# **ISSP 2000 - Environment II: Sweden**

SND-ID: snd0753-1. Version: 1.1. DOI: https://doi.org/10.5878/001608

Is part of collection at SND: ISSP - International Social Survey Programme

# **Download data**

SND0753-001-V1.1.zip (781.12 KB)

# Associated documentation

ISSP2000\_frågor.pdf (270.01 KB) ISSP2000\_readme\_sv.html (112.34 KB)

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snd0753-1-1.1.zip (~1.14 MB)

# Citation

Edlund, J., & Svallfors, S. (2009) ISSP 2000 - Environment II: Sweden (Version 1.1) [Data set]. Umeå University. Available at: https://doi.org/10.5878/001608

# Creator/Principal investigator(s)

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# **Research principal**

Umeå University - Department of Sociology

# Description

This survey is the Swedish part of the 2000 'International Social Survey Program'. ISSP is an ongoing program of cross-national collaboration. Formed in 1983, the group develops topical modules dealing with important areas of social science as supplements to regular national surveys. The topic of year 2000 was 'Environment', and this was the second survey exploring this topic. The initial survey on this topic was in 1993, a year before the first Swedish ISSP survey. The topic was explored a third time in 2010 (SND 0887), hence the second time in Sweden.

In this survey the respondents were asked to comment on various topics regarding nature and the environment, including the role of science and scientific solutions to environmental problems and protection of the environment through higher prices of goods, higher taxes or cuts in the standard of living. In addition, respondents were asked to estimate the effects of air pollution, pesticicides and chemicals used in farming, and modifications of genes of certain crops on themselves, their families, and the environment. Additional information was elicited regarding measures respondents were taking to protect the environment. The respondents also had to indicate their trust in information about casuses of pollution given by different groups. A number of questions dealt with opinions on the Swedish taxes; the pressure of taxation in general, and for various income brackets; willingness to pay more tax if the money was spent on different specific areas; charges when using public services instead of paying through taxes. Respondents also had to state if they felt a need for private insurances to supplement the public welfare system. Demographic variables include respondent's

occupation, trade union affiliation, education, housing, income, marital status, spouse's occupation, income, number of children, citizenship of parents, and political preferences.

Purpose:

ISSP aims to design and implement internationally comparable attitude surveys. The study in 2000 investigating Environment.

# Data contains personal data

No

# Language

<u>Swedish</u>

Unit of analysis

# **Population** Individuals aged 17-79 years and residing in Sweden

Time Method Longitudinal: Trend/Repeated cross-section

# Sampling procedure

Probability: Simple random

# Time period(s) investigated

2001-01-01 - 2001-03-31

# Variables

130

Number of individuals/objects

1067

# Data format / data structure

Numeric

# Data collection 1

- Mode of collection: Self-administered questionnaire: paper
- Time period(s) for data collection: 1999-01 2000-03
- Data collector: Swedish Institute of Public Opinion Research
- Instrument: (Semi-structured questionnaire)
- Source of the data: Population group

# **Geographic spread**

Geographic location: Sweden

# Lowest geographic unit

A-region

**Highest geographic unit** Country

# Responsible department/unit

Department of Sociology

### **Research area**

Energy and natural resources (CESSDA Topic Classification) Environment and conservation (CESSDA Topic Classification) Social sciences (Standard för svensk indelning av forskningsämnen 2011) Sociology (Standard för svensk indelning av forskningsämnen 2011) Social welfare systems/structures (CESSDA Topic Classification)

### Keywords

Environment, Social welfare, Environmental changes, Science, Pollution, Genetic engineering, Trust, Environmental conservation, Taxation, Cors

### **Publications**

Särkimukka, J., Edlund, J., & Svallfors, S. (2001) ISSP 2000 - Åsikter om miljön. Kodbok för maskinläsbar datafil. Umeå: Department of Sociology.

# Accessibility level

Access to data through SND Data are freely accessible

### Use of data

Things to consider when using data shared through SND

### Versions

Version 1.1. 2009-08-28 Version 1.0. 2001-01-01

### Homepage

The Swedish ISSP surveys at Umeå University

### Related research data in SND's catalogue

<u>ISSP 2004 - Citizenship I: Sweden</u> <u>ISSP 1998 - Religion II: Sweden</u> <u>ISSP 2005 - Work orientations III: Sweden</u> <u>ISSP 2002 - Family and changing gender roles III: Sweden</u> ISSP 2003 - National identity II: Sweden ISSP 1994 - Family and changing gender roles II: Sweden ISSP 1995 - National identity I: Sweden ISSP 1997 - Work orientations II: Sweden ISSP 1999 - Social inequality III: Sweden ISSP 1996 - Role of government III: Sweden ISSP 2006 - Role of government IV: Sweden ISSP 2007 - Leisure time and Sports I: Sweden ISSP 2008 - Religion III: Sweden ISSP 2009 - Social inequality IV: Sweden ISSP 2010 - Environment III: Sweden ISSP 2011 - Health ISSP 2012 - Family, Work and Gender Roles IV ISSP 2013 National identity III: Sweden ISSP 2014 - Citizenship II: Sweden - ISSP 2014 Citizenship II: Sweden ISSP 2015 - Work orientations IV: Sweden ISSP 2016 - Role of government V: Sweden ISSP 2017 - Social Networks and Social Resources

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