	21,9	20,6	22,8	-	-	-	
Often	10,8	10,0	10,4	9,9	11,7	10,1	7,1	11,2	9,2	-	-	-	
Very often	3,7	3,9	3,8	2,1	4,4	3,3	4,5	4,1	3,5	-	-	-	
Asocial (=avoids people or													GLOBE
groups, prefers own company).													
Very seldom	53,1	60,6	57,2	56,3	52,4	53,4	66,5	60,5	60,0	-	-	-	
Seldom	28,2	23,7	25,8	25,4	26,8	29,9	20,9	23,2	24,5	-	-	-	
Sometimes	12,4	10,7	11,5	12,7	14,8	9,8	8,9	11,6	10,0	-	-	-	
Often	4,7	3,5	4,0	4,9	4,3	5,1	2,5	2,6	4,5	-	-	-	
Very often	1,7	1,5	1,6	, 7	1,7	1,8	1,3	2,1	,9	-	-	-	

4.3.2 Leadership

Qualities of leadership

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
	,			16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
At every behaviour or													GLOBE
characteristic, cross for each													
descriptor how often your													
immediate superior is or acts in													
this way:													
Loner (=works and acts										-	-	-	GLOBE
separately from others).													
Very seldom	39,3	49,8	44,9	43,6	37,8	40,1	60,9	50,3	48,0	-	-	-	
Seldom	28,6	24,0	26,1	27,1	28,6	28,9	21,2	23,5	24,9	-	-	-	
Sometimes	21,3	17,7	19,3	22,9	23,1	19,2	12,2	17,8	18,2	-	-	-	
Often	8,5	6,6	7,5	5,7	8,1	9,2	5,1	6,3	7,1	-	-	-	
Very often	2,4	1,9	2,1	,7	2,4	2,6	,6	2,2	1,9				
Enthusiastic (=demonstrates													GLOBE
and imparts strong positive													
emotions for you).													
Very seldom	6,9	6,8	6,8	5,8	6,8	7,1	5,7	7,7	6,0	-	-	-	
Seldom	22,2	19,4	20,7	20,9	22,2	22,4	19,1	19,7	19,1	-	-	-	
Sometimes	36,0	35,5	35,7	37,4	38,3	33,5	28,7	33,9	38,1	-	-	-	
Often	27,3	29,2	28,3	29,5	25,9	28,3	31,8	29,6	28,4	-	-	-	
Very often	7,7	9,2	8,5	6,5	6,8	8,7	14,6	9,2	8,4	-	-	-	
Informed (=knowledgable,													GLOBE
aware of information).													
Very seldom	3,3	2,9	3,1	2,1	3,9	3,0	3,2	3,1	2,8	-	-	-	
Seldom	9,3	7,7	8,4	6,3	10,1	8,9	7,0	7,6	7,8	-	-	-	
Sometimes	28,7	25,1	26,8	33,8	28,2	28,6	19,7	24,7	26,2	-	-	-	
Often	41,1	42,7	42, 0	37,3	40,3	42,5	45,9	41,4	43,7	-	-	-	
Very often	17,5	21,6	19,7	20,4	17,5	17,1	24,2	23,2	19,6	-	-	-	

4.3.2 Leadership

Qualities of leadership

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
At every behaviour or													GLOBE
characteristic, cross for each													
descriptor how often your													
immediate superior is or acts in													
this way:													
Motive arouser (=mobilizes and													GLOBE
activates followers).													
Very seldom	6,3	6,7	6,5	4,9	6,7	6, 0	7,0	8,0	5,3	-	-	-	
Seldom	19,1	15,4	17,1	16,2	21,2	17,4	10,2	16,0	15,4	-	-	-	
Sometimes	38,8	37,6	38,2	44,4	39,4	37,5	38,2	36,6	38,5	-	-	-	
Often	28,7	30,5	29,7	28,9	26,4	31,1	29,3	29,9	31,2	-	-	-	
Very often	7,1	9,9	8,6	5,6	6,4	7,9	15,3	9,6	9,5	-	-	-	
Communicative													GLOBE
(=communicates with others													
frequently).													
Very seldom	2,9	2,8	2,8	, 7	3,2	2,8	2,6	2,9	2,7	-	-	-	
Seldom	11,3	8,9	10,0	11,3	12,8	9,8	8,3	9,4	8,4	-	-	-	
Sometimes	28,2	25,9	27,0	34,8	28,7	26,8	24,4	24,9	27,1	-	-	-	
Often	42,1	41,8	42,0	37,6	40,8	44,1	36,5	41,7	42,6	-	-	-	
Very often	15,5	20,7	18,3	15,6	14,6	16,5	28,2	21,2	19,2	-	-	-	

4.3.2 Leadership

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
The following question applies													NA^{25}
to your place(s) of work in the													
past two years:													
Have you during the last two													NA^{25}
years changed line manager?													
No, never	53,3	51,1	52,1	45,5	53,5	54,2	38,4	50,5	53,4	-	-	-	
Yes, once	31,2	35,4	33,4	36,4	30,9	30,9	39,0	36,8	33,4	-	-	-	
Yes, 2-3 times	10,6	9,8	10,2	14, 0	10,6	10,1	16,4	9,7	9,1	-	-	-	
Yes, 4 times or more	2,2	2,1	2,1	1,4	2,6	1,8	4,4	1,9	2,1	-	-	-	
Not applicable	2,8	1,6	2,1	2,8	2,5	3,0	1,9	1,1	2,0	-	-	-	
At my workplace there is													NA^{25}
orderliness.													
Strongly agree	18,4	21,4	20,0	15,4	17,3	19,9	20,1	19,3	23,6	-	-	-	
Somewhat agree	53,9	54, 0	54, 0	46,9	51,8	57,0	53,5	55,4	52,7	-	-	-	
Somewhat disagree	23,8	20,8	22,2	33,6	26,3	19,9	22,6	21,7	19,6	-	-	-	
Strongly disagree	3,9	3,8	3,9	4,2	4,6	3,2	3,8	3,6	4, 0	-	-	-	
There are distinct rules and													NA^{25}
codes of conduct at my													
workplace.													
Strongly agree	22,5	21,9	22,2	26,1	21,2	23,3	21,4	21,2	22,7	-	-	-	
Somewhat agree	52,7	54,3	53,6	46,5	51,4	54,8	54,1	54,7	53,9	-	-	-	
Somewhat disagree	21,3	20,5	20,9	24,6	22,3	19,9	20,8	20,5	20,5	-	-	-	
Strongly disagree	3,5	3,3	3,4	2,8	5,0	2,0	3,8	3,6	2,9	-	-	-	

²⁵References: Gabriel Oxenstierna and Maria Widmark.

4.3.2 Leadership

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
	,			16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
The work flows smoothly as we													NA^{25}
generally know what we have to													
do.													
Strongly agree	33,4	34,1	33,8	32,2	31,8	35,2	33,3	32,3	36,0	-	-	-	
Somewhat agree	58,0	58,6	58,3	57,3	57,9	58,1	57,2	59,8	57,5	-	-	-	
Somewhat disagree	7,5	6,5	7,0	9,8	9,0	5,7	8,8	7,4	5,5	-	-	-	
Strongly disagree	1,1	,8	1,0	,7	1,3	1,0	,6	,6	1,0	-	-	_	
Has a new owner/principal													NA^{25}
taken over your workplace													
during the last two years?													
No, never	79,5	83,2	81,5	79,2	79,0	80,1	79,0	83,1	83,8	-	-	-	
Yes, once	11,9	9,0	10,3	12,5	13,0	10,7	12,7	9,9	7,7	-	-	-	
Yes, 2-3 times	,9	,8	,9	,7	,8	1,0	,0	,8	,9	-	-	-	
Yes, 4 times or more	,4	,1	,3	,0	,4	,5	,0	,2	,2	-	-	-	
Not applicable	7,4	6,8	7,1	7,6	6,9	7,8	8,3	6,1	7,4	-	-	-	
It is clear which department													NA^{25}
does what at my workplace.													
Strongly agree	29,2	28,0	28,6	33,8	27,3	30,6	29,7	24,7	31,0	-	-	-	
Somewhat agree	52,6	54,1	53,4	45,8	52,6	53,5	53,2	55,6	52,8	-	-	-	
Somewhat disagree	15,2	14,7	14,9	16,9	16,3	13,9	14,6	15,9	13,4	-	-	-	
Strongly disagree	3,0	3,2	3,1	3,5	3,8	2,0	2,5	3,8	2,8	-	-	-	

²⁵References: Gabriel Oxenstierna and Maria Widmark.

					2006						2003	3	
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+		•		
During the last two years, when													NEW
you have felt steamrollered or													
unfairly treated by your													
manager/managers, how have													
you reacted?													
Made clear immediately and													NEW
clearly shown my feelings?													
Always	24,1	17,3	20,5	17,0	23,7	25,5	13,4	16,0	19,1	-	-	-	
Mostly	42,8	46,7	44,9	46,7	44, 0	40,9	36,9	48,2	46,5	-	-	-	
Mostly not	20,0	24,5	22,4	20,7	21,4	18,4	37,6	25,9	21,3	-	-	-	
Never	13,1	11,5	12,2	15,6	10,9	15,2	12,1	10,0	13,0	-	-	-	
Suggested a compromise or													NEW
other solution?													
Always	12,8	10,6	11,6	12,8	13,9	11,5	11,0	10,6	10,5	-	-	-	
Mostly	48,2	49,3	48,8	48,1	52,3	43,7	44,1	51,5	47,6	-	-	-	
Mostly not	19,8	23,7	21,9	23,3	18,6	20,5	29,7	23,6	23,0	-	-	-	
Never	19,2	16,4	17,7	15,8	15,2	24,2	15,2	14,3	18,9	-	-	-	
Kept quiet and brooded over													NEW
it?													
Always	2,0	3,6	2,8	5,3	1,7	2,0	6,8	3,9	2,8	-	-	-	
Mostly	16,0	24,3	20,4	19,8	16,5	15,0	31,5	25,2	22,3	-	-	-	
Mostly not	36,6	39,2	38,0	40,5	39,6	32,8	35,6	41,5	37,2	-	-	-	
Never	45,3	32,9	38,7	34,4	42,3	50,3	26,0	29,5	37,7	-	-	-	
Taken it out on my													NEW
family/those closest to me?	0	2.2	0.1	2.4	1.0	0	4.0	2.7	2.4				
Always	,8	3,2	2,1	3,1	1,0	,3	4,8	3,7	2,4	-	-	-	
Mostly	5,1	17,4	11,7	12,2	5,2	4,0	30,6	19,3	13,5	-	-	-	
Mostly not	28,8	40,6	35,1	26,7	32,8	24,6	43,5	44,8	35,4	-	-	-	
Never	65,3	38,8	51,2	58,0	61,0	71,1	21,1	32,1	48,7	-	-	-	

					2006						2003	3	
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
During the last two years, when													NEW
you have felt steamrollered or													
unfairly treated by your													
collegues, how have you reacted?													
Made clear immediately and													NEW
clearly shown my feelings?													
Always	32,5	19,2	25,4	28,6	31,9	33,6	14,7	16,8	22,4	-	-	-	
Mostly	41,7	48,4	45,3	41,4	44,1	39,1	43,3	51,5	45,9	-	-	-	
Mostly not	12,9	23,0	18,3	18,8	12,8	12,2	35,3	23,6	20,7	-	-	-	
Never	12,9	9,4	11,0	11,3	11,2	15,0	6,7	8,2	11,0	-	-	-	
Suggested a compromise or													NEW
other solution?													
Always	16,3	12,3	14,2	19,5	17,3	14,9	15,5	11,8	12,4	-	-	-	
Mostly	50,4	56,1	53,5	45,9	53,2	48,0	52, 0	58,4	54,1	-	-	-	
Mostly not	15,5	18,5	17,1	20,3	14,8	15,6	20,9	18,2	18,5	-	-	-	
Never	17,7	13,1	15,2	14,3	14,8	21,5	11,5	11,6	15,0	-	-	-	
Kept quiet and brooded over													NEW
it?													
Always	1,4	3,6	2,6	2,3	1,0	1,8	3,3	4, 0	3,1	-	-	-	
Mostly	9,9	20,1	15,4	16,8	9,3	9,6	28,7	19,7	19,2	-	-	-	
Mostly not	35,1	41,8	38,7	38,9	37,6	31,7	44,7	45,1	37,7	-	-	-	
Never	53,6	34,6	43,4	42,0	52,1	57,0	23,3	31,2	40,0	-	-	-	
Taken it out on my													NEW
family/those closest to me?													
Always	,7	3,1	2,0	2,3	,6	,6	6,8	3, 0	2,6	-	-	-	
Mostly	3,8	15,0	9,8	6,1	3,9	3,3	20,3	17,2	11,9	-	-	-	
Mostly not	24,2	38,8	32,0	29,0	26,3	21,1	43,2	42,7	33,8	-	-	-	
Never	71,3	43,1	56,2	62,6	69,2	75,0	29,7	37,1	51,7	-	-	-	

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
Do you face the following													LFS
threats or risks at work?													
Do you risk being													LFS
involuntarily transferred to new													
duties?													
Yes	21,7	22,0	21,8	28,5	23,3	19,3	24,1	24,8	18,8	11,5	14,7	13,2	
No	78,3	78,0	78,2	71,5	76,7	80,7	75,9	75,2	81,2	88,5	85,3	86,8	
Are you under threat of													LFS
temporary or permanent dismissal?													
Yes	17,6	13,3	15,3	18,1	20,3	14,9	16,6	14,9	11,3	10,9	9,5	10,1	
No	82,4	86,7	84,7	81,9	79,7	85,1	83,4	85,1	88,7	89,1	90,5	89,9	
Are you exposed to violence or			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,									,	SWES
threat of violence in your work?													
Every day	,6	1,6	1,1	, 7	,9	,3	3,2	2,1	,9	,7	1,6	1,2	
A couple of days a week (1 day of	,9	1,8	1,4	3,5	1,1	,4	2,5	2,3	1,3	,9	, 7	,8	
2)													
One day a week (1 day of 5)	,8	1,1	1,0	2,1	1,0	,4	1,9	1,5	,7	,5	,9	,7	
A couple of days a month (1 day	1,3	2,5	1,9	2,1	1,3	1,1	4,4	2,7	2,0	1,1	2,0	1,6	
of 10)													
Sometimes during the last 3	2,0	3,5	2,8	3,5	2,1	1,7	6,3	3,8	2,9	1,2	3,4	2,4	
months							40.4						
Sometimes during the last 12	6,4	11,8	9,3	5,6	6,7	6,2	18,4	12,2	10,6	6,1	10,5	8,5	
months	00.4		00.4	00.4	07.0	00.0	(2.2	75.4	04.7	-	4.6	1.0	
Not at all the last 12 months	88,1	77,7	82,6	82,6	87,0	90,0	63,3	75,4	81,7	,7	1,6	1,2	

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
Are you subject to personal persecution in the form of unkind words or behaviour from your superiors or fellow workers?													SWES
Every day A couple of days a week (1 day of 2)	,3 ,3	,2 ,6	,2 ,5	,0 ,0	,3 ,5	,3 ,1	,0 ,6	, 0 , 7	,4 ,5	,4 ,2	,2 ,4	,3 ,3	
One day a week (1 day of 5) A couple of days a month (1 day of 10)	,5 1,2	,4 1,0	,5 1,1	,0 2,8	,7 1,1	,4 1,2	,6 2,5	,3 1,0	,5 ,8	,4 ,5	,5 ,6	,5 ,5	
Sometimes during the last 3 months	2,9	3,0	3,0	2,8	3,9	1,9	1,9	3,8	2,4	1,5	1,5	1,5	
Once or twice during the last 12 months	8,6	9,6	9,1	7,0	9,2	8,1	10,8	10,1	8,9	4,8	4,9	4,9	
Not at all during the last 12 months	86,2	85,2	85,7	87,4	84,2	88,1	83,5	84,1	86,4	92,2	92,0	92,1	
How are differences of view mainly settled in your work unit?													Stora Enso
By discussing and negotiating Using status, authority, or by orders	77,5 12,5	76,3 12,4	76,9 12,5	81,7 11,3	73,9 15,2	80 , 7 10 , 0	80,9 11,5	74,6 14,1	77,4 10,8	-	-	-	
No attempt is made to resolve them	9,9	11,3	10,7	7,0	10,9	9,3	7,6	11,3	11,7	-	-	-	

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men	<u> </u>		Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
Have you been involved in any													NA^{26}
kind of conflict at work in the													
last two years?													
Yes	30,9	33,6	32,3	33,8	36,9	24,5	34,8	39,5	27,6	-	-	-	
No	69,1	66,4	67,7	66,2	63,1	75,5	65,2	60,5	72,4	-	-	-	
If yes: What was the root of the													NA ²⁶
conflict/conflicts? Feel free to													
cross more than one box?27													
Job conditions, e.g. pay or	38,0	23,3	29,9	39,6	39,4	35,7	36,4	24,0	20,3	-	-	-	
working hours													
Resources and staffing	33,5	27,4	30,1	22,9	34,5	33,8	23,6	26,8	28,9	-	-	-	
Work demands and pace	24,5	20,8	22,4	22,9	28,4	19,0	20,0	22,2	18,9	-	-	-	
Work tasks/duties	35,8	28,9	32,0	45,8	35,7	34,2	43,6	31,3	23,1	-	-	-	
Authorisations and responsibility	20,4	17,5	18,8	10,4	22,7	18,6	18,2	18,5	16,0	-	-	-	
Leadership and your immediate	26,9	25,4	26,1	25,0	29,6	23,0	18,2	25,0	27,1	-	-	-	
superior													
Collegues	32,4	40,4	36,8	35,4	34,0	29,4	47,3	41,9	37,1	-	-	-	
Patients, customers, clients,	12,4	15,3	14,0	16,7	13,2	10,4	20,0	16,1	13,4	-	-	-	
passengers, pupils								·					
Other	8,8	8,5	8,7	2,1	11,0	6,7	7,3	9,3	7,7	-	-	-	
In general, of what significance													NA ²⁶
have the conflict/these conflicts													
been?													
Completely unimportant	6,5	5,4	5,9	9,8	5,8	6,9	5,5	5,2	5,6	-	-	-	
Quite unimportant	30,6	24,6	27,3	43,1	32,4	25,9	23,6	28,5	19,2	-	-	-	
Quite important	44,3	47,0	45,8	31,4	43,1	48,3	40,0	47,0	48,2	-	-	-	
Very important	18,6	23,0	21,0	15,7	18,6	19,0	30,9	19,3	27,0	-	_	-	

²⁶Reference: Maria Baltzer, Kristina Finnholm, Gabriel Oxenstierna and Töres Theorell.

²⁷The total amount exceeds 100 per cent because several answer alternatives could be chosen.

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
From your point of view, what													NA ²⁸
was the result of these conflicts?													
Very well	12,5	13,3	13,0	8,0	13,4	11,9	14,3	11,6	15,6	-	-	-	
Quite well	59,4	59,2	59,3	76,0	58,5	57,8	62,5	61,5	55,4	-	-	-	
Quite poorly	24,6	22,5	23,4	14, 0	24,2	26,9	21,4	22,1	23,1	-	-	-	
Very poorly	3,5	5,0	4,3	2,0	3,8	3,4	1,8	4,7	5,8	-	-	-	
Is there still any conflict going													NA ²⁸
on?													
Yes	34,1	38,3	36,4	23,1	39,2	28,8	46,4	38,8	36,3	-	-	-	
No	65,9	61,7	63,6	76,9	60,8	71,2	53,6	61,2	63,7	-	-	-	

²⁸Reference: Maria Baltzer, Kristina Finnholm, Gabriel Oxenstierna and Töres Theorell.

4.3.4 Security of employment

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
How easy would it be for you to													LFS
get another, similar job without													
having to change housing?													
Very easy	6,3	6,2	6,2	16,2	7,3	3,9	12, 0	7,0	4,6	9,6	11,5	10,6	
Quite easy	22,7	24,0	23,4	35,9	28,1	15,6	28,5	28,4	19,0	31,0	32,7	31,9	
Quite hard	28,0	27,7	27,8	23,9	29,1	27,4	32,9	29,0	25,8	28,5	27,2	27,8	
Very hard	30,8	27,4	29,0	12,0	25,1	38,8	17,1	22,3	33,7	22,9	21,1	21,9	
Don't know	12,3	14,8	13,7	12,0	10,4	14,3	9,5	13,4	16,9	7,9	7,5	7,7	
My job security is poor.													ERI
Disagree	76,4	80,6	78,7	73,6	75,9	77,2	77,7	80,3	81,3	-	-	-	
Agree, but I am not at all	7,0	4,8	5,8	6,9	5,9	8,1	7,0	4,6	4,7	-	-	-	
distressed													
Agree, and I am somewhat	8,5	7,0	7,7	13,9	8,8	7,4	6,4	6,9	7,2	-	-	-	
distressed													
Agree, and I am distressed	4,2	3,1	3,6	2,1	5,1	3,6	3,8	2,8	3,4	-	-	-	
Agree, and I am very distressed	3,9	4,4	4,2	3,5	4,3	3,6	5,1	5,4	3,4	-	-	-	

4.3.4 Security of employment

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
	'			16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
I have experienced or I expect													ERI
to experience an undesiarable													
change in my work situation.													
Disagree	66,6	65,7	66,2	64,3	66,3	67,2	68,6	66,1	65,0	-	-	-	
Agree, but I am not at all distressed	7,4	6,0	6,7	8,4	5,5	9,3	3,2	5,3	7,1	-	-	-	
Agree, and I am somewhat distressed	14,4	13,9	14,2	19,6	14,6	13,6	12,8	13,6	14,4	-	-	-	
Agree, and I am distressed	6,7	7,3	7,0	2,8	7,9	5,9	7,7	7,5	7,1	_	_	_	
Agree, and I am very distressed	4,8	7 , 0	6 , 0	4,9	5,6	4,0	7,7	7,5	6,3	_	_	_	
At my workplace the current	-,-	.,.	-,-		- ,-	-,-	.,,.	. ,,-	- ,-				NA ²⁹
attitude is that we are													
expendable.													
Strongly agree	12,1	11,5	11,8	12,7	11,7	12,5	13,5	12,0	10,8	_	_	-	
Somewhat agree	34,1	30,7	32,3	28,2	33,8	35,1	26,3	29,4	32,5	_	_	-	
Somewhat disagree	39,6	39,9	39,8	44,4	39,9	38,8	41,0	41,9	37,9	_	_	-	
Strongly disagree	14,1	17,9	16,1	14,8	14,5	13,7	19,2	16,8	18,8	-	-	_	
The following question applies			<u> </u>										NA^{29}
to your place(s) of work in the													
past two years:													
Have people been laid off?													NA ²⁹
No, never	59,1	61,5	60,4	60,4	58,3	59,8	63,5	61,0	61,7	-	-	-	
Yes, once	20,7	19,8	20,2	22,9	21,4	19,7	16,7	22,1	17,8	-	-	-	
Yes, 2-3 times	11,1	9,8	10,4	6,3	11,7	11,1	7,1	9,7	10,1	-	-	-	
Yes, 4 times or more	3,1	3,2	3,2	4,9	3,2	2,8	2,6	2,9	3,7	-	-	-	
Not applicable	5,9	5,8	5,8	5,6	5,4	6,5	10,3	4,3	6,7	-	-	-	

²⁹References: Gabriel Oxenstierna and Maria Widmark.

4.3.4 Security of employment

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
The following question applies													NA^{29}
to your place(s) of work in the													
past two years:													
Have people been transferred at													NA^{29}
your workplace?													
No, never	48,7	51,3	50,1	43,1	47,7	50,5	44,2	49,8	53,6	-	-	-	
Yes, once	17,8	20,9	19,5	19,4	17,7	17,7	20,5	23,2	18,7	-	-	-	
Yes, 2-3 times	20,6	16,7	18,5	25,0	21,5	19,1	19,2	16,4	16,7	-	-	-	
Yes, 4 times or more	7,2	6,0	6,5	7,6	8,0	6,3	9,0	6,4	5,1	-	-	-	
Not applicable	5,7	5,2	5,4	4,9	5,1	6,4	7,1	4,2	5,9	-	-	-	
Are there plans at your													LFS
workplace to expand, downsize,													
or close down completely?													
Close down	2,2	2,0	2,1	2,1	2,6	1,9	,6	2,2	2,0	1,5	1,5	1,5	
Downsize	11,2	13,8	12,6	10,6	13,2	9,4	14,1	14,3	13,4	13,1	19,4	16,5	
Expand	32,2	21,2	26,3	45,8	36,9	25,8	27,6	23,7	17,9	23,6	14,7	18,9	
No such plans exist	35,4	40,8	38,3	16,9	28,2	44,9	26,9	39,1	44,3	55,7	57,9	56,9	
Do not know	18,9	22,1	20,6	24,6	19,1	18,0	30,8	20,7	22,5	6,1	6,5	6,3	

²⁹References: Gabriel Oxenstierna and Maria Widmark.

4.3.5 Type of employment

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
	,			16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
To which occupational category													SCB
do you belong?													
Blue collar	42,3	38,3	40,2	63,2	42,4	39,6	60,9	40,8	33,0	-	-	-	
White collar	34,1	43,7	39,2	24,3	33,2	36,2	29,5	41,0	48,1	-	-	-	
Manegerial	16,3	7,3	11,5	6,3	16,3	17,7	1,3	7,9	7,5	-	-	-	
Other	7,2	10,8	9,1	6,3	8,1	6,5	8,3	10,4	11,4	-	-	-	
Are you employed on a full- or													SCB
part-time basis?													
Full-time	93,5	69,1	80,5	89,6	96,8	90,7	65,6	71,9	66,8	-	-	-	
Part-time	6,5	30,9	19,5	10,4	3,2	9,3	34,4	28,1	33,2	-	-	-	
What type of employment do													SCB
you have?													
Self-employed	9,2	3, 0	5,9	3,5	9,9	9,2	,6	2,4	3,8	-	-	-	
Post with conditional	85,3	89,7	87,7	84,0	86,0	84,8	73,6	90,7	90,7	-	-	-	
tenure/Permanent job													
Substitute	1,0	3, 0	2,0	6,9	,8	,4	12,6	2,9	1,8	-	-	-	
Project	,8	1,1	1,0	,7	,5	1,2	3,1	1,1	,8	-	-	-	
Hourly (less than 20 hours/week)	,4	,7	,6	1,4	,2	,5	3,8	,6	,5	-	-	-	
Other type of employment	2,5	2,1	2,3	3,5	1,7	3,1	6,3	1,5	2,1	-	-	-	
Self-employed combined with	,6	,3	,4	,0	,8	,4	,0	,2	,3	-	-	-	
other employment													
Other combinations	,2	,3	,2	,0	,1	,3	,0	,5	,1	-	-	-	

4.3.5 Type of employment

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+			<u> </u>	
What are your normal working													SWESmod
hours? Please select one option													
only.													
Day work (about 6.00 a.m6.00	75,5	76,4	76,0	66,2	74,5	77,7	66,9	76,9	77,0	-	-	-	
p.m.)													
Evening work (about 6.00 p.m	,7	,5	,6	2,1	, 7	,5	3,8	,5	,2	-	-	-	
10.00 a.m.)													
Night work (about 6.00 p.m	2,0	2,7	2,4	2,8	2,2	1,6	1,3	3,1	2,4	-	-	-	
6.00 a.m.)													
Shift work, two-shift	4,4	3,5	3,9	7,0	5,2	3,2	3,8	3,8	3,1	-	-	-	
Shift work, three-shift	3,7	1,6	2,6	7,0	4,9	2,0	4,5	1,3	1,6	-	-	-	
Timetable work (i.e. following a	3,9	8,5	6,4	4,9	3,1	4,5	9,6	8,0	8,9	-	-	-	
duty rota)													
Discretionary/unregulated	5,2	3,1	4,1	2,1	4,9	6,0	4,5	2,9	3,1	-	-	-	
working hours													
Other	4,7	3,7	4,2	7,7	4,4	4,6	5,7	3,5	3,6	-	-	-	
How much of your regular													LFS
working week do you normally													
spend working from home?													
All, or virtually all of it	1,1	2,1	1,6	,0	1,2	1,2	,0	2,0	2,6	,7	1,6	1,2	
3-4 days a week	,8	,9	,8	,0	,7	,9	1,3	,7	1,0	1,3	,6	,9	
1-2 days a week	3,5	2,6	3, 0	2,1	4,3	2,9	1,9	2,0	3,2	4,8	3,5	4,1	
A few hours a week	25,0	18,3	21,4	15,3	25,6	25,7	8,8	21,5	16,2	15,8	14,2	14,9	
Never	69,6	76,1	73,1	82,6	68,3	69,3	88,1	73,8	77,0	77,4	80,1	78,8	
Do your responsibilities involve													LFS
supervisory duties or delegating													
work to other employees?													
Yes	37,6	25,2	31,0	28,9	40,1	36,2	15,9	27,2	24,3	37,5	26,8	31,7	
No	62,4	74,8	69,0	71,1	59,9	63,8	84,1	72,8	75,7	62,5	73,2	68,3	

					2006						2003	3	
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
Does your workplace have a													NEW
computerised system for													
measuring your use of time and													
performance?													
Yes, the computer registers most	8,5	8,5	8,5	9,2	10,1	6,9	8,3	7,4	9,6	-	-	-	
of what I do													
Yes, to a certain extent.	20,3	17,7	19,0	20,4	22,2	18,5	19,1	18,0	17,3	-	-	-	
No	62,9	62,9	62,9	59,9	59,8	66,5	51, 0	63,5	63,8	-	-	-	
Do not know	8,2	10,9	9,6	10,6	8,0	8,0	21,7	11,1	9,3	-	-	-	
How often are you required to													NA^{29}
submit activity reports													
including a time sheet?													
Daily	22,7	11,7	16,9	22,7	25,0	20,4	14,6	11,6	11,5	-	-	-	
Certain weeks	13,4	7,7	10,4	12,1	13,8	13,2	9,6	9,0	6,2	-	-	-	
Once or twice during the year	7,2	10,0	8,7	6,4	7,7	6,8	11,5	10,0	9,9	-	-	-	
Hardly ever/Never (do not	37,5	49,9	44,1	35,5	34,6	40,7	45,9	50,3	49,9	-	-	-	
report)													
Report in other way	19,1	20,6	19,9	23,4	18,9	18,8	18,5	19,0	22,5	-	-	-	

_²⁹References: Gabriel Oxenstierna and Maria Widmark.

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
Which alternative best describes													Danielsson
your workplace?													
I do not work in an office \Box G_{θ}	39,6	40,6	40,1	58,5	38,2	38,6	55,0	39,7	39,7	-	-	-	
to question 35													
I work less than 20 % of my time	11,3	7,5	9,3	7,4	13,3	9,7	10,7	7,8	6,7	-	-	-	
in the office													
I work in an office, but have no	1,6	1,7	1,6	2,2	1,9	1,2	, 7	1,8	1,8	-	-	-	
fixed workplace	0= 4	240	27 0	0.4		22.4	4.4.4	245	24.2				
I have my own office	27,1	26,9	27,0	9,6	23,2	33,4	14,1	24,5	31,2	-	-	-	
I share an office with 1-2 other people	8,9	12,0	10,5	7,4	9,8	8,2	8,1	13,3	11,0	-	-	-	
I work in an open-plan office	5,7	5,9	5,8	3,7	7,3	4,2	4,7	6,4	5,5			_	
with 4-9 other people	5,7	5,7	2,0	J, 1	7,5	Τ,∠	₹, /	0,4	5,5	_	_	_	
I work in an open-plan office	3,3	3,5	3,4	4,4	3,7	2,8	3,4	4,4	2,5	_	_	_	
with 10-24 other people	٥,٥	٥,٥	٠,٠	.,.	3,1	_,∵	٠,٠	.,.	_,0				
I work in an open-plan office	2,5	2,0	2,2	6,7	2,6	1,8	3,4	2,1	1,7	_	_	_	
with 24 or more people	,	,	ŕ	ŕ	ŕ	•	ŕ	ŕ	•				
Do you work in a group													Danielsson
somewhere other than your													
private workplace (but within													
the office) more than 20 % of													
your working time? In other													
words you do have access to													
more than just your own													
workplace (combi-office). This													
does not include agenda-based													
information meetings. Yes	29,8	27,9	28,8	33,9	31.2	28,0	30.4	30,1	25,2				
No	29,8 70,2	72,1	28,8 71,2	33,9 66,1	31,2 68,8	28,0 72,0	30,4 69,6	50,1 69,9	25,2 74,8	-	-	-	
INU	70,4	/ 4,1	/ 1,4	00,1	00,0	72,0	09,0	09,9	74,0	-	-	-	

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
How many people are employed													LFS
at your workplace?													
0-4 employed	10,6	7,2	8,8	11,1	10,3	10,9	7,0	6,6	7,8	11,8	8,3	10,0	
5-9 employed	8,7	9,8	9,3	6,9	8,2	9,4	15,9	9,1	9,8	10,4	11,4	10,9	
10-19 employed	14,3	15,3	14,8	19,4	13,9	13,9	18,5	15,1	15,0	13,7	16,3	15,1	
20-49 employed	19,1	26,5	23,0	19,4	18,0	20,1	20,4	26,7	27,1	19,9	24,3	22,3	
50-99 employed	14,1	16,7	15,5	16,0	13,6	14,3	15,9	16,7	16,9	13,1	12,9	13,0	
100-499 employed	19,8	15,9	17,7	15,3	21,3	19,0	14,6	16,7	15,2	19,3	15, 0	17,0	
500 a employed or more	13,5	8,6	10,9	11,8	14,8	12,3	7,6	9,2	8,2	11,9	11,7	11,8	
How are you paid? Please select													LFSmod
one alternative.													
Fixed salary (hourly/weekly wage,	75,3	78,6	77,1	70,4	71,1	80,2	65,6	77,0	81,7	-	-	-	
Salary)													
Pay linked to unsocial hours	10,7	16,7	13,9	18,3	12,6	7,7	26,0	17,7	14,6	-	-	-	
compensation													
Pay with supplements linked to	3,9	,9	2,3	4,2	5,2	2,5	3,9	1,1	,2	-	-	-	
your personal results (e.g.													
piece/performance wages)													
Pay with supplements linked to	1,4	,2	,8	4,2	1,4	1,1	,6	,4	,0	-	-	-	
your group's results													
Pay with supplements linked to	4,5	1,5	2,9	, 7	5,6	3,8	,6	2,3	,8	-	-	-	
your company's results													
Pure (100%) performance-related	1,4	,5	1,0	1,4	1,1	1,8	,6	,3	, 7	-	-	-	
pay													
Other	2,8	1,6	2,2	, 7	3,0	2,9	2,6	1,2	1,9	-	-	-	

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
Who is your principal employer?													SCBmod
Private company	66,6	33,5	48,9	76,9	72,0	59,6	49,4	37,5	27,5	-	-	-	
Association/non-profit	2,4	1,9	2,1	, 7	1,5	3,6	2,5	1,8	1,9	-	-	-	
organisation													
Local government (district)	11,9	36,4	25,0	11,9	8,5	15,3	28,5	35,0	38,8	-	-	-	
Local government	3,5	14,2	9,2	,0	3,4	4, 0	6,3	12,5	16,9	-	-	-	
(county/region)													
Central government	11,0	8,9	9,9	4,9	10,2	12,7	10,1	8,2	9,6	-	-	-	
Other	4,6	5,1	4,8	5,6	4,3	4,7	3,2	5,0	5,4	-	-	-	

4.3.7 Changes in the characteristics of work

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
The following questions apply													NA ²⁹
to your place(s) of work in the													
past two years:													
Have you changed job?													NA^{29}
No, not once	77,2	78,6	78,0	64,6	74,8	81,1	57,9	76,0	83,8	-	-	-	
Yes, once	15,3	15,7	15,5	25,7	17,4	11,8	28,3	18,8	11,1	-	-	-	
Yes, 2-3 times	4,2	3,3	3,7	9,0	5,0	2,9	11,9	3,4	2,1	-	-	-	
Yes, 4 times or more	,5	,4	,5	,0	,6	,5	1,9	,3	,4	-	-	-	
Not applicable	2,7	1,9	2,3	, 7	2,1	3,6	,0	1,5	2,6	-	-	-	
Have you changed group?													NA^{29}
No, not once	68,2	68,3	68,3	57,6	65,3	72,6	44,6	66,0	73,5	-	-	-	
Yes, once	19,4	22,2	20,9	27,8	21,6	16,1	36,9	24,5	18,0	-	-	-	
Yes, 2-3 times	6,4	5,7	6,1	8,3	7,4	5,2	12,7	6,2	4,5	-	-	-	
Yes, 4 times or more	1,9	1,4	1,6	2,8	2,2	1,4	2,5	1,3	1,4	-	-	-	
Not applicable	4,1	2,3	3,1	3,5	3,4	4,8	3,2	2,0	2,6	-	-	-	
Have your tasks													NEW
increased significantly?													
No, not once	48,4	44, 0	46,1	39,9	43,6	54,5	34,4	42,1	47,1	-	-	-	
Yes, once	19,8	23,4	21,7	24,5	22,9	16,1	25,5	25,0	21,6	-	-	-	
Yes, 2-3 times	18,9	19,3	19,1	23,8	20,6	16,5	25,5	20,0	17,8	-	-	-	
Yes, 4 times or more	5,7	7,5	6,6	7,7	7,1	4,1	6,4	8,1	6,9	-	-	-	
Not applicable	7,2	5,8	6,4	4,2	5,9	8,8	8,3	4,7	6,6	-	-	_	
Have your tasks decreased													NEW
significantly?													
No, not once	83,7	84,1	83,9	86,1	84,0	83,0	77,6	84,9	84,2	-	-	-	
Yes, once	4,8	4,3	4,5	4,9	4,9	4,6	5,8	4,8	3,6	-	-	-	
Yes, 2-3 times	1,0	1,0	1,0	, 7	1,3	, 7	2,6	,8	1,1	-	-	-	
Yes, 4 times or more	,3	,3	,3	,7	,5	,1	,6	,2	,2	-	-	-	
Not applicable	10,2	10,3	10,2	7,6	9,2	11,5	13,5	9,2	10,9	-	-	-	

²⁹References: Gabriel Oxenstierna and Maria Widmark.

4.3.7 Changes in the characteristics of work

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
The following questions apply													NA^{29}
to your place(s) of work in the													
past two years:													
Have your tasks changed													NA ²⁹
significantly?													
No, not once	57,5	54,9	56,1	50,3	53,1	62,8	41,7	54, 0	57,3	-	-	-	
Yes, once	21,8	24,5	23,2	32,9	24,7	17,4	28,8	26,3	22,2	-	-	-	
Yes, 2-3 times	10,2	11,7	11,0	9,1	12,0	8,5	21,2	11,6	10,7	-	-	-	
Yes, 4 times or more	4,1	4,3	4,2	6,3	4,8	3,2	5,8	4,4	4,1	-	-	-	
Not applicable	6,5	4,6	5,5	1,4	5,5	8,1	2,6	3,7	5,7	-	-	-	
Have new people been													NA^{29}
employed at the workplace?													
No, not once	24,5	23,3	23,9	10,5	24,2	26,7	14,2	23,4	24,4	-	-	-	
Yes, once	18,0	18,3	18,2	16,1	17,2	19,0	18,7	17,5	19,2	-	-	-	
Yes, 2-3 times	27,6	30,7	29,2	35,7	27,2	26,9	33,5	30,3	30,7	-	-	-	
Yes, 4 times or more	26,0	24,6	25,3	35, 0	28,7	22,2	29,7	26,9	21,8	-	-	-	
Not applicable	3,9	3,1	3,4	2,8	2,7	5,3	3,9	2,1	3,9	-	-	-	
Has your workgroup (or parts of													NA^{29}
it) been merged with another													
workgroup or other units?													
No, not once	73,2	73,1	73,2	71,5	73,7	73,0	67,3	73,6	73,4	-	-	-	
Yes, once	17,0	18,1	17,6	17,4	17,7	16,3	20,5	18,5	17,5	-	-	-	
Yes, 2-3 times	2,2	2,3	2,3	2,1	2,6	1,9	1,3	2,6	2,2	-	-	-	
Yes, 4 times or more	, 7	,3	,5	,7	,4	,9	,0	,5	,2	-	-	-	
Not applicable	6,8	6,1	6,4	8,3	5,6	7,9	10,9	4,8	6,8	-	-	-	
Have you been demoted in the													NA^{29}
last two years?													
Yes	5,6	4, 0	4,7	3,5	5,1	6,4	1,9	3,1	5,1	-	-	-	
No	94,4	96,0	95,3	96,5	94,9	93,6	98,1	96,9	94,9	-	-	-	

²⁹References: Gabriel Oxenstierna and Maria Widmark.

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
Does your work sometimes													SWES
involve physical labour, that is,													
you physically exert yourself													
more than one does when													
walking and standing and													
moving around in a normal													
way?													
Nearly all the time	15,8	11,4	13,4	24,1	17,2	13,3	19,1	10,8	11,0	16,6	11,2	13,7	
Roughly 3/4 of the time	9,7	7,8	8,7	12,8	10,3	8,8	10,8	8,3	7,0	6,9	5,6	6,2	
Half of the time	10,4	9,9	10,1	7,8	10,0	11,1	8,9	9,7	10,2	8,4	6,9	7,6	
Roughly 1/4 of the time	10,6	8,7	9,6	16,3	11,3	9,2	15,9	8,5	7,9	8,3	6,9	7,5	
Some (perhaps 1/10 of the	17,3	15,3	16,3	16,3	17,0	17,8	13,4	16,9	14,0	16,9	15,7	16,3	
time)													
No, not at all	36,1	46,9	41,9	22,7	34,1	39,8	31,8	45,7	50,0	42,9	53,6	48,6	
Do you have to lift at least 15													SWESmod
kilo several times a day?													
Nearly all the time	10,4	4,7	7,4	11,3	10,8	9,8	6,4	4,5	4,8	-	-	-	
Roughly ³ / ₄ of the time	4,9	3,3	4, 0	5,0	5,3	4,5	1,9	3,7	3, 0	-	-	-	
Half of the time	7,7	5,8	6,7	12,1	7,1	7,7	10,8	5,4	5,6	-	-	-	
Roughly 1/4 of the time	9,3	6,4	7,8	12,1	10,2	8,0	12,7	6,3	5,7	-	-	-	
Some (perhaps 1/10 of the	19,2	14,2	16,5	24,1	20,2	17,5	17,8	14,4	13,6	-	-	-	
time)													
No, not at all	48,6	65,6	57,7	35,5	46,5	52,4	50,3	65,8	67,4	-	-	-	

					2006						2003	}	
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
		•		16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
Is your work such that you have													ULF
to get into bent, twisted or													
otherwise unsuitable positions?													
Nearly all the time	10,9	8,4	9,6	14,2	11,1	10,4	7,6	8,1	8,8	-	-	-	
Roughly 3/4 of the time	6,5	6,3	6,4	9,2	6,8	6,0	8,3	6,2	6,1	-	-	-	
Half of the time	8,4	9,2	8,8	7,1	8,5	8,4	12,1	9,4	8,6	-	-	-	
Roughly 1/4 of the time	8,9	9,7	9,3	12,1	9,9	7,5	8,3	10,1	9,4	-	-	-	
Some (perhaps 1/10 of the	22,7	21,0	21,8	27,7	23,9	20,9	32,5	20,8	19,8	-	-	-	
time)													
No, not at all	42,5	45,5	44,1	29,8	39,9	46,9	31,2	45,5	47,3	-	-	-	
Are you exposed to any of the													
following at work?													
Disturbing or tiresome noise.													NEW
Nearly all the time	18,2	20,7	19,5	24,8	21,1	14,5	22,2	21,7	19,4	-	-	-	
Roughly ³ / ₄ of the time	11,2	11,4	11,3	14,2	10,6	11,6	16,5	12,2	9,8	-	-	-	
Half of the time	11,6	10,2	10,9	15,6	11,9	10,8	11,4	10,4	9,8	-	-	-	
Roughly 1/4 of the time	10,1	9,1	9,6	7,8	10,4	10,2	12,7	10,1	7,7	-	-	-	
Some (perhaps 1/10 of the	23,2	20,3	21,6	24,8	22,1	24,1	21,5	19,9	20,6	-	-	-	
time)													
No, not at all	25,6	28,3	27,1	12,8	24,0	28,8	15,8	25,7	32,6	-	-	-	
Poor or troublesome lighting													NEW
conditions.													
Nearly all the time	6,4	5,6	5,9	7,8	7,4	5,2	5,1	5,8	5,4	-	-	-	
Roughly 3/4 of the time	4,9	4,1	4,5	7,1	4,8	4,8	7,0	4,4	3,5	-	-	-	
Half of the time	8,4	5,3	6,8	11,3	9,4	7,0	8,2	5,8	4,5	-	-	-	
Roughly 1/4 of the time	10,1	6,7	8,3	9,9	10,1	10,0	9,5	7,5	5,6	-	-	-	
Some (perhaps 1/10 of the	27,8	21,9	24,7	29,1	28,0	27,5	26,6	22,7	20,5	-	-	-	
time)													
No, not at all	42,4	56,4	49,8	34,8	40,3	45,5	43,7	53,8	60,5	-	-	-	

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
Are you exposed to any of the													SWES
following at work?													
Vibrations that make your													SWES
whole body shake and vibrate													
(e.g., from tractor, forklift, or													
other work machine).													
Nearly all the time	5,4	1,0	3,0	8,5	6,4	3,9	1,3	1,1	,9	2,8	,3	1,5	
Roughly 3/4 of the time	3,4	,5	1,9	6,4	2,5	4, 0	,0	,8	,2	1,5	,1	,8	
Half of the time	5,2	,4	2,6	5,0	5,8	4,6	1,3	,3	,4	2,6	,1	1,3	
Roughly 1/4 of the time	6,3	1,0	3,5	8,5	6,8	5,5	2,5	,9	,9	3,6	,6	2,0	
Some (perhaps 1/10 of the	15,2	4,1	9,3	11,3	16,1	14,7	8,2	4,2	3,4	14,3	2,4	8,0	
time)													
No, not at all	64,5	93,0	79,7	60,3	62,3	67,3	86,7	92,6	94,2	75,2	96,5	86,5	

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
	<u> </u>			16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
Are you exposed to any of the													NEW
following at work?													
Toxins or irritants (e.g.													NEW
solvents, pesticides or plastic													
chemicals).													
Nearly all the time	2,7	1,4	2,1	2,1	3,3	2,3	1,9	1,7	1,1	-	-	-	
Roughly 3/4 of the time	2,2	,9	1,5	1,4	1,8	2,8	,6	, 7	1,1	-	-	-	
Half of the time	3,3	1,5	2,3	5,0	3,3	3,0	1,9	1,8	1,1	-	-	-	
Roughly 1/4 of the time	4,4	1,9	3,1	6,4	4,6	4, 0	1,3	2,3	1,6	-	-	-	
Some (perhaps 1/10 of the	21,6	9,5	15,1	24,8	25,4	17,3	20,3	10,4	7,4	-	-	-	
time)													
No, not at all	65,8	84,8	75,9	60,3	61,7	70,7	74,1	83,1	87,7	-	-	-	
Excessive heat, cold or													NEW
draught.													
Nearly all the time	5,7	3,6	4,6	6,4	6,5	4,9	7,0	4,1	2,6				
Roughly 3/4 of the time	4,1	2,2	3,1	6,4	4,5	3,4	2,5	1,5	2,8	-	-	-	
Half of the time	9,9	4,4	7,0	14,9	9,9	9,2	8,2	4,6	3,8	-	-	-	
Roughly 1/4 of the time	9,6	6,6	8,0	12,1	9,8	9,1	16,5	6,1	5,7	-	-	-	
Some (perhaps 1/10 of the	22,1	18,0	19,9	21,3	22,7	21,6	20,9	19,1	16,5	-	-	-	
time)													
No, not at all	48,6	65,3	57,5	39,0	46,7	51,7	44,9	64,5	68,6	-	-	-	

					2006			_			2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
Are you exposed to any of the													NEW
following at work?													
Risk of infection (e.g. from													NEW
sick patients/clients or													
contaminated waste.)													
Nearly all the time	2,5	12,7	7,9	2,1	2,9	2,1	15,8	13,9	11,2	-	-	-	
Roughly 3/4 of the time	1,2	4,4	2,9	2,9	1,1	1,1	5,1	3,5	5,1	-	-	-	
Half of the time	1,7	5,8	3,9	2,1	1,8	1,6	5,1	5,7	6,0	-	-	-	
Roughly 1/4 of the time	1,9	5,0	3,5	2,1	1,7	2,0	3,2	5,5	4,7	-	-	-	
Some (perhaps 1/10 of the	7,9	13,8	11,0	12,9	7,9	7,4	13,3	13,5	14,1	-	-	-	
time)													
No, not at all	84,8	58,3	70,7	77,9	84,7	85,8	57,6	57,8	58,9	-	-	-	
Tangible risk of injury (e.g.													NEW
from dangerous machines or													
elevated working positions).													
Nearly all the time	6,3	1,2	3,6	10,6	8,0	4,1	1,9	1,6	,6	-	-	-	
Roughly 3/4 of the time	3,9	,8	2,3	2,1	4,3	3,7	1,3	,9	,6	-	-	-	
Half of the time	6,4	1,5	3,8	9,2	7,1	5,3	4,4	1,6	1,1	-	-	-	
Roughly 1/4 of the time	6,5	1,3	3,8	8,5	6,4	6,4	4,4	,9	1,3	-	-	-	
Some (perhaps 1/10 of the	18,2	6,6	12,0	20,6	18,4	17,7	10,8	6,9	5,8	-	-	-	
time)													
No, not at all	58,7	88,5	74,6	48,9	55,8	62,9	77,2	88,0	90,5	-	-	-	

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
How often do you work at a													NEW
computer keyboard?													
Nearly all the time	13,9	21,8	18,1	17,3	16,9	10,5	27,4	23,7	19,1	-	-	-	
Roughly 3/4 of the time	11,7	12,0	11,9	7,2	12,1	11,9	5,7	11,5	13,3	-	-	-	
Half of the time	13,7	11,7	12,6	7,2	14,1	14,1	5,7	12,0	12,1	-	-	-	
Roughly 1/4 of the time	14,4	12,8	13,6	8,6	13,2	16,5	8,3	11,3	14,9	-	-	-	
Some (perhaps 1/10 of the	23,6	24,1	23,9	26,6	24,0	22,8	26,1	26,3	21,6	-	-	-	
time)													
No, not at all	22,6	17,7	20,0	33,1	19,7	24,3	26,8	15,2	19,0	-	-	-	

4.4 Miscellaneous work-related questions

Data concerning respondents, who during the last three months, on avarage, have worked gainfully 30 % or more.

Data indicated as per cent.

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
How satisfied or dissatisfied are													NA ²⁹
you with your present tasks?													
Very satisfied	21,9	24,7	23,4	17,0	20,5	23,9	21,7	25,0	24,9	-	-	-	
Quite satisfied	66,3	64,7	65,5	69,5	65,6	66,5	63,1	64,2	65,5	-	-	-	
Quite dissatisfied	10,3	9,0	9,6	9,2	11,9	8,8	11,5	9,4	8,4	-	-	-	
Very dissatisfied	1,5	1,5	1,5	4,3	2,0	, 7	3,8	1,4	1,3	-	-	-	
To what extent do your basic													NA ²⁹
values match those of your													
workplace?													
To a very high extent	15,5	17,4	16,5	12,0	14,0	17,4	10,3	17,6	18,0	-	-	-	
To a high extent	55,9	59,7	58,0	56,3	56,2	55,7	62,6	60,9	58,2	-	-	-	
To a small extent	22,8	18,3	20,4	23,2	23,6	21,9	22,6	17,0	19,1	-	-	-	
To a very small extent/not at all	4,1	3,4	3,8	4,2	4,5	3,8	3,9	3,2	3,6	-	-	-	
To a very high extent	1,7	1,2	1,4	4,2	1,7	1,3	,6	1,3	1,0	-	-	-	
Are you satisfied with your													WOLFF
contracted working hours per													
week?													
Yes, I am satisfied	76,8	74, 0	75,3	77,6	73,3	80,2	73,7	74,6	73,5	-	-	-	
No, I would like to work more	1,8	5,9	4, 0	6,3	1,9	1,2	16,7	5,2	5,4	-	-	-	
hours a week													
No, I would like to work less	21,4	20,0	20,7	16,1	24,8	18,6	9,6	20,2	21,2	-	-	-	
hours a week													

²⁹References: Gabriel Oxenstierna and Maria Widmark.

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
Is the company/workplace													Aronsson
where you work today the place													
you wish to work at in the													
future?													
Yes	57, 0	54,3	55,6	41,4	51,8	64,3	30,6	47,8	63,8	-	-	-	
No, but I'm satisfied right now	36,2	38,2	37,3	51,4	39,5	30,8	58,0	43,3	30,7	-	-	-	
No, I'm dissatisfied with my work	6,8	7,4	7,2	7,1	8,7	4,9	11,5	8,9	5,5	-	-	-	
place													
Is the profession you have today													Aronsson
the one you wish to have in the													
future?													
Yes	61,5	63,5	62,6	43,4	55,8	69,6	40,8	57,8	72,1	-	-	-	
No, but I am satisfied right now	33,7	32,1	32,8	45,5	39,2	26,6	47,8	37,1	25,2	-	-	-	
No, but I am dissatisfied with my	4,8	4,4	4,6	11,2	5,0	3,8	11,5	5,1	2,8	-	-	-	
work													
Have you started to plan your													NEW
retirement? This does not													
include pension savings.													
Yes	24,2	17,5	20,6	4,9	6,9	44,3	,0	3,9	33,4	-	-	-	
No	75,8	82,5	79,4	95,1	93,1	55,7	100,0	96,1	66,6	-	-	-	
Are there opportunities at your													NEW
work, either full or part-time													
after the normal retirement age?													
Yes	56,9	59,0	58,0	50,0	55,6	59,2	59,5	56,8	61,1	-	-	-	
No	43,1	41,0	42, 0	50,0	44,4	40,8	40,5	43,2	38,9	-	-	-	

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
Do you feel that your full													NEW
potential is not utilised in your													
job?													
Yes	58,0	52,0	54,9	63,6	63,5	51,8	59,2	53,7	49,4	-	-	-	
No	42, 0	48,0	45,1	36,4	36,5	48,2	40,8	46,3	50,6	-	-	-	
At my workplace we dare to													NA ²⁹
speak our minds													
Totally agree	44,5	32,0	37,8	44,7	42,1	46,9	30,8	30,9	33,3	-	-	-	
Somewhat agree	46,4	56,1	51,6	49,6	48,6	43,9	58,3	57,1	54,8	-	-	-	
Totally disagree	9,1	11,9	10,6	5,7	9,3	9,3	10,9	12,1	11,9	-	-	-	
Do you have enough resources													NA^{29}
to manage your job?													
Yes	83,8	82,5	83,1	93,8	80,7	85,5	85,4	81,5	83,1	-	-	-	
No	16,2	17,5	16,9	6,3	19,3	14,5	14,6	18,5	16,9	-	-	-	
At your workplace, is there an													NA^{29}
understanding for female													
employees who need to reduce													
their hours in order to look after													
a child for the first few years of													
its infancy?													
Yes, well	37,5	45,7	41,9	39,1	38,2	36,4	39,9	49,1	43,0	-	-	-	
Yes, quite well	44,9	44, 0	44,4	43,5	44,8	45,2	47,5	40,3	47,3	-	-	-	
No, quite little	11,8	7,8	9,6	13,8	11,7	11,7	10,1	8,4	6,8	-	-	-	
No, little	5,8	2,5	4,0	3,6	5,3	6,6	2,5	2,1	2,9	-	-	-	

²⁹References: Gabriel Oxenstierna and Maria Widmark.

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
At your workplace, is there an													NA ²⁹
understanding for male													
employees who need to reduce													
their hours in order to look after													
a child for the first few years of													
its infancy?													
Yes, well	29,7	40,1	35,2	27,7	30,2	29,4	30,1	42,1	39,3	-	-	-	
Yes, quite well	46,8	44,5	45,6	50,4	45,6	47,7	51, 0	42,4	45,9	-	-	-	
No, quite little	17,4	10,5	13,7	16,3	18,0	16,9	14,4	10,8	9,6	-	-	-	
No, little	6,1	4,9	5,5	5,7	6,2	6,1	4,6	4,7	5,2	-	-	-	
Do cultural events (films, plays,													NEW
concerts, exhibitions) occur for													
the employees at your work													
place?													
Never	56,2	51,3	53,6	55,6	56,4	56,0	48,1	51,2	51,9	-	-	-	
Sometimes a year	39,0	43,3	41,3	38,9	38,7	39,2	45,5	42,9	43,5	-	-	-	
Sometimes a month	4,2	4,9	4,5	4,2	4,5	3,9	5,8	5,4	4,2	-	-	-	
Sometimes a week or more	,7	,5	,6	1,4	,4	,9	,6	,6	,4	-	-	-	
Does your work leave time for													NA^{29}
reflection?													
Yes, often	17,3	15,3	16,2	19,1	15,4	18,9	17,2	13,9	16,4	-	-	-	
Yes, sometimes	52,1	49,7	50,8	51,8	50,3	53,9	49,0	52, 0	47,5	-	-	-	
No, seldom	26,1	30,1	28,2	27,0	29,3	22,9	28,7	29,8	30,6	-	-	-	
Hardly ever/never	4,5	4,9	4,7	2,1	5,0	4,3	5,1	4,2	5,6	-	-	-	

²⁹References: Gabriel Oxenstierna and Maria Widmark.

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
Comparing your skills and													ULF
knowledge with the job you do,													
do you think you are													
highly overqualified	4,2	2,5	3,3	5,6	4,1	4,1	3,8	1,9	3,0	-	-	-	
in some respects overqualified	24,8	23,5	24,1	25,9	27,4	22,0	29,7	24,2	22,2	-	-	-	
are sufficiently qualified	56,9	57,6	57,2	52,4	53,8	60,5	46,2	55,7	60,8	-	-	-	
in need of a little extra	13,4	15,4	14,4	15,4	13,7	12,7	19,6	17,0	13,2	-	-	-	
knowledge													
in need of a great deal of extra	,8	1,0	,9	, 7	,9	, 7	,6	1,2	,8	-	-	-	
knowledge													
Can you determine if you do a													WOLFF
good job or not?													
Yes, often	62,4	57, 0	59,5	55,9	60,7	64,9	51,6	55,8	58,9	-	-	-	
Yes, sometimes	34,0	39,1	36,7	37,8	35,7	31,8	42,8	40,6	37,1	-	-	-	
No, seldom	3,4	3,8	3,6	6,3	3,3	3,1	5,7	3,5	3,8	-	-	-	
Hardly ever/never	,2	,1	,2	,0	,3	,2	,0	,1	,2	-	-	-	

4.5 Consequences of not being gainfully employed

Data concerning old-age pensioners, full-time early retirees, full-time disability pensioners, students, unemployed, long-term sick-listed persons, persons on parental leave, homemakers and others who temporarily or permanently had left gainful employment.

Data indicated as per cent.

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M + W /					W		M			C
	M	W	M+W	4 6 20	Men	.	4 6 20	Women	T =0.	M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
Leaving work was stressful.													NEW
Strongly agree	5,4	7,3	6,6	3,0	13,2	3,8	4,9	8,8	7,2	-	-	-	
Agree	7,1	11,6	9,9	3,0	11,3	6,7	9,8	15,8	9,1	-	-	-	
Neither agree nor disagree	21,1	13,3	16,2	27,3	15,1	21,6	13,7	14,0	12,4	-	-	-	
Disagree	16,0	16,2	16,1	15,2	11,3	17,3	16,7	12,3	19,1	-	-	-	
Strongly disagree	50,3	51,7	51,2	51,5	49,1	50,5	54,9	49,1	52,2	-	-	-	
I feel that I have lost my													NEW
purpose in life.													
Strongly agree	3,0	6,0	4,8	,0	3,7	3,3	2,9	5,8	7,5	-	-	-	
Agree	12,5	10,9	11,5	9,1	18,5	11,4	6,7	12,3	11,8	-	-	-	
Neither agree nor disagree	13,1	10,1	11,2	15,2	11,1	13,3	10,6	9,9	9,9	-	-	-	
Disagree	22,2	19,7	20,7	21,2	14,8	24,3	11,5	15,8	26,9	-	-	-	
Strongly disagree	49,2	53,4	51,8	54,5	51,9	47,6	68,3	56,1	43,9	-	-	-	
My health has deteriorated													NEW
since I stopped working.													
Strongly agree	4,7	2,7	3,4	3,0	5,7	4,8	2,8	1,2	3,8	-	-	-	
Agree	5,7	8,2	7,3	6,1	7,5	5,2	9,4	10,5	5,7	-	_	_	
Neither agree nor disagree	24,3	24,7	24,6	30,3	22,6	23,8	27,4	23,3	24,6	-	_	-	
Disagree	23,6	19,4	21,0	33,3	24,5	21,9	16,0	16,9	23,2	-	_	-	
Strongly disagree	41,6	45,0	43,7	27,3	39,6	44,3	44,3	48,3	42,7	_	_	-	

					2006						2003	}	
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
		J		16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+		1	<u> </u>	
I have been in financial									•				NEW
difficulties since I stopped													
working.													
Strongly agree	9,5	9,3	9,4	15,2	22,6	5,3	15,5	10,5	5,2	-	-	-	
Agree	10,9	17,9	15,3	21,2	24,5	5,8	26,2	23,3	9,5	-	-	-	
Neither nor disagree	20,1	24,3	22,7	6,1	20,8	22,1	22,3	25,0	24,6	-	-	-	
Disagree	21,8	21,2	21,4	27,3	13,2	23,1	17,5	20,3	23,7	-	-	-	
Strongly disagree	37,8	27,4	31,3	30,3	18,9	43,8	18,4	20,9	37,0	-	-	-	
I have lost contact with many of													NEW
my friends since I stopped													
working.													
Strongly agree	5, 0	4,5	4,7	,0	5,7	5,6	1,9	4,7	5,7	-	-	-	
Agree	16,7	13,1	14,5	9,1	18,9	17,4	7,7	10,5	17,9	-	-	-	
Neither nor disagree	21,7	18,3	19,6	18,2	17,0	23,5	18,3	19,9	17,0	-	-	-	
Disagree	23,1	23,2	23,2	21,2	15,1	25,4	19,2	19,3	28,3	-	-	-	
Strongly disagree	33,4	40,9	38,0	51,5	43,4	28,2	52,9	45,6	31,1	-	-	-	
Have you noticed that people													LR Jönsson
avoid you because you are not													
working?													
Yes, many times	,0	,8	,5	,0	,0	,0	,0	,6	1,4	-	-	-	
Yes, a few times	2,0	3,0	2,6	3,0	3,6	1,4	,0	5,8	2,3	-	-	-	
Yes, once or twice	6,8	5,3	5,9	6,1	8,9	6,4	1,9	7,6	5,1	-	-	-	
No, never	91,2	90,9	91,0	90,9	87,5	92,2	98,1	86,0	91,2	-	-	-	
Have you noticed that people													LR Jönsson
treat you as less knowledgeable													
because you are not working?													
Yes, many times	2,0	2,8	2,5	3,0	7,1	,5	1,0	2,3	4,2	-	-	-	
Yes, a few times	1,6	3,9	3,0	6,1	1,8	,9	5,7	4,7	2,3	-	-	-	
Yes, once or twice	9,2	8,7	8,9	9,1	14,3	7,8	6,7	14,5	5,1	-	-	-	
No, never	87,3	84,6	85,6	81,8	76,8	90,8	86,7	78,5	88,4	-	-	-	

					2006						2003	3	
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
Have you noticed that people													LR Jönsson
have considered you lazy													
because you are not working?													
Yes, many times	2,6	2,8	2,8	3,0	8,9	,9	2,9	2,9	2,8	-	-	-	
Yes, a few times	4,6	5,5	5,1	9,1	3,6	4,1	8,6	7,0	2,8	-	-	-	
Yes, once or twice	14,7	14,2	14,4	21,2	30,4	9,6	20,0	16,9	9,3	-	-	-	
No, never	78,2	77,4	77,7	66,7	57,1	85,3	68,6	73,3	85,1	-	-	-	
Have you noticed that other													LR Jönsson
people do not care about what													
you say or do because you are													
not working?													
Yes, many times	1,0	1,6	1,4	,0	1,8	,9	,0	1,7	2,3	-	-	-	
Yes, a few times	3,6	3,5	3,5	6,1	7,1	2,3	1,9	4,1	3,7	-	-	-	
Yes, once or twice	9,4	9,0	9,1	9,1	12,5	8,7	8,7	9,9	8,4	-	-	-	
No, never	86,0	85,9	86,0	84,8	78,6	88,1	89,4	84,3	85,6	-	-	-	
I feel left out of things.													CASP-19 (4)
Often	4,2	3,6	3,8	,0	7,1	4,0	1,9	6,0	2,6	-	-	-	` ,
Sometimes	17,6	23,0	21,0	23,5	26,8	14,3	24,1	27,7	18,8	-	-	-	
Not often	34,8	34,7	34,8	41,2	28,6	35,4	42,6	31,0	34,1	-	-	-	
Never	43,5	38,6	40,4	35,3	37,5	46,2	31,5	35,3	44,5	-	-	-	
I feel that what happens to me													CASP-19 (2)
is out of my control.													()
Often	4,5	4,6	4,5	5,9	5,4	4,1	4,6	6,0	3,4	-	-	-	
Sometimes	18,9	26,2	23,5	14,7	26,8	17,6	30,3	28,3	22,7	-	-	-	
Not often	40,7	37,6	38,8	55,9	35,7	39,6	39,4	38,6	36,1	-	-	-	
Never	35,9	31,6	33,2	23,5	32,1	38,7	25,7	27,2	37,8	_	_	-	

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+			1	
Have you noticed people													LR Jönsson
getting irritated by you													
because you are not working?													
Yes, many times	1,6	2,8	2,4	3,0	3,6	,9	1,0	2,9	3,7	-	-	-	
Yes, a few times	6,8	7,1	7,0	6,1	16,4	4,6	10,5	9,2	3,7	-	-	-	
Yes, once or twice	18,2	13,2	15,1	24,2	20,0	16,9	16,2	16,8	8,8	-	-	-	
No, never	73,3	76,9	75,5	66,7	60,0	77,6	72,4	71,1	83,8	-	-	_	
Have you been under heavy													LR Jönsson
pressure to quickly get a job?													
Yes, many times	3,3	3,9	3,6	9,1	7,1	1,4	6,7	2,9	3,3	-	-	-	
Yes, a few times	7,8	6,5	7,0	15,2	8,9	6,4	11,4	7,0	3,8	-	-	-	
Yes, once or twice	12,4	13,9	13,3	15,2	32,1	6,9	23,8	16,9	6,6	-	-	-	
No, never	76,5	75,7	76,0	60,6	51,8	85,3	58,1	73,3	86,4	-	-	-	
Since you have been out of													LR Jönsson
work, have you noticed that													
people speak disparingly of													
people who do not work?													
Yes, many times	3,9	6,1	5,3	9,1	7,1	2,3	5,8	6,4	6,1	-	-	-	
Yes, a few times	9,1	10,8	10,2	18,2	12,5	6,9	12,5	13,5	7,9	-	-	-	
Yes, once or twice	27,0	26,0	26,4	24,2	30,4	26,6	34,6	25,7	22,0	-	-	-	
No, never	59,9	57,1	58,2	48,5	50,0	64,2	47,1	54,4	64, 0	-	-	-	

4.5.2 Positive aspects

					2006						2003		
	Μ	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
		•	•	16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+			'	
I have more time for myself													NEW
since I stopped working.													
Strongly agree	34,0	32,1	32,8	18,2	24,5	38,8	15,4	25,1	45,8	-	-	-	
Agree	40,3	32,9	35,7	27,3	34,0	43,9	27,9	28,7	38,8	-	-	-	
Neither agree nor disagree	17,7	18,4	18,1	18,2	34,0	13,6	26,9	22,2	11,2	-	-	-	
Disagree	5,0	8,8	7,4	21,2	3,8	2,8	12,5	13,5	3,3	-	-	-	
Strongly disagree	3,0	7,8	6,0	15,2	3,8	,9	17,3	10,5	,9	-	-	-	
I have more time for my family													NEW
since I stopped working.													
Strongly agree	37,3	38,8	38,2	18,2	38,5	40,1	27,2	42,4	41,4	-	-	-	
Agree	39,0	34,6	36,3	27,3	28,8	43,5	23,3	33,1	41,4	-	-	-	
Neither agree nor disagree	16,8	16,5	16,6	27,3	23,1	13,5	27,2	15,7	11,9	-	-	-	
Disagree	3,1	4,9	4,2	9,1	7,7	1,0	6,8	4,7	4,3	-	-	-	
Strongly disagree	3,8	5,2	4,6	18,2	1,9	1,9	15,5	4,1	1,0	-	-	-	
I have felt more relaxed since I													NEW
stopped working.													
Strongly agree	18,7	24,2	22,1	9,1	17,0	20,6	10,6	20,2	34,0	-	-	-	
Agree	33,7	30,9	31,9	21,2	30,2	36,4	17,3	32,9	35,8	-	-	-	
Neither agree nor disagree	24,3	23,4	23,7	15,2	24,5	25,7	34,6	26,0	15,8	-	-	-	
Disagree	12,3	13,2	12,9	21,2	13,2	10,7	25,0	9,8	10,2	-	-	-	
Strongly disagree	11,0	8,3	9,3	33,3	15,1	6,5	12,5	11,0	4,2	-	-	-	
My health has improved since I													NEW
stopped working.													
Strongly agree	9,1	13,5	11,8	6,1	15,1	8,1	11,5	14,0	14,2	-	-	-	
Agree	18,9	21,7	20,6	12,1	30,2	17,1	17,3	26,2	20,3	-	-	-	
Neither agree nor disagree	52,5	45,9	48,4	57,6	34, 0	56,4	46,2	43, 0	48,1	-	-	-	
Disagree	7,1	8,8	8,2	12,1	11,3	5,2	11,5	8,1	8,0	-	-	-	
Strongly disagree	12,5	10,0	11,0	12,1	9,4	13,3	13,5	8,7	9,4	-	-	-	

4.5.2 Positive aspects

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
I choose to do things that I													CASP-19 (16)
have never done before.													
Often	15,4	16,4	16,1	23,5	8,9	15,8	27,5	13,2	13,8	-	-	-	
Sometimes	40,2	44,0	42,6	38,2	32,1	42,5	43,1	40,7	47, 0	-	-	-	
Not often	37,6	34,6	35,7	38,2	51,8	33,9	25,7	39,6	34,9	-	-	-	
Never	6,8	5,0	5,6	,0	7,1	7,7	3,7	6,6	4,3	-	-	-	

4.5.3 Support

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
-				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
Have other people given you													LR Jönsson
useful advice or ideas on how													
to get a job?													
Yes, many times	4,2	4,5	4,4	9,4	12,5	1,4	9,5	5,3	1,4	-	-	-	
Yes, a few times	10,5	10,3	10,4	40,6	10,7	6,0	17,1	10,5	6,9	-	-	-	
Yes, once or twice	24,2	22,1	22,9	28,1	41,1	19,3	27,6	26,9	15,7	-	-	-	
No, never	61,1	63,1	62,3	21,9	35,7	73,4	45,7	57,3	76,0	-	-	-	
Have you noticed that other													LR Jönsson
people have been interested in													
how you are and feel because													
you are not working?													
Yes, many times	14,7	15,2	15,0	12,5	9,1	16,4	6,7	12,9	21,1	-	-	-	
Yes, a few times	26,7	21,5	23,5	18,8	41,8	24,1	23,8	20,5	21,1	-	-	-	
Yes, once or twice	31,3	29,1	30,0	37,5	23,6	32,3	24,8	33,9	27,5	-	-	-	
No, never	27,4	34,2	31,6	31,3	25,5	27,3	44,8	32,7	30,3	-	-	-	
Have you noticed that other													LR Jönsson
people have tried to help you													
with various things because													
you are not working?													
Yes, many times	2,3	2,0	2,1	6,1	5,4	,9	3,8	2,4	,9	-	-	-	
Yes, a few times	8,8	7,4	7,9	15,2	23,2	4,1	8,6	8,2	6,1	-	-	-	
Yes, once or twice	14,3	12,3	13,1	18,2	14,3	13,8	21,0	12,4	7,9	-	-	-	
No, never	74,6	78,3	76,9	60,6	57,1	81,2	66,7	77,1	85,0	-	-	-	

4.5.3 Support

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
Have you noticed that other													LR Jönsson
people have tried to													
encourage and comfort you													
because you are not working?													
Yes, many times	1,6	4,5	3,4	3,1	1,8	1,4	2,9	3,6	6,1	-	-	-	
Yes, a few times	8,2	8,0	8,1	12,5	16,4	5,5	8,6	11,3	5,1	-	-	-	
Yes, once or twice	17,4	16,4	16,8	21,9	30,9	13,3	21,0	19,0	12,1	-	-	-	
No, never	72,8	71,0	71,7	62,5	50,9	79,8	67,6	66,1	76,6	-	-	-	

					2006						2003	;	
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
Do you, at present, participate													NEW
in some kind of labour market													
programme, employment													
training or rehabilitation? ³⁰													
Yes	17,0	37,0	54, 0	4, 0	7,0	6, 0	4,0	22,0	11,0	-	-	-	
No	288,0	464,0	752,0	28,0	45,0	215,0	101,0	156,0	207,0	-	-	-	
Participants in labour market													NEW
programmes:													
Did you decide yourself to													
participate?													
Yes	80,0	87,2	84,7	50,0	100,0	75,0	100,0	91,3	75,0	-	-	-	
No	20,0	12,8	15,3	50,0	,0	25,0	,0	8,7	25,0	-	-		
Participants in labour market													NEW
programmes: What is your													
opinion of your participation?													
Do you feel that you are													NEW
learning things of use in the													
future?													
Yes, often	4, 0	18,0	22,0	1,0	1,0	2,0	3,0	9,0	6, 0	-	-	-	
Yes, sometimes	5,0	15,0	20,0	,0	4, 0	1,0	1,0	10,0	4, 0	-	-	-	
No, seldom	6,0	2,0	8,0	3,0	1,0	2,0	,0	2,0	,0	-	-	-	
No, hardly ever/never	2,0	,0	2,0	,0	1,0	1,0	,0	,0	,0	-	-	-	
Does it feel meaningful to													NEW
take part?													
Yes, often	4, 0	24,0	28,0	,0	3,0	1,0	3, 0	12, 0	9,0	-	-	-	
Yes, sometimes	7,0	12,0	19,0	2,0	2,0	3, 0	1,0	9,0	2,0	-	-	-	
No, seldom	1,0	1,0	2,0	1,0	,0	,0	,0	1,0	,0	-	-	-	
No, hardly ever/never	5,0	,0	5,0	1,0	2,0	2,0	,0	,0	,0	-	-	-	

³⁰Data stated as *number*

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
_				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
Participants in labour market													NEW
programmes: What is your													
opinion of your participation?													
Does it feel meaningless to													NEW
take part?													
Yes, often	2,0	1,0	3,0	1,0	1,0	,0	,0	1,0	,0	-	-	-	
Yes, sometimes	3, 0	4,0	7,0	3,0	,0	,0	,0	3,0	1,0	-	-	-	
No, seldom	3, 0	11,0	14, 0	,0	2,0	1,0	2,0	7,0	2,0	-	-	-	
No, hardly ever/never	9,0	21,0	30,0	,0	4, 0	5,0	2,0	11,0	8,0	-	-	-	
Do you feel that the level is													NEW
too <u>low</u> for you?													
Yes, often	4, 0	1,0	5,0	2,0	2,0	,0	,0	,0	1,0	-	-	-	
Yes, sometimes	1,0	4, 0	5,0	1,0	,0	,0	1,0	2,0	1,0	-	-	-	
No, seldom	7,0	19,0	26,0	1,0	3,0	3, 0	2,0	12,0	5,0	-	-	-	
No, hardly ever/never	4, 0	12,0	16,0	,0	1,0	3,0	1,0	8,0	3, 0	-	-		
Do you feel that the level is													NEW
too <u>high</u> for you?													
Yes, often	,0	,0	,0	,0	,0	,0	,0	,0	,0	-	-	-	
Yes, sometimes	3, 0	8,0	11,0	1,0	2,0	,0	2,0	4, 0	2,0	-	-	-	
No, seldom	7,0	20,0	27,0	1,0	4, 0	2,0	1,0	12,0	7,0	-	-	-	
No, hardly ever/never	7,0	8,0	15,0	2,0	1,0	4, 0	1,0	6,0	1,0	-	-	-	
Does the participation													NEW
require considerable mental													
effort?													
Yes, often	,0	14, 0	14, 0	,0	,0	,0	1,0	8,0	5, 0	-	-	-	
Yes, sometimes	5,0	11,0	16,0	1,0	3,0	1,0	2,0	6,0	3,0	-	-	-	
No, seldom	5,0	6,0	11,0	2,0	1,0	2,0	1,0	3,0	2,0	-	-	-	
No, hardly ever/never	6,0	6,0	12,0	1,0	3,0	2,0	,0	5,0	1,0	-	-	-	

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
_				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
Participants in labour market													NEW
programmes: What is your													
opinion of your participation?													
Does participation require													NEW
considerable physical effort?													
Yes, often	2,0	4, 0	6,0	1,0	,0	1,0	1,0	3,0	,0	-	-	-	
Yes, sometimes	5,0	11,0	16,0	1,0	2,0	2,0	2,0	7,0	2,0	-	-	-	
No, seldom	3, 0	8,0	11, 0	1,0	,0	2,0	1,0	3,0	4, 0	-	-	-	
No, hardly ever/never	6,0	14,0	20,0	1,0	5,0	,0	,0	9,0	5,0	-	-	-	
Do you have enough time													NEW
to manage what you you are													
supposed to do?													
Yes, often	8,0	20,0	28,0	2,0	4,0	2,0	1,0	13,0	6,0	-	-	-	
Yes, sometimes	5,0	14,0	19,0	1,0	3,0	1,0	3,0	7,0	4, 0	-	-	-	
No, seldom	1,0	2,0	3,0	1,0	,0	,0	,0	1,0	1,0	-	-	-	
No, hardly ever/never	2,0	1,0	3,0	,0	,0	2,0	,0	1,0	,0	-	-	-	
Does the participation													NEW
involve carrying out the same													
task over and over again?													
Yes, often	3,0	7,0	10,0	1,0	2,0	,0	1,0	3,0	3,0	-	-	-	
Yes, sometimes	6,0	19,0	25,0	2,0	3,0	1,0	2,0	13,0	4, 0	-	-	-	
No, seldom	5,0	8,0	13, 0	1,0	1,0	3,0	,0	5,0	3,0	-	-	-	
No, hardly ever/never	2,0	3,0	5,0	,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	-	-	-	

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
_				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
Participants in labour market													NEW
programmes: What is your													
opinion of your participation?													
Do you have the freedom to													NEW
decide <u>how</u> your tasks are to													
be carried out?													
Yes, often	3, 0	7,0	10,0	,0	2,0	1,0	,0	4, 0	3,0	-	-	-	
Yes, sometimes	7,0	20,0	27,0	1,0	5,0	1,0	1,0	12,0	7,0	-	-	-	
No, seldom	5, 0	7,0	12, 0	2,0	,0	3, 0	3,0	3,0	1,0	-	-	-	
No, hardly ever/never	1,0	3,0	4,0	1,0	,0	,0	,0	3,0	,0	-	-	-	
Do you have the freedom													NEW
to decide what tasks are to be													
carried out?													
Yes, often	3, 0	8,0	11,0	,0	2,0	1,0	,0	5,0	3,0	-	-	-	
Yes, sometimes	3, 0	13,0	16,0	,0	3,0	,0	1,0	9,0	3, 0	-	-	-	
No, seldom	8,0	12,0	20,0	4, 0	2,0	2,0	3,0	4, 0	5, 0	-	-	-	
No, hardly ever/never	2,0	4, 0	6,0	,0	,0	2,0	,0	4, 0	,0	-	-	-	
Do you feel that the													NEW
demands on you at the													
moment are too high?													
Yes, often	,0	3, 0	3,0	,0	,0	,0	,0	3, 0	,0	-	-	-	
Yes, sometimes	2,0	7,0	9,0	,0	1,0	1,0	,0	4, 0	3, 0	-	-	-	
No, seldom	10,0	18,0	28,0	3,0	4, 0	3, 0	3,0	8,0	7,0	-	-	-	
No, hardly ever/never	3,0	9,0	12,0	,0	2,0	1,0	1,0	7,0	1,0	-	-	-	

					2006						2003		
	Μ	W	M+W		Men		,	Women		M	W	M+W	Source
			•	16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+		•		
Participants in labour market													NEW
programmes: What is your													
opinion of your participation?													
Is there anyone to ask if													NEW
things are difficult or													
confusing?													
Yes, often	9,0	25,0	34, 0	3,0	3,0	3,0	3,0	15,0	7,0	-	-	-	
Yes, sometimes	5, 0	6,0	11,0	1,0	2,0	2,0	1,0	4, 0	1,0	-	-	-	
No, seldom	,0	4, 0	4, 0	,0	,0	,0	,0	1,0	3, 0	-	-	-	
No, hardly ever/never	2,0	2,0	4,0	,0	2,0	,0	,0	2,0	,0	-	-	-	
Are the others there for you?													NEW
Yes, often	8,0	23,0	31,0	2,0	5,0	1,0	3,0	13,0	7,0	-	-	-	
Yes, sometimes	6,0	11,0	17,0	2,0	1,0	3,0	1,0	7,0	3, 0	-	-	-	
No, seldom	1,0	2,0	3,0	,0	,0	1,0	,0	2,0	,0	-	-	-	
No, hardly ever/never	1,0	,0	1,0	,0	1,0	,0	,0	,0	,0	-	-	-	
Do people understand that													NEW
you can have a bad day?													
Yes, often	7,0	23,0	30,0	1,0	4, 0	2,0	2,0	13,0	8,0	-	-	-	
Yes, sometimes	4, 0	11, 0	15,0	,0	2,0	2,0	2,0	7,0	2,0	-	-	-	
No, seldom	3,0	2,0	5,0	2,0	,0	1,0	,0	2,0	,0	-	-	-	
No, hardly ever/never	2,0	,0	2,0	1,0	1,0	,0	,0	,0	,0	-	-		
Do you get personal													NEW
affirmation from your													
supervisor or teacher?													
Yes, often	4, 0	16,0	20,0	,0	2,0	2,0	1,0	11,0	4, 0	-	-	-	
Yes, sometimes	5,0	16,0	21,0	2,0	2,0	1,0	3, 0	8,0	5,0	-	-	-	
No, seldom	4,0	2,0	6,0	2,0	1,0	1,0	,0	1,0	1,0	-	-	-	
No, hardly ever/never	3,0	1,0	4, 0	,0	2,0	1,0	,0	1,0	,0	-	-	-	

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
Participants in labour market													NEW
programmes: What is your													
opinion of your participation?													
Do you think that													NEW
socialising with others there is													
valuable?													
Yes, often	6,0	20,0	26,0	,0	4, 0	2,0	2,0	12,0	6, 0	-	-	-	
Yes, sometimes	6,0	10,0	16,0	4, 0	1,0	1,0	2,0	6,0	2,0	-	-	-	
No, seldom	2,0	4, 0	6,0	,0	1,0	1,0	,0	3,0	1,0	-	-	-	
No, hardly ever/never	2,0	1,0	3,0	,0	1,0	1,0	,0	1,0	,0	-	-	-	

4.6 Social situation och lifestyle

Data concerning participants, who during the last three months, on avarage, have worked gainfully 30 % or more as well as persons who were not gainfully employed.³¹ Where so is indicated, both groups are combined.

Data indicated as per cent if nothing else is stated.

4.6.1 Marital status, "gainfully employed 30 % or more" and "not gainfully employed"

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
Are you single or													SCB
married/cohabiting?													
Single	23,0	23,1	23,0	42,7	24,4	19,0	38,7	20,8	22,6	-	-	-	
Married/Cohabiting	77,0	76,9	77,0	57,3	75,6	81,0	61,3	79,2	77,4	-	-	-	
Do you have any children													SCB
living at home? Include													
children living with you at													
least half of the time.													
Yes	45,5	47,4	46,6	18,3	68,2	29,1	28,5	77,6	21,7				
No	54,5	52,6	53,4	81,7	31,8	70,9	71,5	22,4	78,3				

³¹The group "not gainfully employed" include old-age pensioners, full-time early retirees, full-time disability pensioners, students, unemployed, long-term sick-listed, persons on parental leave, homemakers and others who temporarily or permanently had left gainful employment.

4.6.2 Family of origin, "gainfully employed 30 % or more" and "not gainfully employed"

The question "Does your mother live?" is presented due to hereditary because of cardic infarction.

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
Which of the following best													NEW
describes the adult(s) in the													
household where you lived													
when you were 14?													
Both your biological parents	81,6	80,1	80,8	79,8	78,8	84,3	75,7	76,9	84,1	-	-	-	
Single mother	8,1	8,7	8,5	8,4	9,5	6,8	11,2	10,8	6,3	-	-	-	
Single father	1,7	1,4	1,5	1,7	2,2	1,3	1,5	1,8	1,0	-	-	-	
Biological mother and	5,1	5,8	5,5	7,3	6,3	3,7	7,1	7,1	4,2	-	-	-	
stepfather													
Biological father and	1,2	1,1	1,1	1,1	1,2	1,2	1,5	1,0	1,1	-	-	-	
stepmother													
Alternate weeks with	,1	,3	,2	,6	,2	,0	2,2	,3	,0	-	-	-	
your mother or father													
None of the above	2,2	2,6	2,4	1,1	1,8	2,7	,7	2,1	3,3	-	-	-	
Is your mother still alive?													Trad
Yes	67,3	68,3	67,9	98,3	88,3	44,5	97,8	87,2	44,7	-	-	-	
No	32,7	31,7	32,1	1,7	11,7	55,5	2,2	12,8	55,3	-	-	-	

4.6.2 Family of origin, "gainfully employed 30 % or more"

The question "Does your biological father live?" is presented due to hereditary because of cardic infarction.

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
Did your family find it hard to													SHEEP
make ends meet during your													
childhood?													
No, we had no financial	69,8	67,2	68,4	70,8	73,8	65,6	70,1	70,2	63,9	-	-	-	
difficulties to speak of													
Yes, we had slight financial	24,2	25,8	25,1	23,6	21,1	27,5	24,2	23,8	28,0	-	-	-	
difficulties/relatively brief													
periods of financial difficulties													
Yes, we had serious financial	6,0	7,0	6,5	5,6	5,1	6,9	5,7	6,0	8,0	-	-	-	
hardship/long periods of													
financial hardship													
Is your father still alive?													Trad
Yes	48,8	50,6	49,8	96,1	74,1	20,5	94,8	74, 0	20,0	-	-	-	
No	51,2	49,4	50,2	3,9	25,9	79,5	5,2	26,0	80,0	-	-	-	

4.6.2 Family of origin, "not gainfully employed"

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
Did your family find it hard to													SHEEP
make ends meet during your													
childhood?													
Yes	26,5	26,3	26,3	23,5	33,9	25,0	24,8	19,3	32,5	-	-	-	
No	73,5	73,7	73,7	76,5	66,1	75, 0	75,2	80,7	67,5	-	-	-	

4.6.3 Present social situation, outside work "gainfully employed 30 % or more" and "not gainfully employed"

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
How often have you stayed <u>at</u>													NEW
home to take care of a sick													
child in the past 12 months?													
Never	81,9	79,7	80,7	92,0	64,8	96,9	85,1	60,6	98,1	-	-	-	
Once	5,3	5,5	5,4	2,9	9,6	1,5	3,6	10,1	1,1	-	-	-	
Two to three times	8,8	8,5	8,6	4,6	17,6	1,0	4,4	17,0	,6	-	-	-	
Four times or more	4,0	6,4	5,3	,6	7,9	, 7	6,9	12,3	,2	-	-	-	
Are you currently providing													WHII
any personal care or help to an													
aged or disabled person(s)?													
Yes	5,1	9,1	7,3	,0	3,4	7,2	2,6	6,6	12,8	-	-	-	
No	94,9	90,9	92,7	100,0	96,6	92,8	97,4	93,4	87,2	-	-	-	

4.6.3 Present social situation, outside work "gainfully employed 30 % or more"

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
Broadly speaking, what do													MUSIC
you think about													
your housing?													MUSIC
Works very bad	,5	,4	,5	,7	, 7	,2	1,9	,5	,2	-	-	-	
Works quite bad	1,3	1,5	1,4	1,4	1,4	1,3	,6	2,3	,8	-	-	-	
Works neither good nor bad	5,8	3,1	4,4	9,7	8,1	3,0	5,7	4,1	1,9	-	-	-	
Works quite good	41,6	31,4	36,2	54,9	46,4	35,1	40,3	37,0	24,8	-	-	-	
Works very good	50,7	63,5	57,6	33,3	43,3	60,4	51,6	56,1	72,4	-	-	-	
you/your household's													MUSIC
financial situation?													
Works very bad	,5	1,3	,9	1,4	,6	,2	1,3	1,5	1,1	-	-	-	
Works quite bad	4,2	4,6	4,4	4,9	5,4	3,0	3,8	6,5	2,7	-	-	-	
Works neither good nor bad	13,2	11,7	12,4	16,0	17,0	9,0	18,9	14,0	8,5	-	-	-	
Works quite good	51,5	47, 0	49,1	59,7	55,4	46,6	54,7	51,8	41,2	-	-	-	
Works very good	30,6	35,5	33,2	18,1	21,6	41,4	21,4	26,3	46,5	-	-	-	
the housework?													MUSIC
Works very bad	,6	1,1	,9	,7	,8	,4	,6	1,6	,8	-	-	-	
Works quite bad	3,9	4,7	4,3	6,3	4,9	2,5	5,0	6,4	3,0	-	-	-	
Works neither good nor bad	16,9	16,6	16,7	19,4	21,5	11,9	17,6	20,8	12,3	-	-	-	
Works quite good	51,8	51,2	51,5	54,9	52,8	50,4	54,1	53,2	48,9	-	-	-	
Works very good	26,8	26,3	26,5	18,8	20,0	34,6	22,6	18,0	35,0	-	-	-	

4.6.3 Present social situation, outside work "gainfully employed 30 % or more"

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
Do you have enough time to													NA ³²
do the things you need to do													
at home?													
Very seldom	5,8	7,3	6,6	6,3	6,0	5,5	5,7	9,0	5,8	-	-	-	
Quite seldom	14,5	17,0	15,8	16,0	18,1	10,7	16,5	21,0	13,0	-	-	-	
Sometimes	29,7	31,8	30,8	38,2	32,4	25,9	31,0	35,2	28,5	-	-	-	
Very often	34,9	29,4	32,0	31,9	32,8	37,4	34,8	25,0	33,1	-	-	-	
Always	15,1	14,5	14,8	7,6	10,8	20,5	12,0	9,8	19,5	-	-	-	

³²Reference: Kristina Finnholm.

4.6.4 Present social situation, "not gainfully employed"

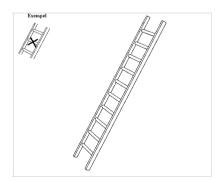
					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
Broadly speaking, what do													MUSIC
you feel about													
your housing?													MUSIC
Very good	54,5	56,7	55,8	38,2	33,9	62,1	36,7	53,0	69,0	-	-	-	
Quite good	34,7	34,9	34,8	35,3	48,2	31,3	46,8	36,6	28,0	-	-	-	
Neither good nor bad	9,6	6,3	7,5	23,5	14,3	6,3	11, 0	7,7	3,0	-	-	-	
Quite bad	1,3	1,1	1,2	2,9	3,6	,4	3,7	1,1	,0	-	-	-	
Very bad	,0	1,0	,6	,0	,0	,0	1,8	1,6	,0	-	-	-	
you/your household's													MUSIC
financial situation?													
Very good	19,4	14,7	16,5	8,8	7,1	24,1	4,6	7,7	25,0	-	-	-	
Quite good	44,6	42,4	43,2	32,4	32,1	49,6	33,0	40,7	48,3	-	-	-	
Neither good nor bad	20,1	24,1	22,6	26,5	23,2	18,3	30,3	25,8	19,8	-	-	-	
Quite bad	11,5	14,1	13,1	29,4	23,2	5,8	22,0	20,9	5,2	-	-	-	
Very bad	4,5	4,6	4,5	2,9	14,3	2,2	10,1	4,9	1,7	-	-	-	
the housework?													MUSIC
Very good	16,3	15,5	15,8	11,8	5,5	19,7	11,9	10,4	21,2	-	-	-	
Quite good	43,9	46,4	45,4	47,1	45,5	43,0	45,0	34,6	56,3	-	-	-	
Neither good nor bad	31,7	28,4	29,6	26,5	40,0	30,5	30,3	40,1	18,2	-	-	-	
Quite bad	7,1	8,0	7,7	11,8	5,5	6,7	11,0	12,1	3,5	-	-	-	
Very bad	1,0	1,7	1,4	2,9	3,6	,0	1,8	2,7	,9	-	-	-	

4.6.5 Background, "gainfully employed 30 % or more" and "not gainfully employed"

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
the ladder illustrates the													WHII
position people have in													
societymark where you													
would place yourself today.													
Mark a large X on the rung													
you choose (not between the													
rungs). ³³													
First rung	,3	,2	,3	1,1	,3	,2	,0	,1	,3	-	-	-	
Second rung	1,1	1,4	1,2	1,7	,8	1,3	1,9	1,5	1,2	-	-	-	
Third rung	4,2	4,5	4,3	5,6	3,8	4,4	7,1	4,1	4,3	-	-	-	
Fourth rung	8,8	8,6	8,7	11,9	7,9	9,1	13,5	8,5	7,9	-	-	-	
Fifth rung	13,5	15,9	14,8	18,6	12,4	13,8	13,2	15,3	17,1	-	-	-	
Sixth rung	25,5	27,1	26,4	27,1	26,8	24,1	28,9	26,8	27,1	-	-	-	
Seventh rung	27,6	26,2	26,8	23,2	30,0	26,2	24,4	28,7	24,0	-	-	-	
Eith rung	15,7	13,0	14,2	10,2	15,2	16,9	8,3	12,8	14,1	-	-	-	
Ninth rung	2,8	2,4	2,6	,0	2,5	3,5	1,5	1,8	3,0	-	-	-	
Last rung	,5	,7	,6	,6	,3	,5	1,1	,5	,9	-	-	-	

³³Below a picture of "the ladder" and a more detailed presentation is shown.

Think of this ladder as representing where people stand in our society. At the **top** of the ladder are the people who are best off – those with the most money, most education and best jobs. At the **bottom** are the people who are worst off – those who have the least money, least education, and the worst jobs or no job. The higher up you are on this ladder, the closer you are to the people at the very top and the lower you are, the closer you are to the people at the very bottom.



4.6.5 Background, "gainfully employed 30 % or more"

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
Broadly speaking, what do													MUSIC
you think about													
your relationship with your													MUSIC
friends?													
Works very bad	1,4	1,5	1,4	2,8	1,8	,8	1,3	1,6	1,4	-	-	-	
Works quite bad	8,2	6,9	7,5	9,7	12,1	4,1	8,9	9,8	3,8	-	-	-	
Works neither good or bad	20,4	15,8	18,0	17,4	23,4	17,8	18,4	16,9	14,3	-	-	-	
Works quite good	45,8	43,9	44,8	50,0	44,8	46,3	46,2	45,7	41,8	-	-	-	
Works very good	24,2	31,9	28,3	20,1	18,0	31,0	25,3	26,0	38,6	-	-	-	
your relationship with your													MUSIC
relatives?													
Works very bad	2,2	1,4	1,8	1,4	2,4	2,1	,0	1,7	1,3	-	-	-	
Works quite bad	9,5	7,4	8,4	6,9	11,7	7,7	13,8	8,2	5,7	-	-	-	
Works neither good or bad	27,5	16,4	21,6	35,4	28,4	25,6	21,4	18,6	13,5	-	-	-	
Works quite good	42,7	44,7	43,8	41, 0	42,9	42,8	42,1	45,4	44,3	-	-	-	
Works very good	18,0	30,2	24,5	15,3	14,6	21,8	22,6	26,1	35,2	-	-	-	
What is the highest level of													SCB
education have you attained?													
Compulsory	22,4	18,5	20,3	5,2	10,9	34,8	5,2	6,9	32,2	-	-	-	
2-year upper secondary/	23,9	18,5	21,0	3,4	31,4	19,9	,4	24,9	15,6	-	-	-	
vocational training													
3 or 4-year upper secondary	22,4	18,8	20,4	63,2	22,9	16,6	61,2	20,5	9,5	-	-	-	
education													
University or equivalent	10,7	16,6	13,9	8,6	11,5	10,3	11,9	15,8	18,2	-	-	-	
shorter than three years													
University or equivalent	20,6	27,5	24,4	19,5	23,3	18,4	21,3	31,9	24,4	-	-	-	
three years or longer													

4.6.5 Background, "not gainfully employed"

Data presented as frequences.

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
_				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
Which of the following best													SHARE
describes your current													
circumstance?													
Old-age pensioner	116	101	217	0	0	116	1	0	100	-	-	-	
On parental leave	3	95	98	0	3	0	27	68	0	-	-	-	
Unemployed (openly)	61	64	125	7	19	35	15	23	26	-	-	-	
Labour market training	4	4	8	1	1	2	2	0	2	-	-	-	
On work experience	3	3	6	1	1	1	1	2	0	-	-	-	
Other labour market	10	9	19	1	2	7	0	5	4	-	-	-	
programme													
Rehabilitation/working training	4	11	15	0	1	3	0	8	3	-	-	-	
Long-term sick-listed/	31	57	88	0	10	21	2	24	31	-	-	-	
temporary disability pension													
Disability pension	18	31	49	0	2	16	0	1	30	-	-	-	
Homemakers	6	29	35	0	0	6	1	9	19	-	-	-	
Student	38	102	140	24	14	0	60	40	2	-	-	-	
Unemployed and sicklisted34	1	6	7	0	1	0	0	3	3	-	-	-	
Student during state of ill-	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	-	-	-	
health or unemployment ²¹													

³⁴Indicates a combination of answers

4.6.5 Background, "not gainfully employed"

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
		•		16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
Broadly speaking, what do													MUSIC
you think about													
your relationship with your													MUSIC
friends?													
Very good	23,3	39,0	33,2	26,5	17,9	24,2	33,6	30,1	48,7	-	-	-	
Quite good	53,7	43, 0	47, 0	58,8	48,2	54,3	46,4	44,3	40,5	-	-	-	
Neither good or bad	16,6	10,9	13,0	2,9	21,4	17,5	15,5	13,7	6,5	-	-	-	
Quite bad	5,4	6,3	6,0	11,8	10,7	3,1	3,6	10,9	3,9	-	-	-	
Very bad	1,0	,8	,8	,0	1,8	,9	,9	1,1	,4	-	-		
your relationship with your													MUSIC
relatives?													
Very good	24,0	35,0	30,9	23,5	25,0	23,8	32,4	26,2	43,1	-	-	-	
Quite good	42,5	42,3	42,3	44,1	44,6	41,7	41,7	42,6	42,2	-	-	-	
Neither good or bad	20,8	13,4	16,1	23,5	16,1	21,5	16,7	16,4	9,5	-	-	-	
Quite bad	10,5	6,5	8,0	8,8	7,1	11,7	9,3	9,3	3, 0	-	-	-	
Very bad	2,2	2,9	2,6	,0	7,1	1,3	,0	5,5	2,2	-	-	-	
Have you applied for other													NEW
jobs since you stopped													
working?													
Yes	29,9	26,6	27,8	53,1	53,7	20,7	40,6	33,0	15,3	-	-	-	
No	70,1	73,4	72,2	46,9	46,3	79,3	59,4	67,0	84,7	-	-	-	

4.6.6 Lifestyle factors, "gainfully employed 30 % or more" and "not gainfully employed"

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
How much exercise do you													WOLFF
get? Include any walking or													
cycling you do to or from													
work.													
Never exercise	4,2	1,0	2,4	4, 0	5,3	3,2	,7	,8	1,1	-	-	-	
I don't exercise very much. I	20,3	14,4	17,1	18,6	22,5	18,7	13,8	16,8	12,1	-	-	-	
take odd walks.													
Exercise now and again	36,7	31,6	33,9	31,1	35,3	38,8	28,3	30,8	32,9	-	-	-	
Exercise regularly	38,8	53,1	46,6	46,3	37,0	39,3	57,2	51,6	53,8	-	-		
Do you smoke?													SHEEP
Yes, daily	10,1	12,8	11,6	6,2	8,5	12,0	11,9	11,3	14,5	-	-	-	
Yes, sometimes	4,3	5,2	4,8	7,3	4,5	3,7	5,2	5,3	5,1	-	-	-	
No	85,6	81,9	83,6	86,4	87,0	84,2	82,9	83,3	80,4	-	-	-	
Have you previously smoked													SHEEP
for six-months or more?													
Yes	34,1	36,6	35,5	12, 0	22,6	47,6	22,4	31,3	44,5	-	-	-	
No	65,9	63,4	64,5	88,0	77,4	52,4	77,6	68,7	55,5	-	-	-	
How often do you drink													AUDIT
alcohol?													
Never	5,2	9,5	7,6	6,2	4,7	5,6	11,5	9,4	9,3	-	-	-	
Once a month or less	22,4	28,9	26,0	29,9	23,5	20,4	37,5	31,3	25,1	-	-	-	
2-4 times a month	49,1	44,2	46,4	50,3	50,0	48,2	42,4	46,7	42,2	-	-	-	
2-3 times a week	19,1	15,5	17,2	11,9	18,7	20,5	7,8	11,6	20,7	-	-	-	
4 times/week or more	4,2	1,8	2,9	1,7	3,2	5,3	,7	1,0	2,8	-			

4.6.6 Lifestyle factors, "gainfully employed 30 % or more" and "not gainfully employed"

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
How many "glasses" do you													AUDIT
drink on a typical day when													
you drink alcohol? ³⁵													
1-2	39,5	62,7	51,9	22,8	34,9	45,8	29,3	60,9	70,2	-	-	-	
3-4	37,7	30,6	33,9	28,7	36,5	39,9	42,6	31,8	27,3	-	-	-	
5-6	16,4	5,8	10,8	20,5	20,6	12,2	22,3	6,6	2,3	-	-	-	
7-9	4,4	,8	2,5	19,3	5,7	1,3	5,4	,6	,2	-	-	-	
10 or more	2,0	,1	1,0	8,8	2,3	,8	,4	,1	,0	-	-	-	
How often do you drink six													AUDIT
such glasses or more on the													
same occasion?													
Never	27,5	59,5	44,8	15,9	19,7	36,1	28,5	51,6	72,6				
Less than once a month	48,0	32,2	39,5	42,6	53,5	43,9	50,8	41,3	20,2				
Every month	17,3	5,8	11,1	33,5	19,0	13,5	16,0	5,6	4,1				
Every week	7,0	2,4	4,5	8,0	7,4	6,5	4,7	1,4	2,9				
Daily or almost daily	,2	,1	,1	,0	,3	,0	,0	,0	,2				

³⁵One "glas" means; 50 cl medium strength beer, 33 cl strong beer, one glas of wine, one small glas of fortified wine, 4 cl spirits, (e.g. whiskey).

4.7 Health

Data concerning participants, who during the last three months, on avarage, have worked gainfully 30 % or more as well as not gainfully employed³⁶. Where so is indicated, both groups are combined.

Data indicated as per cent if nothing else is stated.

.

4.7.1 Health assessment, "gainfully employed 30 % or more" and "not gainfully employed"

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
Has your physician told you													NEW
that you													
have high blood pressure?													NEW
Yes	16,7	14,4	15,5	1,7	7,5	26,8	3,4	6,7	23,8	-	-	-	
No	83,3	85,6	84,5	98,3	92,5	73,2	96,6	93,3	76,2	-	-	-	
have a heart disease?													NEW
Yes	4,3	2,0	3,0	,0	,8	7,9	,7	,6	3,6	-	-	-	
No	95,7	98,0	97,0	100,0	99,2	92,1	99,3	99,4	96,4	-	-	-	
have diabetes?													NEW
Yes	3,6	2,1	2,8	1,1	1,6	5,8	1,5	1,0	3,2	-	-	-	
No	96,4	97,9	97,2	98,9	98,4	94,2	98,5	99,0	96,8	-	-	-	
should start getting some													NEW
exercise?													
Yes	23,8	15,3	19,2	9,7	22,5	26,8	7,5	12,8	19,1	-	-	-	
No	76,2	84,7	80,8	90,3	77,5	73,2	92,5	87,2	80,9	-	-	-	
should change your diet?													NEW
Yes	21,2	11,7	16,0	9,7	20,3	23,5	8,2	9,6	14,4	-	-	-	
No	78,8	88,3	84,0	90,3	79,7	76,5	91,8	90,4	85,6	-	-	-	

³⁶The group "not gainfully employed" include old-age pensioners, full-time early retirees, full-time disability pensioners, students, unemployed, long-term sick-listed, persons on parental leave, homemakers and others who temporarily or permanently had left gainful employment. (These subgroups are called "not gainfully employed").

4.7.1 Health assessment, "gainfully employed 30 % or more"

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
How would you rate your		•											SCB
general state of health?													
Very good	28,0	28,7	28,4	31,3	29,9	25,7	30,8	29,5	27,6	-	-	-	
Quite good	51,4	52,2	51,8	52,1	51,8	50,8	52,2	52,2	52,2	-	-	-	
Neither good nor bad	15,6	13,6	14,5	13,9	13,6	17,7	11,9	13,0	14,3	-	-	-	
Quite poor	4,8	5,4	5,1	2,8	4,3	5,6	5,0	5,1	5,8	-	-	-	
Very poor	,3	,2	,2	,0	,4	,2	,0	,2	,2	-	-	-	

4.7.2 Physical ill-health, "gainfully employed 30 % or more"

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
After work, do you experience													SWES
pain in any of the following													
places?													
the upper parts of your back													SWES
or neck?													
Every day	8,9	15,6	12,5	7,0	7,4	10,9	9,6	14,1	18,0	6,3	11,7	9,2	
A couple of days a week (1 day	9,8	14,9	12,5	12,7	10,2	9,0	19,7	16,3	13,0	8,3	16,9	12,9	
in 2)													
One day a week (1 day in 5)	8,0	9,9	9,0	9,9	8,4	7,4	18,5	9,1	9,7	9,6	12,4	11,1	
A couple of days a month (1	18,2	19,7	19,0	21,1	19,3	16,7	22,9	21,7	17,1	21,4	19,7	20,5	
day in 10)													
Not at all/Seldom the last 3	55,0	39,9	46,9	49,3	54,8	56,1	29,3	38,9	42,3	54,5	39,3	46,4	
months													
the lower parts of your back?													SWES
Every day	8,0	10,2	9,2	3,5	6,3	10,4	4,5	7,6	13,6	5,9	7,7	6,9	
A couple of days a week (1 day	7,7	10,6	9,2	10,6	7,7	7,3	15,9	9,6	10,8	7,5	9,8	8,7	
in 2)													
One day a week (1 day in 5)	7,3	8,1	7,7	9,2	7,5	6,9	14,6	7,9	7,3	8,6	8,0	8,3	
A couple of days a month (1	20,8	17,7	19,2	23,4	22,9	18,3	24,2	19,6	15,0	21,3	21,3	21,3	
day in 10)													
Not at all/Seldom the last 3	56,2	53,5	54,7	53,2	55,6	57,2	40,8	55,3	53,3	56,7	53,2	54,8	
months													

4.7.2 Physical ill-health, "gainfully employed 30 % or more"

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
After work, do you experience													SWES
pain in any of the following													
places?													
shoulders or arms?													SWES
Every day	10,4	15,3	13,0	6,4	7,6	13,8	6,4	12,4	19,4	8,1	11,1	9,7	
A couple of days a week (1 day	10,6	12,7	11,7	12,8	10,0	10,9	14,6	12,8	12,4	8,4	14,1	11,4	
in 2)													
One day a week (1 day in 5)	8,3	8,6	8,5	7,8	8,1	8,6	14,6	8,4	8,1	7,1	11,2	9,3	
A couple of days a month (1	16,8	20,3	18,6	17,7	17,2	16,2	25,5	20,5	19,4	18,1	18,2	18,1	
day in 10)													
Not at all/Seldom the last 3	53,9	43,1	48,1	55,3	57,0	50,4	38,9	45,9	40,8	58,3	45,5	51,5	
months													

4.7.2 Physical ill-health, "gainfully employed 30 % or more" and "not gainfully employed"

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+			·	
In the last 3 months, have													SWES
you													
had heartburn, acid													SWES
burping, a burn in the pit of													
your stomach or upset													
stomach?													
Every day	3,4	4,7	4,1	2,3	3,6	3,3	4,1	5,2	4,3	2,6	4,5	3,6	
A couple of days a week (1 day	7,6	9,9	8,8	7,9	8,5	6,7	9,0	8,9	10,9	8,8	10,3	9,6	
of 2)	0.7	7.0	0.2	12.0	0.0	9.0	10 F	0.2	(()	10.7	10.2	10.4	
One day a week (1 day in 5)	8,7	7,8	8,2	13,0	9,0	8,0	10,5	9,2	6,0	10,6	10,2	10,4	
A couple of days a month (1 day of 10)	18,7	19,7	19,3	18,6	20,9	16,8	27,7	21,3	16,8	22,9	19,2	20,9	
Not at all/Seldom the last 3 months	61,6	57,9	59,6	58,2	58,0	65,2	48,7	55,3	61,9	55,1	55,9	55,5	
had headaches?													SWES
Every day	1,5	2,9	2,3	,0	1,5	1,7	1,9	3,0	3,0	1,2	3,0	2,2	
A couple of days a week (1 day	5,2	10,4	8,0	9,6	5,8	4, 0	9,0	12,1	9,1	5,2	10,8	8,2	
of 2)													
One day a week (1 day of 5)	8,8	13,3	11,3	13,5	10,9	6,3	21,3	14,3	10,9	10,5	16,0	13,5	
A couple of days a month (1 day of 10)	29,6	33,4	31,7	34,8	34,0	25,1	36,0	38,9	27,7	31,2	36,7	34,2	
Not at all/Seldom the last 3 months	54,9	39,9	46,7	42,1	47,8	62,9	31,8	31,6	49,4	52,0	33,5	41,9	

4.7.2 Physical ill-health, "gainfully employed 30 % or more"

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
Does it happen that you are													SWES
physically exhausted when													
you get home from work?													
Every day	9,5	13,4	11,6	12, 0	8,8	9,8	11,4	10,2	16,8	7,5	11,3	9,6	
A couple of days a week (1 day	16,8	18,3	17,6	19,7	17,1	16,1	16,5	19,4	17,5	14,7	17,6	16,3	
of 2)													
One day a week (1 day of 5)	17,1	16,4	16,7	23,2	16,7	16,7	24,1	15,8	16,0	16,7	14,9	15,7	
A couple of days a month (1	26,3	24,6	25,4	21,8	27,5	25,7	26,6	25,0	23,9	28,1	26,1	27,0	
day of 10)													
Not at all/Seldom the last 3	30,4	27,3	28,7	23,2	29,9	31,8	21,5	29,7	25,7	33,0	30,1	31,4	
months													
How would you evaluate your													Stora Enso
present working capacity													
regarding the physical													
requirements of your work?													
Very good	39,6	36,4	37,9	47,5	48,1	30,0	39,9	41,6	30,7	-	-	-	
Rather good	42,3	43,8	43,1	42,6	39,2	45,4	45,6	42,6	44,9	-	-	-	
Neither good nor bad	14,9	15,4	15,2	7,8	11,1	19,6	11,4	12,7	18,7	-	-	-	
Rather bad	2,7	3,7	3,2	, 7	1,5	4,2	2,5	2,4	5,0	-	-	-	
Very bad	,5	,7	,6	1,4	,1	,8	,6	,7	,7	-	-	-	

4.7.2 Physical ill-health, "not gainfully employed"

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
•				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
Have you had pain in some of													SWES
the following places?													
the upper parts of your back													SWES
or neck?													
Every day	15, 0	17,2	16,4	,0	9,4	18,9	7,3	17,7	22,0	12,8	16,4	15,0	
A couple of days a week (1 day	6,5	11,7	9,7	8,8	1,9	7,3	12,8	10,9	11,7	13,4	17,2	15,8	
of 2)													
One day a week (1 day of 5)	3,8	9,4	7,3	5,9	3,8	3,4	10,1	10,9	7,8	7,5	10,4	9,3	
A couple of days a month (1	15,7	15,5	15,6	17,6	18,9	14,6	21,1	19,4	9,3	16,7	20,0	18,8	
day of 10)													
Not at all/Seldom the last 3	59, 0	46,2	51, 0	67,6	66, 0	55,8	48,6	41,1	49,3	49,5	36,0	41,1	
months													
the lower parts of your back?													SWES
Every day	12,5	15,2	14,2	2,9	10,9	14,6	5,5	15,7	19,9	10,1	10,6	10,4	
A couple of days a week (1 day	8,8	10,4	9,8	5,9	5,5	10,2	11,0	11,6	9,0	11,4	13,3	12,6	
of 2)													
One day a week (1 day of 5)	5,8	7,9	7,1	5,9	3,6	6,3	9,2	9,3	6,2	8,8	10,4	9,8	
A couple of days a month (1	19,3	17,3	18,0	20,6	21,8	18,4	19,3	16,9	16,6	16,8	20,1	18,9	
day of 10)													
Not at all/Seldom the last 3	53,6	49,2	50,8	64,7	58,2	50,5	55,0	46,5	48,3	52,9	45,6	48,3	
months													
the shoulders or arms?													SWES
Every day	15,8	18,3	17,4	,0	16,7	18,2	6,4	15,4	26,6	12,2	15,7	14,4	
A couple of days a week (1 day	6,7	8,6	7,9	,0	,0	9,6	9,2	8,6	8,4	11,6	13,5	12,8	
of 2)													
One day a week (1 day of 5)	6,7	8,8	8,1	11,8	5,6	6,2	5,5	10,9	8,9	9,6	11,3	10,7	
A couple of days a month (1	16,5	14,9	15,5	11,8	16,7	17,2	18,3	18,3	10,3	14,2	19,0	17,2	
day of 10)													
Not at all/Seldom the last 3	54,2	49,4	51,2	76,5	61,1	48,8	60,6	46,9	45,8	52,5	40,5	45, 0	
months													

4.7.3 Burnout, "gainfully employed 30 % or more"

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
My job makes me feel													MBI-GS
emotionally drained.													
Every day	1,2	3,2	2,3	, 7	1,2	1,2	1,3	3,2	3,5	-	-	-	
A few times a week	5,6	9,3	7,6	3,5	5,4	6,2	6,4	9,1	9,9	-	-	-	
Once or twice a week	8,8	12,2	10,6	7,8	8,7	9,0	10,2	11,4	13,2	-	-	-	
A few times a month	12,7	14,0	13,4	15,6	12,5	12,6	13,4	13,9	14,3	-	-	-	
Once or twice a month	19,5	21,1	20,3	19,1	19,4	19,6	23,6	21,6	20,3	-	-	-	
A few times a year or less/	52,2	40,1	45,8	53,2	52,9	51,4	45,2	40,9	38,7	-	-	-	
Never.													
I feel completely worn out at													MBI-GS
the end of the working day.													
Every day	3,6	7,5	5,7	5,7	3,4	3,5	5,1	6,6	8,7	-	-	-	
A few times a week	8,3	13,2	10,9	9,9	8,6	7,8	10,2	13,2	13,5	-	-	-	
Once or twice a week	14, 0	16,8	15,5	19,9	13,8	13,3	18,5	18,3	15,1	-	-	-	
A few times a month	16,8	16,0	16,4	22,0	17,9	15,0	21,7	15,2	16,1	-	-	-	
Once or twice a month	29,7	26,5	28,0	22,7	33,5	26,9	28,7	27,8	24,9	-	-	-	
A few times a year or less/	27,7	20,0	23,6	19,9	22,9	33,5	15,9	18,9	21,6	-	-	-	
Never.													
I feel tired when I get up in													MBI-GS
the morning to go to work.													
Every day	6,7	8,2	7,5	12,8	7,9	4,7	7,0	9,3	7,3	-	-	-	
A few times a week	10,2	11,4	10,9	15,6	11,2	8,5	13,4	11,8	10,9	-	-	-	
Once or twice a week	14, 0	15,8	15,0	17,7	16,3	11,2	22,9	15,6	15,1	-	-	-	
A few times a month	14,6	14,4	14,5	14,2	15,7	13,6	17,8	13,6	14,7	-	-	-	
Once or twice a month	27,0	24,7	25,8	22,7	25,7	28,9	19,1	24,8	25,2	-	-	-	
A few times a year or less/	27,4	25,5	26,4	17,0	23,1	33,1	19,7	24,8	26,9	-	-	-	
Never.													

4.7.3 Burnout, "gainfully employed 30 % or more"

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
A full day at work is really													MBI-GS
taxing for me.													
Every day	3,6	5,8	4,8	3,6	2,5	4,7	3,8	4,8	7,1	-	-	-	
A few times a week	5,6	7,4	6,6	6,4	5,1	6,1	7,0	6,5	8,3	-	-	-	
Once or twice a week	7,7	9,0	8,4	11,4	7,9	7,2	12,7	9,4	8,2	-	-	-	
A few times a month	10,1	11,2	10,7	15,7	9,6	10,0	12,7	11,2	11,0	-	-	-	
Once or twice a month	20,7	21,0	20,8	22,9	21,0	20,2	21,5	19,3	22,5	-	-	-	
A few times a year or less/	52,1	45,6	48,7	40,0	54,0	51,8	42,4	48,8	42,8	-	-	-	
Never.													
I feel burned out by work.													MBI-GS
Every day	1,7	2,5	2,1	, 7	1,4	2,1	1,9	2,2	3,0	-	-	-	
A few times a week	2,8	3,7	3,3	2,9	2,6	3,1	4,4	3,6	3,7	-	-	-	
Once or twice a week	4,3	5,4	4,9	2,9	4,7	4, 0	5,1	5,4	5,3	-	-	-	
A few times a month	7,1	6,9	7,0	12,9	6,8	6,6	10,1	6,7	6,7	-	-	-	
Once or twice a month	15,1	13,8	14,4	18,6	15,5	14,4	9,5	14,4	13,7	-	-	-	
A few times a year or less/	69,0	67,7	68,3	62,1	69,0	69,8	69,0	67,7	67,6	-	-	-	
Never.													

4.7.4 Depressive symptoms, "gainfully employed 30 % or more" and "not gainfully employed"

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
How much during the last													SCL-6
week have you been troubled													
by													
lethargy or low in energy? ³⁷													SCL-6
Not at all	32,2	24,5	28,0	19,8	28,3	37,2	17,4	20,8	29,3	-	-	-	
A little	39,2	38,2	38,6	41,8	40,3	38,0	41,9	39,4	36,3	-	-	-	
Moderately	18,0	17,9	18,0	22,6	18,6	16,8	14,7	17,4	19,0	-	-	-	
Quite a lot	8,7	14,4	11,8	14,7	9,9	6,8	20,0	16,2	11,5	-	-	-	
A great deal	1,9	5,1	3,7	1,1	2,9	1,2	6,0	6,2	3,8	-	-		
feeling blue?													SCL-6
Not at all	53,3	44,8	48,6	41,2	52,0	56,0	39,6	44,1	46,3	-	-	-	
A little	28,0	29,2	28,7	34,5	27,5	27,6	30,2	29,4	28,8	-	-	-	
Moderately	11,5	13,8	12,7	13,0	12,4	10,4	15,8	13,8	13,5	-	-	-	
Quite a lot	6, 0	9,2	7,7	7,9	6,6	5,3	11,3	9,5	8,5	-	-	-	
A great deal	1,2	3,0	2,2	3,4	1,5	,7	3,0	3,2	2,9	-	-	-	
blaming yourself for things?													SCL-6
Not at all	56,3	47,2	51,3	50,8	55,5	57,7	43,0	46,5	48,6	-	-	-	
A little	28,0	29,5	28,8	25,4	29,4	27,1	30,8	29,5	29,1	-	-	-	
Moderately	10,4	12,5	11,6	15,3	9,3	10,8	12,2	11,9	13,2	-	-	-	
Quite a lot	4,4	8,3	6,5	7,3	4,7	3,8	10,6	9,2	7,1	-	-	-	
A great deal	,8	2,5	1,7	1,1	1,0	,6	3,4	2,8	2,0	-	-	-	
worrying too much about													SCL-6
things?													
Not at all	43,4	33,4	38,0	36,2	42,4	45,3	27,5	33,8	34,1	-	-	-	
A little	32,2	33,4	32,8	32,2	31,9	32,4	32,5	32,1	34,8	-	-	-	
Moderately	14,4	14, 0	14,2	18,6	15,6	12,9	15,1	14,3	13,6	-	-	-	
Quite a lot	8,0	14,3	11,4	10,2	7,6	8,1	15,8	15,2	13,0	-	-	-	
A great deal	2,0	4,9	3,6	2,8	2,6	1,4	9,1	4,6	4,5	-	-	-	

³⁷Standard English version: "feeling low in energy, slowed down".

4.7.4 Depressive symptoms, "gainfully employed 30 % or more" and "not gainfully employed"

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
How much during the last													SCL-6
week have you been troubled													
by													
feeling no interests in													SCL-6
things?													
Not at all	46,4	45,3	45,8	37,9	44,6	49,0	40,9	43,8	47,6	-	-	-	
A little	32,9	30,2	31,5	35,6	33,0	32,5	30,3	31,1	29,3	-	-	-	
Moderately	13,5	15,2	14,4	15,8	13,5	13,1	17,8	14,7	15,2	-	-	-	
Quite a lot	6,3	7,1	6,7	8,5	7,8	4,7	8,0	8,0	6,2	-	-	-	
A great deal	,9	2,2	1,6	2,3	1,0	,7	3,0	2,4	1,7	-	-	-	
everything is an effort?													SCL-6
Not at all	49,2	41,8	45,2	46, 0	47,1	51,5	38,9	40,6	43,5	-	-	-	
A little	31,3	30,1	30,6	29,0	32,1	30,9	27,9	29,6	31,0	-	-	-	
Moderately	11,6	14,3	13,0	16,5	12,2	10,4	17,9	14,2	13,6	-	-	-	
Quite a lot	6,3	10,3	8,5	6,8	6,6	6,1	11,1	11,7	8,8	-	-	-	
A great deal	1,6	3,6	2,7	1,7	2,1	1,1	4,2	3,9	3,1	-	-	-	

4.7.4 Depressive symptoms, "not gainfully employed"

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
During the past few weeks did													Bradburn's Affect
you feel depressed or very													Balance Scale
unhappy?													
Not at all	70,3	65,9	67,5	61,8	57,1	74,9	51,4	60,7	77,0	-	-	-	
A little	20,1	25,1	23,2	32,4	26,8	16,6	40,4	27,3	16,1	-	-	-	
Quite much	7,0	5,2	5,9	2,9	12,5	6,3	4,6	7,7	3,5	-	-	-	
Very much	2,6	3,8	3,4	2,9	3,6	2,2	3,7	4,4	3,5	-	-	-	

4.7.5 Cognitive symptoms, "gainfully employed 30 % or more" and "not gainfully employed"

					2006						2003	3	
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
During the past 3 months													COPSOQ
have you													
had problems													COPSOQ
concentrating?													
Always	, 7	1,5	1,1	,0	,9	,5	1,1	2,1	1,0	-	-	-	
Often	6,2	11,0	8,8	9,1	6,5	5,5	13,9	11,8	9,7	-	-	-	
Sometimes	27,8	32,9	30,6	31,3	30,4	25,1	35,3	35,5	30,0	-	-	-	
Seldom	40,2	32,5	36,0	39,8	40,6	40,0	30,8	29,2	35,9	-	-	-	
Never	25,1	22,2	23,5	19,9	21,6	28,9	18,8	21,5	23,4	-	-	-	
had difficulty in taking													COPSOQ
decisions?													
Always	,4	,8	,6	,0	,3	,5	1,5	1,1	,4	-	-	-	
Often	3,4	6,7	5,2	4,5	3,7	3, 0	10,5	7,6	5,3	-	-	-	
Sometimes	22,5	28,4	25,7	28,4	23,8	20,7	33,1	29,6	26,4	-	-	-	
Seldom	43,6	39,7	41,5	41,5	45,3	42,4	35,7	38,4	41,6	-	-	-	
Never	30,1	24,4	27,0	25,6	27,0	33,5	19,2	23,3	26,3	-	-	-	
had difficulty with													COPSOQ
remembering?													
Always	1,1	1,2	1,1	3,4	1,0	,8	1,9	1,7	,6	-	-	-	
Often	5,2	9,0	7,3	5,7	5,9	4,6	10,1	10,4	7,4	-	-	-	
Sometimes	22,4	24,4	23,5	18,2	20,6	24,5	19,9	24,5	25,2	-	-	-	
Seldom	34,2	33,5	33,8	29,0	33,6	35,5	29,6	32,4	35,2	-	-	-	
Never	37,1	31,9	34,3	43,8	38,9	34,7	38,6	31,0	31,6				
found it difficult to think													COPSOQ
clearly?													
Always	,4	,8	,6	,6	,3	,4	1,1	1,2	,5	-	-	-	
Often	3,3	7,5	5,6	4,6	3,7	2,8	8,2	8,9	6,0	-	-	-	
Sometimes	17,9	25,5	22,0	24,0	18,8	16,3	24,0	27,0	24,3	-	-	-	
Seldom	40,9	36,3	38,4	36,6	40,5	41,9	36,7	34,4	38,2	-	-	-	
Never	37,5	29,8	33,3	34,3	36,6	38,6	30,0	28,5	31,2	-	-	-	

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
_				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
Have you been troubled by													KSQ
the following in the last 3													
months?													
difficulties falling asleep?													KSQ
Never	30,8	21,2	25,6	34,1	26,5	34,2	21,1	25,2	17,3	-	-	-	
Seldom/on odd occasion	38,7	39,5	39,1	36,9	41,8	36,1	40,0	41,4	37,6	-	-	-	
Sometimes/a few times a	18,3	21,2	19,9	17,0	18,8	18,0	23,0	18,5	23,6	-	-	-	
month													
Often/1 to 2 times a week	7,2	9,8	8,6	5,7	8,2	6,5	7,2	8,2	11,8	-	-	-	
Usually/3 to 4 times a week	3,1	5,2	4,2	4, 0	3,2	2,8	6,4	4,4	5,9	-	-	-	
Always/5 times a week or more	2,0	3,1	2,6	2,3	1,5	2,4	2,3	2,3	3,9	-	-	-	
difficulties awakening?													KSQ
Never	48,5	37,4	42,5	28,4	37,9	60,5	23,5	31,3	45,8	-	-	-	
Seldom/on odd occasion	30,6	34,3	32,6	27,3	35,1	27,0	32,6	34,6	34,2	-	-	-	
Sometimes/a few times a	11,5	14,7	13,2	22,2	14,6	7,4	21,6	17,2	11,0	-	-	-	
month													
Often/1 to 2 times a week	4,4	6,8	5,7	11,4	5,3	2,7	11,0	8,2	4,8	-	-	-	
Usually/3 to 4 times a week	3,2	4,7	4, 0	6,3	4,3	1,7	8,3	5,9	2,9	-	-	-	
Always/5 times a week or more	1,8	2,1	2,0	4,5	2,7	,7	3,0	2,8	1,3	-	-	-	

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
_				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
Have you been troubled by													KSQ
the following in the last 3													
months?													
repeated awakenings with													KSQ
difficulties returning to sleep?													
Never	28,8	20,1	24,0	44,3	30,9	24,9	31,6	24,6	13,7	-	-	-	
Seldom/on odd occasion	35,8	32,9	34,2	36,9	37,4	34,3	36,9	33,4	31,6	-	-	-	
Sometimes/a few times a	20,9	23,7	22,4	12,5	18,6	24,0	17,5	22,4	26,2	-	-	-	
month													
Often/1 to 2 times a week	8,7	12,1	10,5	4,5	8,2	9,6	7,6	9,9	15,1	-	-	-	
Usually/3 to 4 times a week	4, 0	6,6	5,4	,6	3,7	4,7	4,2	5,8	7,7	-	-	-	
Always/5 times a week or more	1,8	4,7	3,4	1,1	1,1	2,6	2,3	3,9	5,8	-	-	-	
sense of being exhausted at													KSQ
the awakening?													
Never	14,3	9,5	11,7	10,2	11,0	17,7	7,6	7,8	11,4	-	-	-	
Seldom/on odd occasion	33,4	31,4	32,3	22,7	30,9	37,1	25,8	28,7	35,1	-	-	-	
Sometimes/a few times a	26,5	27,2	26,9	31,3	28,6	24,0	24,6	28,9	26,0	-	-	-	
month													
Often/1 to 2 times a week	13,1	14,6	13,9	20,5	14,5	10,8	21,2	15,0	13,1	-	-	-	
Usually/3 to 4 times a week	8,5	10,5	9,6	10,8	9,9	7,0	15,9	11,7	8,5	-	-	-	
Always/5 times a week or more	4,2	6,8	5,6	4,5	5,2	3,3	4,9	7,9	6,0	-	-	-	

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
_				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
Have you been troubled by													KSQ
the following in the last 3													
months?													
premature awakening?													KSQ
Never	26,7	23,6	25,1	35,8	27,7	24,7	26,6	26,0	20,9	-	-	-	
Seldom/on odd occasion	36,3	36,1	36,2	36,4	35,1	37,3	35,0	35,5	36,9	-	-	-	
Sometimes/a few times a	19,1	19,7	19,4	9,1	20,2	19,4	15,6	19,4	20,7	-	-	-	
month													
Often/1 to 2 times a week	9,8	9,9	9,9	12,5	9,3	9,8	11,0	9,5	10,2	-	-	-	
Usually/3 to 4 times a week	5,7	6,7	6,2	5,1	5,9	5,5	9,9	6,1	6,8	-	-	-	
Always/5 times a week or more	2,5	3,9	3,2	1,1	1,8	3,3	1,9	3,6	4,5	-	-	-	
disturbed/unrestful sleep?													KSQ
Never	24,8	15,7	19,9	28,4	23,4	25,6	17,7	15,7	15,4	-	-	-	
Seldom/on odd occasion	36,1	34,8	35,4	39,8	35,5	36,1	35,8	36,1	33,5	-	-	-	
Sometimes/a few times a	20,9	23,8	22,5	17,0	21,8	20,7	18,5	23,1	25,3	-	-	-	
month													
Often/1 to 2 times a week	10,0	11,9	11,0	9,1	10,4	9,8	14, 0	11,4	12,1	-	-	-	
Usually/3 to 4 times a week	5,1	7,7	6,5	5,1	6,1	4,2	9,4	7,5	7,6	-	-	-	
Always/5 times a week or more	3,0	6,1	4,7	,6	2,7	3,6	4,5	6,3	6,2	-	-	-	

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
-				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
Have you been troubled by													KSQ
the following in the last 3													
months?													
sense of being exhausted at													KSQ
the awakening?													
Never	32,9	27,4	29,9	26,7	29,4	36,8	23,3	25,1	30,3	-	-	-	
Seldom/on odd occasion	34,9	34,2	34,5	32,4	33,4	36,6	32,4	34,0	34,7	-	-	-	
Sometimes/a few times a	17,4	18,8	18,1	19,9	19,9	14,8	21,8	19,0	18,0	-	-	-	
month													
Often/1 to 2 times a week	7,5	9,2	8,4	10,8	9,1	5,7	11,1	9,9	8,2	-	-	-	
Usually/3 to 4 times a week	5,0	6,2	5,7	7,4	5,8	4,1	7,3	7,4	4,8	-	-	-	
Always/5 times a week or more	2,2	4,2	3,3	2,8	2,3	2,0	4,2	4,7	3,8	-	-	-	
How is your sleep in general?													KSQ
Very well	23,9	19,6	21,5	27,7	21,6	25,4	21,5	20,3	18,5	-	-	-	
Quite well	46,7	45,2	45,8	46,9	46,3	46,9	45,3	47,2	43,2	-	-	-	
Neither good nor bad	18,2	18,3	18,3	19,2	19,5	17,0	18,1	16,9	19,7	-	-	-	
Quite bad	9,7	13,3	11,7	5,6	11,0	9,1	12,1	12,2	14,6	-	-	-	
Very bad	1,5	3,7	2,7	,6	1,5	1,7	3,0	3,5	4, 0	-	-	-	
Do you think you get enough													KSQ + SWES
sleep?													
Yes, definitely enough	14,8	12,8	13,7	11,3	11,0	18,7	14,3	8,8	16,4	15,8	12,8	14,2	
Yes, mostly	51,7	46,8	49,0	49,7	48,6	54,7	39,1	46,2	48,7	50,8	47,5	49,0	
No, somewhat insufficient	23,9	25,8	25,0	29,4	28,8	18,9	32,3	27,9	22,7	23,1	26,1	24,7	
No, definitely insufficient	7,4	10,4	9,0	6,2	9,2	5,9	11,7	12,0	8,6	7,7	9,7	8,8	
No, far from sufficient	2,2	4,2	3,3	3,4	2,5	1,7	2,6	5,0	3,7	2,6	4, 0	3,4	

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
During the last 3 months have													SWES
you, been tired and listless?													
Every day	4,6	8,6	6,8	4,5	4,8	4,4	6,3	9,3	8,3	2,8	6,8	5,0	
A couple of days a week (1 day	13,2	17,3	15,4	19,1	14,7	11,1	19,4	18,1	16,1	13,6	18,6	16,3	
of 2)													
One day a week (1 day of 5)	13,7	15,3	14,6	20,2	16,2	10,6	24,6	15,4	13,6	17,1	17,7	17,4	
A couple of days a month (1	33,8	32,3	33, 0	32,6	33,8	34, 0	33,6	34, 0	30,5	36,0	32,7	34,2	
day of 10)													
Not at all/Seldom the last 3	34,7	26,5	30,2	23,6	30,5	39,9	16,0	23,1	31,5	30,5	24,3	27,1	
months													

4.7.6 Sleep and recuperation, "gainfully employed 30 % or more"

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
During the <u>last 3 months</u> ,													SWES
have you had a hard time													
sleeping because thoughts													
about work have kept you awake?													
Every day	1,6	2,8	2,3	1,4	1,0	2,2	,0	2,2	3,8	1,2	2,6	2,0	
A couple of days a week (1 day	5,4	9,1	2,3 7,4	4,2	4,9	6, 0	7,5	8,5	9,9	7,6	9,1	8,5	
of 2)	-,.	-,-	.,.	-,-	.,,-	~,~	,,-	٠,٠	- ,-	.,.	-,-	٠,٠	
One day a week (1 day of 5)	7,2	8,8	8,1	5,6	7,5	7,2	11,3	7,9	9,3	10,3	10,8	10,6	
A couple of days a month (1	20,7	22,8	21,8	17,4	22,0	19,8	22,0	20,6	25,0	23,4	25,4	24,5	
day of 10)													
Not at all/Seldom the last 3	65,1	56,5	60,5	71,5	64,7	64,8	59,1	60,8	51,9	57,5	52, 0	54,5	
months													
Does it happen that you can													SWES
not dismiss your job from													
your thoughts when you are													
off work? Every day	4,2	6,6	5,5	1,4	4,3	4,5	2,5	6,0	7,6	8,6	10,9	9,9	
A couple of days a week (1 day	4,2 10,4	12,9	5,5 11,7	1,4	4,5 11,0	4,5 9,8	2,5 10,8	13,8	12,3	0,0 18,4	19,7	9,9 19,1	
of 2)	10,4	12,7	11,7	10,0	11,0	7,0	10,0	13,0	12,5	10,4	17,7	17,1	
One day a week (1 day of 5)	12,3	13,0	12,7	16,2	12,7	11,4	19,6	12,8	12,4	15,5	16,3	15,9	
A couple of days a month (1	26,8	26,4	26,6	25,4	27,6	26,3	22,2	25,6	27,7	25,6	25,7	25,7	
day of 10)	,_		,-	- 0, .	,-	,-	,-	,-	,-	20,0	,	,	
Not at all/Seldom the last 3	46,3	41,1	43,5	46,5	44,5	48,1	44,9	41,7	39,9	31,9	27,3	29,4	
months													

4.7.6 Sleep and recuperation, "gainfully employed 30 % or more"

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
Besides sleep, do you think													SWES
you get adequate time for													
resting and relaxation													
between working days?													
Yes, definitely enough	12,9	9,6	11,1	9,8	10,2	16,0	7,1	7,6	11,9	15,6	11,6	13,4	
Yes, mostly enough	55,4	48,1	51,5	53,1	50,2	60,9	47,4	44,2	52,1	50,5	45,9	48,0	
No, somewhat insufficient	22,6	28,9	25,9	25,2	28,1	16,8	31,4	31,9	25,5	22,3	27,8	25,3	
No, definitely insufficient	7,7	10,2	9,1	11,2	9,4	5,5	9,6	12,4	8,1	8,8	10,0	9,5	
No, far from sufficient	1,4	3,2	2,4	,7	2,1	,7	4,5	3,9	2,4	2,8	4,6	3,8	
Do you have enough time for													Åkerstedt
yourself?													
Yes, definitely enough	14,9	12,6	13,7	15,4	10,7	19,2	12,8	8,5	16,7	-	-	-	
Yes, mostly enough	47,5	41,1	44,1	44,8	41,6	53,8	41, 0	35, 0	47,2	-	-	-	
No, somewhat insufficient	23,3	26,3	24,9	25,2	27,9	18,3	26,3	30,4	22,1	-	-	-	
No, definitely insufficient	10,7	13,4	12,1	12,6	13,8	7,3	13,5	17,2	9,5	-	-	-	
No, far from sufficient	3,6	6,6	5,2	2,1	6,0	1,4	6,4	8,8	4,5	-	-	-	
Does it happen that you, after													SWES
work, are too tired or do not													
have enough time for your													
family, friends or leisure													
activities?													
Every day	5,3	8,6	7,0	4,9	5,5	5,1	5,7	8,7	8,8	3,7	6,1	5,0	
A couple of days a week (1 day	22,2	26,2	24,3	23,8	26,2	17,9	28,3	27,0	25,2	14,2	19,2	16,9	
of 2)	20.0	10.7	20.2	25.7	20.5	10.2	20.4	20.4	10.0	47.4	47.6	47.5	
One day a week (1 day of 5)	20,9	19,6	20,2	35,7	20,5	19,3	20,1	20,4	18,8	17,4	17,6	17,5	
A couple of days a month (1 day of 10)	26,1	24,2	25,1	23,8	26,5	25,9	25,2	25,4	23,0	32,3	31,1	31,7	
Not at all/Seldom the last 3 months	25,6	21,3	23,3	11,9	21,2	31,8	20,8	18,5	24,2	32,3	26,0	29,0	

4.7.6 Sleep and recuperation, "not gainfully employed"

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
-				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
During the last 3 months,													SWESmod
have you had a hard time													
sleeping because thoughts													
about your situation have kept													
you awake?													
Every day	5,2	7,7	6,8	5,9	8,9	4,1	7,4	6, 0	9,2	-	-	-	
A couple of days a week (1 day	8,7	8,7	8,7	2,9	10,7	9,1	4,6	9,3	10,1	-	-	-	
of 2)													
One day a week (1 day of 5)	7,7	8,7	8,3	2,9	14,3	6,8	8,3	8,2	9,2	-	-	-	
A couple of days a month (1	15,5	14,5	14,9	20,6	16,1	14,5	23,1	13,2	11,4	-	-	-	
day of 10)													
Not at all/Seldom the last 3	62,9	60,4	61,4	67,6	50,0	65,5	56,5	63,2	60,1	-	-	-	
months													
Besides sleep, do you think													SWES
you get adequate time for													
resting and relaxation?													
Yes, definitely enough	41,5	29,5	34,1	26,5	20,0	49,1	20,0	18,0	43,2	20,4	15,8	17,5	
Yes, mostly enough	47,3	41,2	43,5	52,9	52,7	45,1	34,5	39,3	45,8	53,5	45,1	48,3	
No, somewhat insufficient	7,7	19,8	15,2	11,8	18,2	4,5	31,8	28,7	7,0	16,9	22,9	20,6	
No, definitely insufficient	2,2	6,2	4,7	5,9	5,5	,9	8,2	9,6	2,6	6,7	11,6	9,7	
No, far from sufficient	1,3	3,3	2,5	2,9	3,6	,4	5,5	4,5	1,3	2,5	4,6	3,8	

4.7.7 Sickness absence/inability to work, "gainfully employed 30 % or more" and "not gainfully employed"

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		Μ	W	M+W	Source
-				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
Do you have some													WOLFF
longstanding sickness,													
accident-related complaints, a													
disability or other weakness?													
Yes	22,0	23,1	22,6	16,3	17,0	27,2	16,0	19,7	27,8	-	-	-	
No	78,0	76,8	77,3	83,7	83,0	72,8	84,0	80,3	72,1	-	-	-	
How often have you taken													NEW
sick leave for a week or less in													
the past 12 months? Do not													
count taking care of a sick													
child.													
Never	57,3	48,7	52,6	47,1	49,2	66,4	39,7	43,7	55,4	-	-	-	
Once	25,7	29,1	27,6	29,9	29,1	21,9	30,0	30,8	27,2	-	-	-	
Two or three times	13,3	16,9	15,2	17,8	17,5	8,6	21,1	19,6	13,3	-	-	-	
Four times or more	3,7	5,3	4,6	5,2	4,2	3,1	9,3	5,9	4,1	-	-	-	
How often have you taken													NEW
sick leave for longer than a													
week in the past 12 months?													
Do not count taking care of a													
sick child.													
Never	86,0	81,8	83,8	89,7	88,0	83,5	85,1	81,7	81,5	-	-	-	
Once	10,5	13,5	12,1	7,5	9,4	11,9	10,9	14,1	13,3	-	-	-	
Two or three times	2,1	2,9	2,5	2,9	1,3	2,7	3,2	2,5	3,2	-	-	-	
Four times or more	1,5	1,8	1,7	,0	1,3	1,9	,8	1,8	2,0	-	-	-	

4.7.7 Sickness absence/inability to work, "gainfully employed 30 % or more" and "not gainfully employed"

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
How many times have you													NEW
gone to work considering that,													
owing to your condition, you													
ought to have reported in sick													
in the past 12 months?													
Never	38,9	35,7	37,2	36,2	31,1	46,6	28,3	30,7	42,1	-	-	-	
Once	18,4	21,5	20,0	19,5	19,6	17,0	23,1	22,4	20,2	-	-	-	
Two or three times	31,3	30,1	30,7	35,1	36,8	25,5	37,7	32,2	26,6	-	-	-	
Four times or more	11,5	12,7	12,1	9,2	12,5	10,8	10,9	14,7	11,1	-	-	-	

4.7.7 Sickness absence/inability to work, "gainfully employed 30 % or more"

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
How would you evaluate your													Stora Enso
working capacity in terms of													
the mental demands placed													
on you?													
Very good	36,4	33,8	35,0	34, 0	40,6	32,4	33,5	35,0	32,6	-	-	-	
Quite good	47,1	50,1	48,7	51,1	43,5	50,3	46,8	48,9	51,6	-	-	-	
Neither good nor bad	14,3	12,7	13,5	12,8	13,7	15,1	12, 0	12,2	13,3	-	-	-	
Quite bad	1,8	2,9	2,4	1,4	2,0	1,7	7,6	3,2	2,0	-	-	-	
Very bad	,3	,6	,4	,7	,1	,4	,0	,6	,6	-	-	-	
For, roughly, how many days													NEW
in total have you been on sick													
leave during the past 12													
months?													
None	49,2	37,2	42,8	35,0	43,3	57,1	19,4	33,8	42,8	-	-	-	
1-7 days	32,6	38,6	35,8	42, 0	38,9	24,9	54,2	40,7	34,7	-	-	-	
8-30 days	13,0	16,3	14,8	18,9	13,9	11,3	21,3	18,4	13,7	-	-	-	
31-90 days	3,0	4,2	3,6	3,5	2,7	3,4	4,5	3,8	4,5	-	-	-	
91 days or more	2,2	3,7	3,0	,7	1,2	3,4	,6	3,3	4,4	-	-	-	

4.7.7 Sickness absence/inability to work, "not gainfully employed"

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
For, roughly, how many days													NEW
in total have you been on sick													
leave during the past 12													
months?													
None	54,1	39,7	45,2	58,8	45,5	55,6	43,8	35,4	41,3	-	-	-	
1-7 days	12,9	20,4	17,5	29,4	18,2	8,8	36,2	20,0	12,2	-	-	-	
8-30 days	3,4	9,0	6,9	8,8	5,5	2,0	11,4	12,0	5,1	-	-	-	
31-90 days	1,7	5,0	3,8	,0	3,6	1,5	3,8	9,1	2,0	-	-	-	
91 days or more	11,6	13,2	12,6	,0	18,2	11,7	3,8	16,0	15,8	-	-	-	
Not applicable (retired or	16,3	12,6	14, 0	2,9	9,1	20,5	1,0	7,4	23,5	-	-	-	
taking care of home and family)													

4.7.8 Satisfaction with life, "gainfully employed 30 % or more" and "not gainfully employed"

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
All things considered, how													WHII
satisfied or dissatisfied are													
you with your life as a whole?													
Please indicate on the scale													
below to show how													
satisfied/dissatisfied you feel.													
Very dissatisfied	,9	,6	,8	1,7	1,4	,4	1,5	,7	,4	-	-	-	
Moderately dissatisfied	2,9	2,5	2,6	4, 0	3,3	2,3	2,2	3,0	2,0	-	-	-	
A little dissatisfied	5,2	4,9	5,0	4, 0	5,9	4,7	4,5	6,5	3,4	-	-	-	
No feelings either way	6,9	5,5	6,1	6,8	6,7	7,1	4,1	5,4	5,8	-	-	-	
A little satisfied	7,9	6,9	7,4	9,6	8,7	6,9	9,0	7,5	6, 0	-	-	-	
Moderately satisfied	54,3	51,7	52,9	54,2	54,4	54,1	50,7	51,4	52,2	-	-	-	
Very satisfied	22,0	27,9	25,2	19,8	19,5	24,4	28,0	25,5	30,3	-	-	-	

					2006						2003	3	
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
During the past few weeks did													Bradburn's Affect
you feel:													Balance Scale
Particularly excited or													Bradburn's Affect
interested in something?													Balance Scale
Not at all	8,9	7,7	8,2	2,9	10,7	9,4	4,6	6,5	10,1	-	-	-	
A little	25,8	26,4	26,2	38,2	28,6	23,2	25,0	29,9	24,2	-	-	-	
Quite a lot	46,8	40,8	43,1	20,6	35,7	53,6	38,0	35,3	46,7	-	-	-	
A great deal	18,5	25,0	22,6	38,2	25,0	13,8	32,4	28,3	18,9	-	-	-	
So restless you could not sit													Bradburn's Affect
long in a chair?													Balance Scale
Not at all	54, 0	58,4	56,8	32,4	37,5	61,5	38,9	53,8	71,3	-	-	-	
A little	34,7	28,5	30,9	47,1	44,6	30,3	33,3	34,2	21,7	-	-	-	
Quite a lot	10,3	10,5	10,4	20,6	16,1	7,2	23,1	9,2	5,7	-	-	-	
A great deal	1,0	2,5	1,9	,0	1,8	,9	4,6	2,7	1,3	-	-	-	
Proud because someone has													Bradburn's Affect
complimented you on													Balance Scale
something you had done?													
Not at all	24,6	16,0	19,2	17,6	28,6	24,7	13,0	16,9	16,7	-	-	-	
A little	47,6	42,2	44,2	38,2	41,1	50,7	39,8	38,3	46,5	-	-	-	
Quite a lot	22,7	32,9	29,1	35,3	25,0	20,2	35,2	34,4	30,7	-	-	-	
A great deal	5,1	8,9	7,5	8,8	5,4	4,5	12,0	10,4	6,1	-	-	-	
Very lonely or remote from													Bradburn's Affect
other people?													Balance Scale
Not at all	64,7	61,0	62,4	50,0	50,0	70,7	49,5	54,3	71,7	-	-	-	
A little	27,2	27,2	27,2	26,5	44,6	23,0	33,9	29,9	21,7	-	-	-	
Quite a lot	7,4	8,0	7,8	23,5	3,6	5,9	11,9	11,4	3,5	-	-	-	
A great deal	,6	3,8	2,6	,0	1,8	,5	4,6	4,3	3,0	-	-	-	

					2006						2003	3	
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
During the past few weeks did													Bradburn's Affect
you feel:													Balance Scale
Pleased about having													Bradburn's Affect
accomplished something?													Balance Scale
Not at all	7,7	4,8	5,9	8,8	5,4	8,1	5,6	3,3	5,6	-	-	-	
A little	31,1	30,8	30,9	26,5	41,1	29,3	29,6	33,3	29,3	-	-	-	
Quite a lot	49,4	45,5	46,9	41,2	48,2	50,9	41,7	41, 0	50,9	-	-	-	
A great deal	11,9	18,9	16,3	23,5	5,4	11,7	23,1	22,4	14,2	-	-	-	
Bored?													Bradburn's Affect
													Balance Scale
Not at all	55, 0	48,1	50,7	14,7	28,6	67,7	27,5	35,7	67,7	-	-	-	
A little	32,6	37,1	35,4	50,0	60,7	22,9	49,5	45,1	24,9	-	-	-	
Quite a lot	8,0	10,0	9,2	20,6	7,1	6,3	14,7	12,6	5,7	-	-	-	
A great deal	4,5	4,8	4,7	14,7	3,6	3,1	8,3	6,6	1,7	-	-	-	
On top of the world?													Bradburn's Affect
													Balance Scale
Not at all	11,3	8,1	9,3	17,6	16,1	9,0	7,4	7,7	8,7	-	-	-	
A little	22,8	28,1	26,1	35,3	32,1	18,6	27,8	32,8	24,5	-	-	-	
Quite a lot	43,4	40,4	41,5	35,3	33,9	47,1	38,9	38,3	42,8	-	-	-	
A great deal	22,5	23,5	23,1	11,8	17,9	25,3	25,9	21,3	24,0	-	-	-	
That things were going your													Bradburn's Affect
way?													Balance Scale
Not at all	13,8	20,3	17,9	20,6	19,6	11,3	22,2	19,7	20,0	-	-	-	
A little	30,4	28,4	29,2	35,3	39,3	27,5	32,4	30,6	24,8	-	-	-	
Quite a lot	48,1	43,2	45, 0	41,2	33,9	52,7	38,0	42,6	46,1	-	-	-	
A great deal	7,7	8,1	7,9	2,9	7,1	8,6	7,4	7,1	9,1	-	-	-	

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
-				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
During the past few weeks did													Bradburn's Affect
you feel:													Balance Scale
Upset because someone													Bradburn's Affect
criticised you?													Balance Scale
Not at all	70,3	64,2	66,5	52,9	58,9	75,8	49,1	55,7	77,9	-	-	-	
A little	23,6	28,0	26,3	29,4	30,4	21,1	35,2	36,6	17,7	-	-	-	
Quite a lot	3,8	5,7	5,0	11,8	5,4	2,2	10,2	6,6	3,0	-	-	-	
A great deal	2,2	2,1	2,2	5,9	5,4	,9	5,6	1,1	1,3	-	-	-	
I feel free to plan for the													CASP-19 (3)
future.													
Often	51,8	39,6	44,1	44,1	35,7	57, 0	32,1	32,6	48,7	-	-	-	
Sometimes	27,2	37,5	33,6	29,4	32,1	25,6	42,2	42,4	31,3	-	-	-	
Not often	13,1	18,0	16,1	20,6	19,6	10,3	19,3	21,7	14,3	-	-	-	
Never	8,0	5,0	6,1	5,9	12,5	7,2	6,4	3,3	5,7	-	-	-	
I can do the things that I want													CASP-19 (5)
to do.													
Often	60,7	47,5	52,4	38,2	37,5	70,0	32,1	38,0	62,3	-	-	-	
Sometimes	27,8	38,7	34,6	50,0	41,1	21,1	53,2	44,6	27,3	-	-	-	
Not often	8,3	12,2	10,8	8,8	19,6	5,4	12,8	16,3	8,7	-	-	-	
Never	3,2	1,5	2,2	2,9	1,8	3,6	1,8	1,1	1,7	-	-	-	
I look forward to each day.													CASP-19 (10)
Often	61,2	64,1	63,0	44,1	51,8	66,2	44,4	60,9	75,9	-	-	-	
Sometimes	26,9	28,8	28,1	35,3	28,6	25,2	42,6	29,9	21,6	-	-	-	
Seldom	9,6	5,2	6,8	14,7	19,6	6,3	9,3	8,2	,9	-	-	-	
Never	2,2	1,9	2,0	5,9	,0	2,3	3,7	1,1	1,7	-	-	-	

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
I feel that my life has									•				CASP-19 (11)
meaning.													
Often	65,4	72,4	69,8	50,0	67,9	67,1	67,9	72,8	74,1	-	-	-	
Sometimes	27,6	21,9	24,0	32,4	21,4	28,4	25,7	19,6	22,0	-	-	-	
Not often	4,8	4, 0	4,3	14,7	7,1	2,7	2,8	6,0	3,0	-	-	-	
Never	2,2	1,7	1,9	2,9	3,6	1,8	3,7	1,6	,9	-	-	-	
I enjoy the things I do.													CASP-19 (12)
Often	64,4	68,0	66,7	50,0	62,5	67,1	59,6	65,8	73,7	-	-	-	
Sometimes	31,4	28,0	29,3	38,2	32,1	30,2	35,8	28,8	23,7	-	-	-	
Not often	3,8	2,9	3,2	11,8	5,4	2,3	1,8	4,9	1,7	-	-	-	
Never	,3	1,1	,8	,0	,0	,5	2,8	,5	,9	-	-	-	
I enjoy being in the company													CASP-19 (13)
of others.													
Often	54,2	65,3	61,2	70,6	53,6	51,8	76,1	64,7	60,8	-	-	-	
Sometimes	41,3	30,9	34,8	26,5	44,6	42,8	22,0	29,9	35,8	-	-	-	
Not often	4,2	2,9	3,3	2,9	1,8	5,0	1,8	4,3	2,2	-	-	-	
Never	,3	1,0	,7	,0	,0	,5	,0	1,1	1,3	-	-	-	
On balance, I look back on													CASP-19 (14)
my life with a sense of													
happiness.													
Often	50,0	59,2	55,7	47,1	44,6	51,8	56,0	58,7	61,0	-	-	-	
Sometimes	36,5	32,8	34,2	29,4	33,9	38,3	32,1	32,1	33,8	-	-	-	
Not often	11,5	6,5	8,4	23,5	14,3	9,0	7,3	8,7	4,3	-	-	-	
Never	1,9	1,5	1,7	,0	7,1	,9	4,6	,5	,9	-	-	-	
I feel full of energy these days.													CASP-19 (15)
Often	34,9	31,0	32,5	29,4	30,4	36,9	27,5	25,5	37,1	-	-	-	
Sometimes	44,2	42,5	43,1	38,2	33,9	47,7	43,1	42,4	42,2	-	-	-	
Seldom	16,3	21,1	19,4	29,4	28,6	11,3	24,8	25,0	16,4	-	-	-	
Never	4,5	5,3	5,0	2,9	7,1	4,1	4,6	7,1	4,3	-	-	-	

		2006											
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
I feel satisfied with the way													CASP-19 (17)
my life has turned out.													
Often	56,7	60,4	59,0	47,1	42,9	61,7	56,9	55,2	66,2	-	-	-	
Sometimes	31,7	29,1	30,1	35,3	33,9	30,6	32,1	31,1	26,0	-	-	-	
Not often	7,7	7,8	7,8	11,8	17,9	4,5	6,4	10,9	6,1	-	-	-	
Never	3,8	2,7	3,1	5,9	5,4	3,2	4,6	2,7	1,7	-	-	-	
I feel that life is full of													CASP-19 (18)
opportunities.													
Often	45,8	47,9	47,1	50,0	44,6	45,5	54,1	49,2	44, 0	-	-	-	
Sometimes	36,5	37,4	37,1	38,2	28,6	38,3	33,9	33,3	42,2	-	-	-	
Not often	13,1	11,6	12,2	5,9	17,9	13,1	8,3	14,8	10,8	-	-	-	
Never	4,5	3,1	3,6	5,9	8,9	3,2	3,7	2,7	3,0	-	-	-	
I feel that the future looks													CASP-19 (19)
good for me.													
Often	49,8	53,7	52,3	50,0	50,0	49,8	59,6	53,8	50,9	-	-	-	
Sometimes	34,7	33,3	33,9	35,3	25,0	37,1	33,0	35,3	31,9	-	-	-	
Not often	12,9	9,3	10,6	14,7	21,4	10,4	2,8	8,2	13,4	-	-	-	
Never	2,6	3,6	3,2	,0	3,6	2,7	4,6	2,7	3,9	-	-	-	

4.7.9 Obstacles, "not gainfully employed"

					2006						2003		
	M	W	M+W		Men			Women		M	W	M+W	Source
				16-29	30-49	50+	16-29	30-49	50+				
My age prevents me from													CASP-19 (1)
doing the things I would like													
to.													
Often	2,2	1,0	1,4	5,9	1,8	1,8	,9	,0	1,7	-	-	-	
Sometimes	25,6	21,5	23,0	11,8	14,3	30,6	13,6	13,0	31,9	-	-	-	
Not often	34,3	33,3	33,7	35,3	23,2	36,9	28,2	29,3	38,8	-	-	-	
Never	37,8	44,3	41,9	47,1	60,7	30,6	57,3	57,6	27,6	-	-	-	
Family responsibilities													CASP-19 (6)
prevent me from doing what I													
want to do.													
Often	2,6	6,3	4,9	2,9	5,4	1,8	3,6	13,0	2,2	-	-	-	
Sometimes	20,6	27,9	25,1	8,8	28,6	20,4	23,6	36,4	23,0	-	-	-	
Not often	36,3	32,8	34,1	35,3	30,4	38,0	30,0	28,3	37,8	-	-	-	
Never	40,5	33,0	35,8	52,9	35,7	39,8	42,7	22,3	37,0	-	-	-	
My health stops me from													CASP-19 (8)
doing what I want to do.													
Often	9,0	12,5	11,2	,0	16,1	8,6	,9	15,8	15,2	-	-	-	
Sometimes	20,0	20,7	20,4	2,9	12,5	24,5	12,0	16,8	27,8	-	-	-	
Not often	20,6	22,2	21,6	20,6	12,5	22,7	18,5	20,7	25,2	-	-	-	
Never	50,3	44,6	46,8	76,5	58,9	44,1	68,5	46,7	31,7	-	-	-	
Shortage of money stops me													CASP-19 (9)
from doing the things that I													,
want to do.													
Often	19,2	23,7	22,0	35,3	35,7	12,6	43,1	27,2	11,7	-	-	-	
Sometimes	36,9	39,8	38,7	38,2	41,1	35,6	39,4	44,0	36,5	-	-	-	
Not often	28,2	26,2	26,9	20,6	16,1	32,4	13,8	23,9	33,9	-	-	-	
Never	15,7	10,3	12,3	5,9	7,1	19,4	3,7	4,9	17,8	_	-	-	

APPENDIX 2 Sources

Abbreviation	Explanation	Reference ¹
LFS	Labout Force Survey	Swedish Work Environment Authority and
		Statistics Sweden
LFSmod	Modified question from LFS	
SWES	Swedish Work Environment Survey	Statistics Sweden commissioned by the Labour
		Force Survey
Aronsson	Gunnar Aronsson	Gunnar Aronsson
AUDIT	The Alcohol Use Disorders Identification Test - part scale alcohol consumption	World Health Organisation (WHO)
Bradburn	Bradburn's Affect Balance Scale	Norman M. Bradburn
CASP-19	The CASP (control, autonomy, self-realisation, pleasure)-19 Questionnaire – a quality of life measure	Martin Hyde and others.
COPSOQ	Copenhagen Psychosocial Questionnaire	Tage Kristensen and Vilhelm Borg
Danielsson	Christina Danielsson	Christina Danielsson
DCQ	Demand Control Questionnaire	Töres Theorell and Robert Karasek
Stora Enso	Stora Enso Focus Survey	Raija Kallimo
ERI	Effort-Reward Imbalance	Johannes Siegrist
ESS	European Social Survey Questionnaire	The European Social Survey Project
GLOBE	The Global Leadership and Organisational Behaviour Effectiveness Research	P.J. Hanges, M.W. Dickson
	Program	
Hallsten	Lennart Hallsten	Lennart Hallsten
KSQ	Karolinska Sleep Questionnaire	Göran Kecklund and Torbjörn Åkerstedt
LeifRJönsson	To be unemployed	Leif R Jönsson and Bengt Starrin
MBI-GS	Maslach Burnout Inventory - General Survey	Kristina Maslach
Moorman	Moorman - Organizational Justice	Robert Moorman
MUSIC	Musculoskeletal Intervention Center	The MUSIC-Norrtälje Study Group
NA	New working life	Gabriel Oxenstierna and Maria Widmark

¹As a reference the source alternatively the contact person from who we got the questions. Notice that the original source may be another.

Abbreviation	Explanation	Reference ¹
NEW	New questions	Hugo Westerlund, Martin Hyde, Maria Baltzer and Töres Theorell
SCB	Statistics Sweden	Statistics Sweden
SCBmod	Modified question of SCB	
SCL-6	The Symptom Checklist ²	Per Bech
SHARE	Survey of Health, Ageing, and Retirement in Europe	Martin Hyde mfl, The SHARE study
SHEEP	Stockholm Heart Epidemiology Program	Johan Hallkvist
trad	Traditional question	
ULF	Surveys of living conditions	Statistics Sweden
WHII	The Whitehall II study	Michael Marmot mfl, University College London
WOLFF	The WOLFF (Work, lipids, and fibrinogen) Study Norrland	Annika Härenstam, Anders Knutsson and Staffan Marklund
Åkerstedt	Torbjörn Åkerstedt	Torbjörn Åkerstedt

¹As a reference the source alternatively the contact person from who we got the questions. Notice that the original source may be another.

²The questionnaire contains a selection of 6 questions from the scale of depression SCL-90, that approximately corresponds to Hamilton Depression Scale (HAM-D6).

APPENDIX 3 Standard questionnaires

Abbreviation	Explanation	Reference	Standard items	Items translated directly from the Swedish SLOSH
Moorman	Overall Confirmatory factor Analysis Model for Procedural Justice, Distributive Justice, Job Satisfaction, and Citizenship	Moorman, R.H., (1991). Relationship Between Organizational Justice and Organizational Citizenship Behaviors: Do Fairness Perceptions Influence Employee Citizenship? Journal of Applied Psychology, 76, pp.845-855. Kivimäki, M., Elovainio, M., Vahtera, J., Virtanen, M. & Stansfeld, S. A. (2003). Association between organisational inequity and incidence of psychiatric disorders in female employees. Psychological Medicine, 33, 319-326.	Formal procedures Procedures designed to (Moorman 1991)	The following statements relate to the organization's decision-making process. (Kivimaki et al 2003)
			collect accurate information necessary for making decisions.	Decisions are taken on the basis of the correct information.
			provide opportunities to appeal or challenge the decision.	Bad decisions can be revoked or changed.
			have all sides affected by the decision represented.	All sides affected by the decision are represented.

Abbreviation	Explanation	Reference	Standard items	Items translated directly from the Swedish SLOSH
Distributive Justice, Job	Confirmatory factor Analysis Model for Procedural Justice, Distributive Justice, Job Satisfaction, and	Moorman, R.H., (1991). Relationship Between Organizational Justice and Organizational Citizenship Behaviors: Do Fairness Perceptions Influence Employee Citizenship? Journal of Applied Psychology, 76, pp.845-855. Kivimäki, M., Elovainio, M., Vahtera, J., Virtanen, M. & Stansfeld, S. A. (2003). Association between organisational inequity and incidence of psychiatric disorders in female employees. Psychological Medicine, 33, 319-326.	Formal procedures Procedures designed to (Moorman 1991)	The following statements relate to the organization's decision-making process. (Kivimaki et al 2003)
			generate standards so that decisions could be made with consistency.	Decisions taken are consistent (the same rules apply to everyone).
			hear the concerns of all those affected by the decision.	Everyone is entitled to give their opinion in matters of immediate personal concern.
			provide useful feedback regarding the decision and its implementation.	Feedback is provided regarding the consequences of decisions and people are informed accordingly.

Abbreviation	Explanation	Reference	Standard items	Items translated directly from the Swedish SLOSH
Moorman	Overall Confirmatory factor Analysis Model for Procedural Justice, Distributive Justice, Job Satisfaction, and Citizenship	Moorman, R.H., (1991). Relationship Between Organizational Justice and Organizational Citizenship Behaviors: Do Fairness Perceptions Influence Employee Citizenship? Journal of Applied Psychology, 76, pp.845-855. Kivimäki, M., Elovainio, M., Vahtera, J., Virtanen, M. & Stansfeld, S. A. (2003). Association between organisational inequity and incidence of psychiatric disorders in female employees. Psychological Medicine, 33, 319-326.	Formal procedures Procedures designed to (Moorman 1991)	The following statements relate to the organization's decision-making process. (Kivimaki et al 2003)
			allow for requests for clarification or additional information about the decision.	It is possible to obtain a more detailed account of the information that underlies decisions, if needed.

Abbreviation	Explanation	Reference	Standard items	Items translated directly from the Swedish SLOSH
Demand-Co	The Swedish Demand-Control Questionnaire	Theorell T, Perski A, Åkerstedt T, Sigala F, Ahlberg-Hultén G, Svensson J & Eneroth P (1988). Changes in job strain in relation to changes in physiological state. A longitudinal study. Scandinavian Journal of Work Environment and Health 14:189-196.	Do you work very fast?	Do you work very fast?
			Do you have to work very intensively?	Do you have to work very intensively?
			Does your work demand too much effort?	Does your work demand too much effort?
			Does your work often involve conflicting demands?	Does your work often involve conflicting demands?
			Do you have enough time to complete your job?	Do you have enough time to do everything?
			Do you have the possibility to learn new things through your job?	Do you have the possibility of learning new things through your work?
			Do you have to do the same thing over and over again?	Do you have to do the same thing over and over again?
			Do you have a choice in deciding how.no.in/no	Do you have a choice in deciding <u>how</u> you do your work?

Abbreviation	Explanation	Reference	Standard items	Items translated directly from the Swedish SLOSH
DCQ The Swedish Demand-Contro Questionnaire	Demand-Control	Theorell T, Perski A, Åkerstedt T, Sigala F, Ahlberg-Hultén G, Svensson J & Eneroth P (1988). Changes in job strain in relation to changes in physiological state. A longitudinal study. Scandinavian Journal of Work Environment and Health 14:189-196.	Do you have a choice in deciding what you do at work?	Do you have a choice in deciding what you do at work?
			Does your work demand dexterity?	Does your work require a high level of skill and expertise?
			Does your work require creativity?	Does your job require you to take the initiative?
			There is a calm and pleasant atmosphere where I work.	There is a calm and pleasant atmosphere where I work.
			There is a good spirit of unity.	We get on well with each other where I work.
			My collegues are there for me.	My co-workers support me.
			People understand that I can have a bad day.	The others understand if I have a bad day.
			I get on well with my collegues.	I enjoy working with my co-workers.

Abbreviation	Explanation	Reference	Standard items	Items translated directly from the Swedish SLOSH
DCQ	The Swedish Demand-Control Questionnaire	Theorell T, Perski A, Åkerstedt T, Sigala F, Ahlberg-Hultén G, Svensson J & Eneroth P (1988). Changes in job strain in relation to changes in physiological state. A longitudinal study. Scandinavian Journal of Work Environment and Health 14:189-196.	I get on well with my superiors.	I get on well with my superiors.

Stressforskningsinstitutet är ett nationellt kunskapscentrum inom området stress och hälsa. Institutet tillhör den Samhällvetenskapliga fakulteten vid Stockholms universitet och bedriver grundforskning och tillämpad forskning utifrån tvärvetenskapliga och tvärmetodologiska ansatser. Verksamhetsidén är att studera hur individer och grupper påverkas av olika sociala miljöer, med särskilt fokus på stressreaktioner och hälsa. Den långsiktiga avsikten med forskningen är att bidra till en förbättrad folkhälsa.

Verksamheten var tidigare förlagd till Institutet för Psykosocial Medicin, en forskningsmyndighet under Socialdepartementet, men inordnades den 1 oktober 2007 i universitets- och högskolesektorn med Stockholms universitet som huvudman.

Stress Research Institute is a national knowledge centre focusing on stress reactions and health. It is a part of the Faculty of Social Sciences at Stockholm University. The Institute does basic and applied research on an interdisciplinary basis and with a combination of different scientific methods. The aim is to study how individuals and groups are affected by their social environment with particular focus on stress and health.

The Institute was formerly called the National Institute for Psychosocial Medicine, a research authority under the Ministry of Health and Social Affairs, but on 1 October 2007, it was integrated into Stockholm University under the new name Stress Research Institute.

ISBN 978-91-975603-7-5 ISSN 0280-2783



Stressforskningsinstitutet