# Prehospital dyspnoea

**SND-ID**: 2023-94-1.

#### **Associated documentation**

Dataformulär (Dyspné).pdf (228.17 KB)

#### Citation

Kauppi, W Prehospital dyspnoea [Data set]. University of Borås. Retrieved from urn:nbn:se:hb:diva-30670

# **Creator/Principal investigator(s)**

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# Research principal

University of Borås - PreHospen, Centre for prehospital research

# **Description**

Observational study, which was based on retrospective journal review. The samples consisted of all ambulance missions (n=7260) that were classified as ESS 04 (dyspnoea as the main symptom) by ambulance clinicians during the year 2017 in two areas in southwestern Sweden, which included 16 ambulance stations. After a manual review of ambulance records and hospital records, 908 patients were excluded (reason: age < 16 years, missing social security number, ambulance transports to hospitals outside included areas, duplicate ambulance records, insufficient documentation, incorrect ESS code and secondary transports). This meant that 6354 patients were finally included.

# **Data contains personal data**

Yes

#### Sensitive personal data

Yes

# Type of personal data

Information on health status, personal identity number, ambulance mission id

# Language

Swedish

#### **Unit of analysis**

Individual/Patient

#### **Population**

Patients with dyspnoea as the main symptom within ambulance care.

# Study design

Observational study

Cohort study: Retrospective

# **Description of study design**

Retrospective observational study

# Sampling procedure

# Total universe/Complete enumeration

Journal review of ambulance and hospital records. A total of 7,260 ambulance missions, of which 6,354 met the inclusion and exclusion criteria, including those assessed to have breathing difficulties as the main symptom by ambulance personnel and all primary ambulance missions between January 1 and December 31, 2017.

#### Criteria in detail:

1) a primary mission in which a patient (or e.g. a family member that represents the patient) calls the dispatch centre, an ambulance is dispatched and 2) the assignment of an ESS code of 04 (dyspnoea) is made by the PEN.

The exclusion criteria were as follows:

1) lack of a personal identity number, 2) transportation to hospitals outside the research area, 3) age < 16 years, 4) duplicate EMS records, 5) missing record or lack of information, 6) incorrect triage (ESS), and 7) secondary transport use.

# Time period(s) investigated

2017-01-01 - 2017-12-31

#### **Variables**

85

# Number of individuals/objects

7260

#### Data format / data structure

Numeric

**Text** 

# Data collection 1

- Mode of collection: Observation
- Description of the mode of collection: Observation of medical patient journals
- Time period(s) for data collection: 2017-01-01 2017-12-31
- Data collector: University of Borås
- Instrument: Observation guide form for data entry (Data collection guidelines: Observation guide)
- Sample size: 7260
- Source of the data: Registers/Records/Accounts

# **Geographic spread**

Geographic location: <u>Sweden</u>

# Responsible department/unit

PreHospen, Centre for prehospital research

#### **Ethics Review**

Gothenburg - Ref. 989-17

#### Research area

<u>Other clinical medicine</u> (Standard för svensk indelning av forskningsämnen 2011) <u>Signs and symptoms; pathological conditions</u> (CESSDA Topic Classification)

# **Keywords**

<u>Dyspnea</u>, <u>Ambulance services</u>, <u>Ambulances</u>, <u>Emergency medical services</u>, <u>Dyspnoea</u>, <u>Prehospital</u> <u>emergency care</u>, <u>Prehospital</u>, <u>Dyspnoea</u>, <u>Breathing difficulties</u>, <u>Ambulance</u>

#### **Publications**

Kauppi, W., Herlitz, J., Magnusson, C., Palmér, L., & Axelsson, C. (2020). Characteristics and outcomes of patients with dyspnoea as the main symptom, assessed by prehospital emergency nurses - a retrospective observational study. In BMC Emergency Medicine (Vol. 20, Issue 1, 67).

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SwePub: <a href="mailto:oai:gup.ub.gu.se/297058">oai:gup.ub.gu.se/297058</a>

Kauppi, W., Herlitz, J., Thomas, K., Magnusson, C., Palmér, L., & Axelsson, C. (2020). Pre-hospital predictors of an adverse outcome among patients with dyspnoea as the main symptom assessed by prehospital emergency nurses - a retrospective observational study. In BMC Emergency Medicine (Vol. 20, Issue 1, 89).

**DOI:** https://doi.org/10.1186/s12873-020-00384-1

URN: urn:nbn:se:hb:diva-24030 SwePub: oai:DiVA.org:hb-24030

Kauppi, W. (2022). Kampen mot det okontrollerbara vid existensens gräns: Patienten med andnöd i behov av ambulanssjukvård. (Skrifter från Högskolan i Borås, 127). Borås, Högskolan i Borås.

**ISBN:** 9789189271609

URN: urn:nbn:se:hb:diva-27589 SwePub: oai:DiVA.org:hb-27589

### **Accessibility level**

Access to data through an external actor Access to data is restricted

#### License

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### Contact for questions about the data

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**DDI 2.5** 

**DDI 3.3** 

DCAT-AP-SE 2.0

JSON-LD

<u>PDF</u>

Citation (CSL)