

# ISSP 2007 - Leisure time and Sports I: Sweden

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**Version 1.2:** 2009-08-28

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## Creator/Principal investigator(s)

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## Research principal

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## Description

This survey is the Swedish part of the 2007 'International Social Survey Program' (ISSP), and it is the first ISSP-survey focusing on leisure time and sports. The survey deals with the meaning of time and leisure, and its relation to work and other spheres of life.

The respondents were asked about the frequency of leisure activities in their free time and the main purpose of their free time activities. Furthermore they were asked about their enjoyment from reading books, getting together with friends, taking part in physical activities, and watching TV or DVDs. They were also asked about their motivation for leisure time activities, such as establishing useful contacts, relaxing, or developing skills in free time. Other questions dealt with the frequency of feeling bored, feeling rushed, and thinking about work during free time. The respondents were also asked if they preferred to share their leisure time with other people or being alone; if they wished to have more time in a paid job, more time doing household work, more time with family, and/or more time in leisure activities. They were also asked about the number of nights they stayed away from home for holiday or social visits, as well as the number of days of leave from work during the last twelve months. A number of questions dealt with most frequent exercises or physical activity; preferred type of games rather than sports; and most important reasons for taking part in sports or games, such as physical or mental health, meeting other people, competing against others or physical attractiveness. The respondents were also asked about most frequently watched sport on TV; feeling of national pride when Sweden does well at international sports or games competition; and attitudes towards sport. A number of questions dealt with the respondent's social and political participation; trust in people; interest in politics; perception of happiness; and estimation of personal health.

Respondents also have to state reasons for staying away from free time activities: such as lack of facilities nearby, lack of money and time, personal health or responsibility to take care of someone. Socio-economic background information include: employment status; weekly working hours; occupation; employee or self-employed; supervisory function; work in private or public sector; trade union membership; education; years in school; income; marital status; spouse's employment status, occupation and socio-economic classification; spouse employed or self-employed; household income; household composition; party preference; self-classification of social class; religious affiliation and church attendance; gender; age; Swedish or other citizenship.

Purpose:

ISSP aims to design and implement internationally comparable attitude surveys. The study in 2007 investigating the Leisure and Sports.

**Data contains personal data**

No

**Language**

[Swedish](#)

**Unit of analysis**

[Individual](#)

**Population**

Individuals aged 18-79 years and residing in Sweden

**Time Method**

[Longitudinal: Trend/Repeated cross-section](#)

**Sampling procedure**

[Probability: Simple random](#)

**Time period(s) investigated**

2007-02-06 – 2007-04-05

**Variables**

111

**Number of individuals/objects**

1309

**Response rate/participation rate**

67.4%

**Data format / data structure**

[Numeric](#)

## Data collection 1

- Mode of collection: Self-administered questionnaire: paper
- Time period(s) for data collection: 2007-02-06 – 2007-04-24
- Data collector: Swedish Institute of Public Opinion Research
- Instrument: (Semi-structured questionnaire)
- Source of the data: Population group

## Geographic spread

Geographic location: [Sweden](#)

## Lowest geographic unit

A-region

## Highest geographic unit

Country

## Responsible department/unit

Department of Sociology

## Funding

- Funding agency: Bank of Sweden Tercentenary Foundation

## Research area

[Cultural activities and participation](#) (CESSDA Topic Classification)

[Social sciences](#) (Standard för svensk indelning av forskningsämnen 2011)

[Sociology](#) (Standard för svensk indelning av forskningsämnen 2011)

[Leisure, tourism and sport](#) (CESSDA Topic Classification)

## Keywords

[Health](#), [Leisure time](#), [Physical activities](#), [Sport](#), [Leisure time activities](#), [Interest \(cognitive processes\)](#), [Cors](#)

## Accessibility level

Access to data through SND

Data are freely accessible

## Use of data

[Things to consider when using data shared through SND](#)

## Versions

[Version 1.2](#). 2009-08-28

[Version 1.1](#). 2009-07-13

Version 1.0. 2008-01-01

## Homepage

[The Swedish ISSP surveys at Umeå University](#)

## **Related research data in SND's catalogue**

[ISSP 2004 - Citizenship I: Sweden](#)

[ISSP 1998 - Religion II: Sweden](#)

[ISSP 2005 - Work orientations III: Sweden](#)

[ISSP 2002 - Family and changing gender roles III: Sweden](#)

[ISSP 2003 - National identity II: Sweden](#)

[ISSP 1995 - National identity I: Sweden](#)

[ISSP 1997 - Work orientations II: Sweden](#)

[ISSP 2000 - Environment II: Sweden](#)

[ISSP 1999 - Social inequality III: Sweden](#)

[ISSP 1996 - Role of government III: Sweden](#)

[ISSP 2006 - Role of government IV: Sweden](#)

[ISSP 2008 - Religion III: Sweden](#)

[ISSP 2009 - Social inequality IV: Sweden](#)

[ISSP 2010 - Environment III: Sweden](#)

[ISSP 2011 - Health](#)

[ISSP 2012 - Family, Work and Gender Roles IV](#)

[ISSP 2013 National identity III: Sweden](#)

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