

Media barometer 1997

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Is part of collection at SND: [Media barometer](#)

Associated documentation

0725.html (172.13 KB)

0725q.pdf (560.58 KB)

Citation

(2000) Media barometer 1997 (Version 1.0) [Data set]. University of Gothenburg. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.5878/000871>

Creator/Principal investigator(s)

University of Gothenburg, Nordicom - Nordic Information Centre for Media and Communication Research

Research principal

[University of Gothenburg](#) - Nordicom - Nordic Information Centre for Media and Communication Research

Description

The first Media Barometer was conducted in 1979 and since then the survey has been carried out annually. The purpose is to explore how the Swedish population is using different media during an average day. In 1997 the respondents were asked about their usage of different media equipment such as television, text-television, radio, video recorder, CD-player/record player, and tape recorder, the day before the interview. Respondents using any of these equipments were asked about time spent using the equipment. For equipment not used the day before the respondents were asked when it was last used. Television watchers and radio listeners were asked about which channels they had watched/listened to. Video watchers were asked if they watched a recorded program, a rented movie or a movie they had bought. All respondents were asked if they had been reading any of the following the day before: morning paper, evening paper, weekly magazine, comics or any other magazine, or book. If so, they were asked how many and for how long period. Book readers were also asked what kind of literature they were reading and paper and magazine readers were asked about what kind of paper/magazine they read. Those respondents who answered that they did not read any paper, magazine or book the day before were asked when they last did so. The survey also includes detailed information on at what time the day before the respondent spent time reading morning paper, evening paper, listening to the radio or watching television. There is also more detailed information on which news magazines the respondent watched. The respondents also had to state what kind of advertisements they had been reading/looking to during the last week. A number of questions dealt with computer usage at home, and the usage of Internet. Background variables includes information on age, gender, education, occupation, and household composition.

Purpose:

Describe the trends and changes in people's use of mass media.

Data contains personal data

No

Language

[Swedish](#)

Unit of analysis

[Individual](#)

Population

Individuals aged 9-79 years

Time Method

[Longitudinal: Trend/Repeated cross-section](#)

Sampling procedure

[Probability: Simple random](#)

Totalt urval från DAFA/Spar omfattande 4200 personer. Icke använt överurval exkluderas från detta samt naturligt bortfall bestående av sjuka, ej kommunicerbara, ej svensktalande, utlandsboende och långvarigt bortresta varefter det egentliga urvalet uppgick till 3050 personer.

Time period(s) investigated

1997-01-31 – 1997-12-10

Variables

304

Number of individuals/objects

2230

Data format / data structure

[Numeric](#)

Data collection 1

- Mode of collection: Telephone interview
- Time period(s) for data collection: 1997-01-31 – 1997-12-10
- Data collector: Svenska Gallupinstitutet AB
- Source of the data: Population group

Geographic spread

Geographic location: [Sweden](#)

Responsible department/unit

Nordicom - Nordic Information Centre for Media and Communication Research

Research area

[Social sciences](#) (Standard för svensk indelning av forskningsämnen 2011)

[Media studies](#) (Standard för svensk indelning av forskningsämnen 2011)

[Information society](#) (CESSDA Topic Classification)

[Media](#) (CESSDA Topic Classification)

Keywords

[Newspaper readership](#), [Periodicals readership](#), [Listening to music](#), [Book use](#), [Local broadcasting](#), [Radio stations](#), [Satellite television](#), [Television channels](#), [Television news](#), [Advertising](#), [Internet](#), [Internet access](#), [Electronic mail](#), [Audio and video equipment](#), [Information retrieval](#), [Teletext](#), [Access to information and communications technology](#), [Computers](#), [Households](#), [Radio listening](#), [Reading \(activity\)](#)

Publications

Nordicom (1998) Nordicom-Sveriges Mediebarometer 1997. MedieNotiser, Nr. 1, 1998. Göteborg: Nordicom.

Accessibility level

Access to data through SND
Access to data is restricted

Use of data

[Things to consider when using data shared through SND](#)

Versions

Version 1.0. 2000-01-01

Related research data in SND's catalogue

[Media barometer 2002](#)

[Media barometer 2001](#)

[Media barometer 2003](#)

[Media barometer 2004](#)

[Media barometer 1983](#)

[Media barometer 1984](#)

[Media barometer 1985/1986](#)

[Media barometer 1986/1987](#)

[Media barometer 1987 - autumn](#)

[Media barometer 1988](#)

[Media barometer 1989](#)

[Media barometer 1990](#)

[Media barometer 1991](#)

[Media barometer 1992](#)

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